

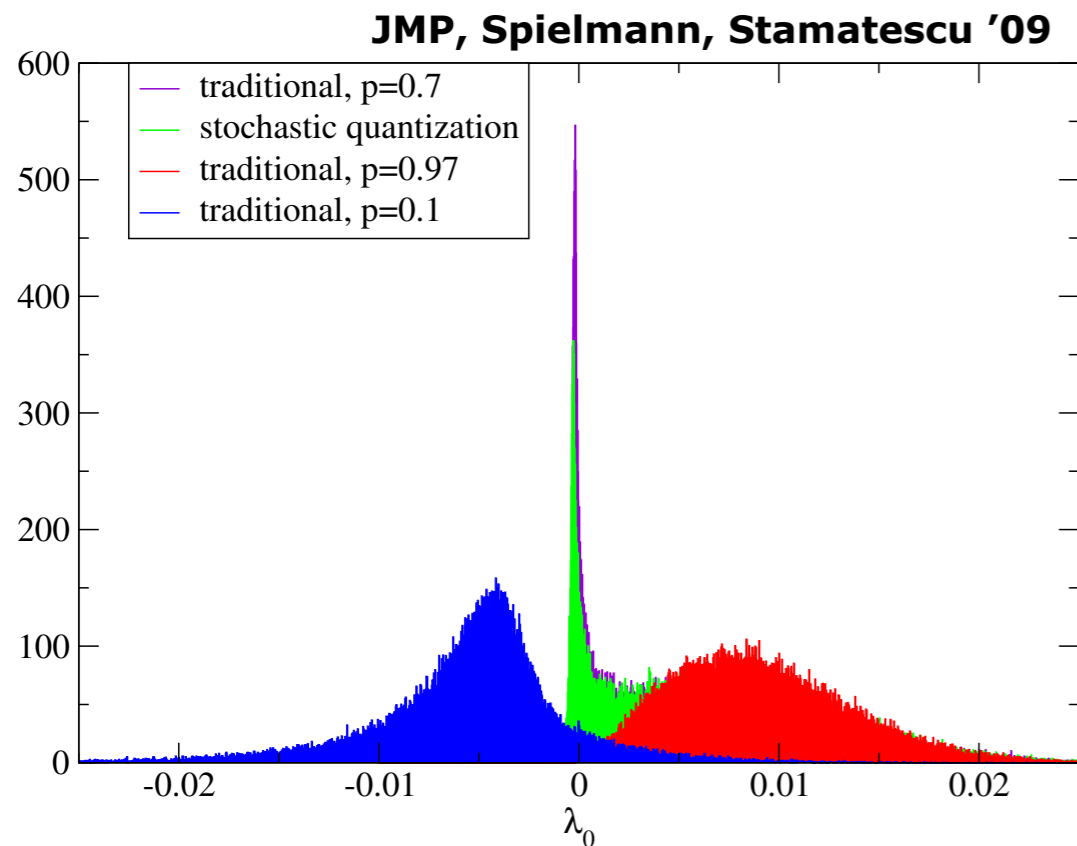
Stochastic quantisation of the Thirring model and the sign problem

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Universität Heidelberg & ExtreMe Matter Institute

Regensburg, September 21th 2012



A laboratory for Langevin evolution



Gribov problem/Neuberger problem

QCD @ finite density

Dynamics

Work with I.O. Stamatescu, C. Zielinski



thanx to

G. Aarts, C. Gattringer, S. Hands, V. Kasper, D. Sexty, E. Seiler

for discussions

Outline

- **Thirring model & stochastic quantisation**
- **Results**
- **Reparameterisations**
- **Outlook**

Thirring model & stochastic quantisation

see also talks of G. Aarts
E. Seiler
I.O. Stamatescu

Thirring model

Continuum version

Action

$$S[\psi, \bar{\psi}] = \int_x \bar{\psi}_f (\not{p} + m_f + \mu_f \gamma_0) \psi_f + \frac{g^2}{2N_f} \int_x (\bar{\psi}_f \gamma_\nu \psi_f)^2$$

$$f = 1, \dots, N_f$$

Bosonised generating functional

$$Z = \int dA e^{-S_{\text{eff}}}$$

with

$$S_{\text{eff}} = N_f \beta \int_x A_\nu^2 - \sum_f \text{Tr} \log K_f$$

$$K_f = \not{p} + i\not{A} + m_f + \mu_f \gamma_0$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{g^2}$$

