

**Critical Phenomena**

---

- 1 -

1) Renormalize the effective potential in three dimensions! The Hamiltonian is given by:

$$H[M] = \int d^3x \left( \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu M(x))^2 + \frac{1}{2} r_0 M(x)^2 + \frac{1}{4!} u_0 M(x)^4 + B(x) M(x) \right) \quad (1)$$

The renormalised, finite mass parameter is defined as

$$r = \left. \frac{\partial^2 \Gamma[M]}{\partial M^2} \right|_{M=0} \quad (2)$$

Show that

$$r = r_0 + \frac{u_0}{2} \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{p^2 + r_0} + \text{higher order terms} \quad (3)$$

What does this imply for  $r_0$ ? What does change in 4d? (Bonus question: Compute the renormalized masses & couplings!)