$$\det K_f(\mu) = [\det K_f(-\mu^*)]^*$$

Thirring model

lattice version & Langevin equation

Staggered fermion matrix

$$K_f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\nu=0}^{d-1} \varepsilon_\nu(x) \left[(1 + iA_\nu(x)) e^{\mu_f \delta_{\nu 0}} \delta_{x+\hat{\nu}, y} - (1 - iA_\nu(y)) e^{-\mu_f \delta_{\nu 0}} \delta_{x-\hat{\nu}, y} \right] + m_f \delta_{xy}$$

$$\varepsilon_\nu(x) = (-1)^{\sum_{i=0}^{\nu-1} x_i}$$

Langevin equation (continuum)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \Theta} A_\nu(x, \Theta) = - \frac{\delta S_{\text{eff}}[A]}{\delta A_\nu(x, \Theta)} + \sqrt{2} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta)$$

Gaussian noise

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \rangle &= 0 \\ \langle \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle &= \delta_{\nu\sigma} \delta(x - x') \delta(\Theta - \Theta') \end{aligned}$$

Thirring model

lattice version & Langevin equation

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complex noise

$$\langle \text{Re} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \text{Re} \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle = \langle \text{Im} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \text{Im} \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle = \delta_{\nu\sigma} \delta(x - x') \delta(\Theta - \Theta')$$

$$\langle \text{Re} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \text{Im} \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle = 0$$

Thirring model

lattice version & Langevin equation

Staggered fermion matrix

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$$\varepsilon_\nu(x) = (-1)^{\sum_{i=0}^{\nu-1} x_i}$$

Langevin equation (lattice)

$$A_\nu(x, \Theta + \epsilon_L) = A_\nu(x, \Theta) + \epsilon_L D_\nu(x, \Theta) + \sqrt{2\epsilon_L} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta)$$

$$\epsilon_L = \frac{\delta}{\max_{x, \nu} |D_\nu(x, \Theta)|}$$

complex noise

$$\langle \text{Re} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \text{Re} \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle = \langle \text{Im} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \text{Im} \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle = \delta_{\nu\sigma} \delta(x - x') \delta(\Theta - \Theta')$$

$$\langle \text{Re} \eta_\nu(x, \Theta) \text{Im} \eta_\sigma(x', \Theta') \rangle = 0$$

Thirring model

Benchmarks

- **Hopping parameter expansion** $\kappa = \frac{1}{2m}$

$$\frac{\det K}{m^\Omega} = \prod_{\ell} \prod_{\{C_{\ell}\}} (1 - \kappa^{\ell} \gamma_{C_{\ell}} \mathbf{P}_{C_{\ell}})$$

$$\gamma_{C_{\ell}} = (-)^{n_{C_{\ell}}} e^{\mu N_t n_{C_{\ell}}}$$

- **Heavy dense limit (symmetrised)**

$$\kappa \rightarrow 0 \quad \mu \rightarrow \infty \quad \kappa e^{\mu} \text{ fixed}$$

- **Phase-quenched theory**

- **Analytic solutions (0+1 dimensions)**

Thirring model

Numerics

- **Hot start**
- **Thermalisation steps (~ 5000)**
- **Sampling ($\sim 10^4$)**
- **Error: bootstrap**

- **MC: brute force computation of the integrals**
limited to small lattices

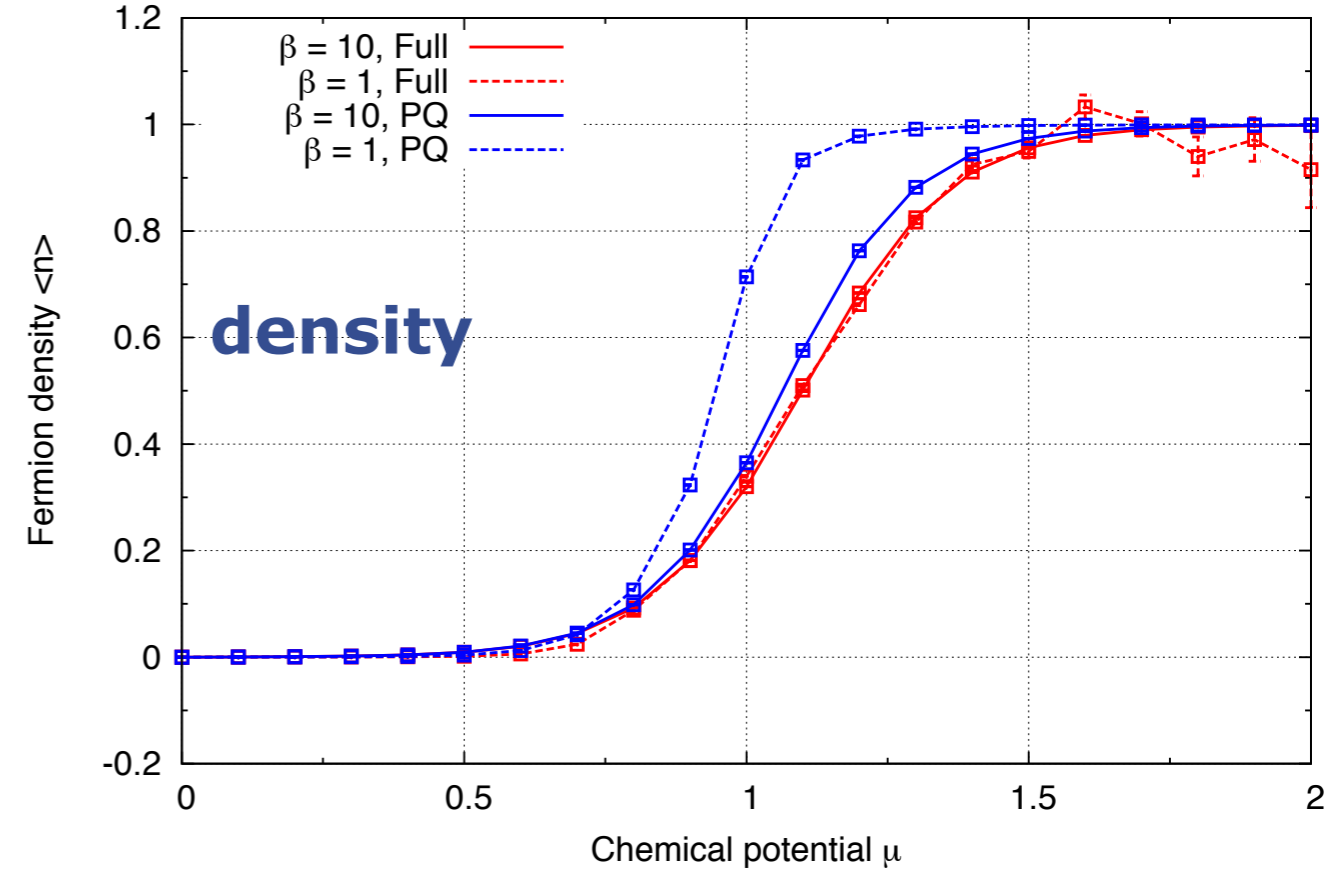
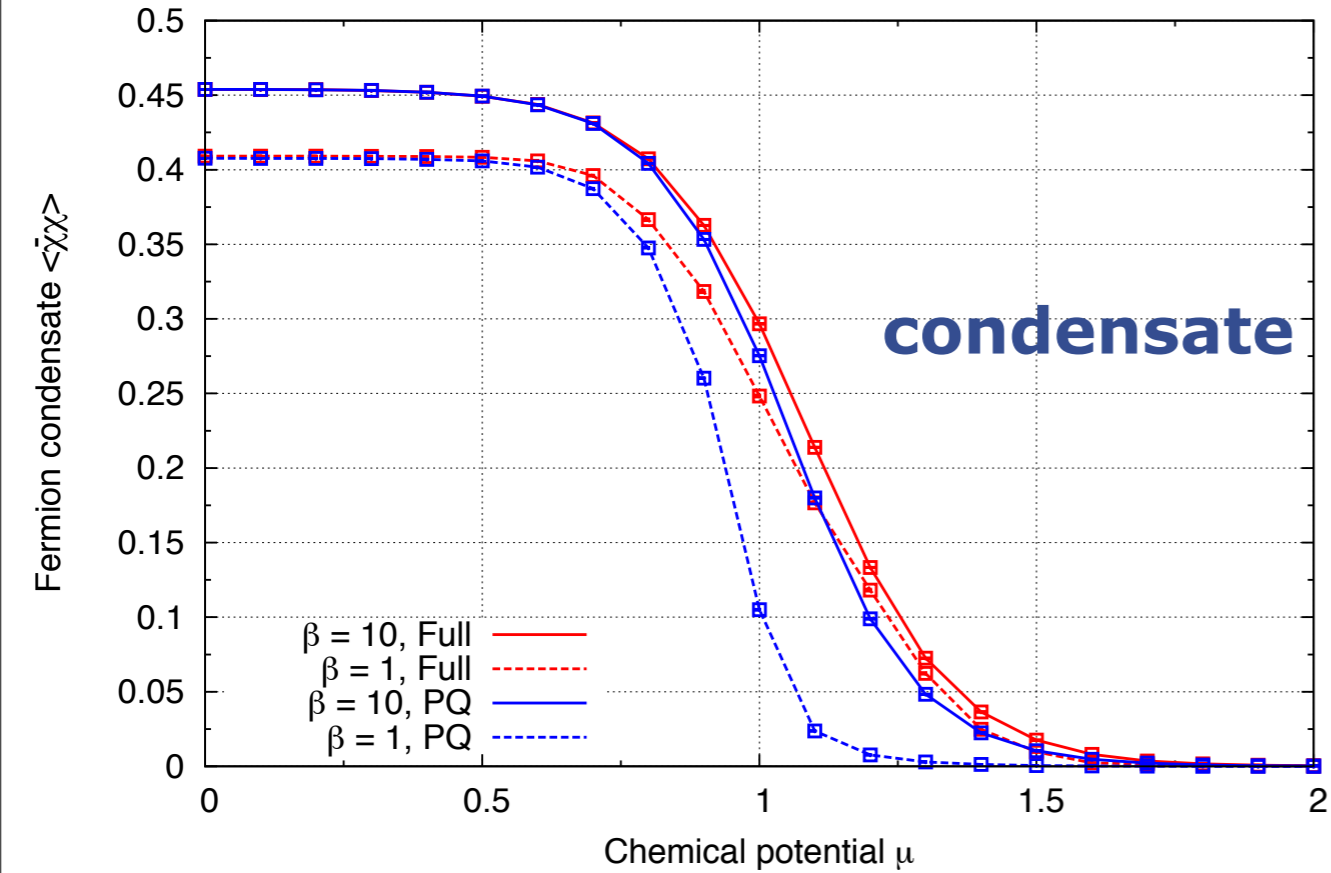
Results

Thirring model

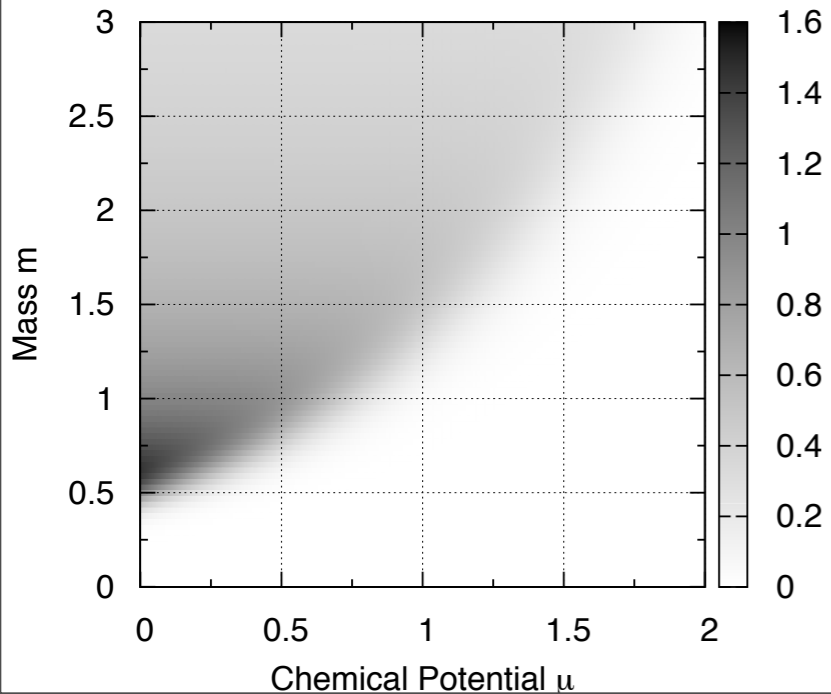
phase structure

2 + 1 dimensions - Full vs. phase-quenched theory - $m = 1, N_t = 8, N_s = 8$

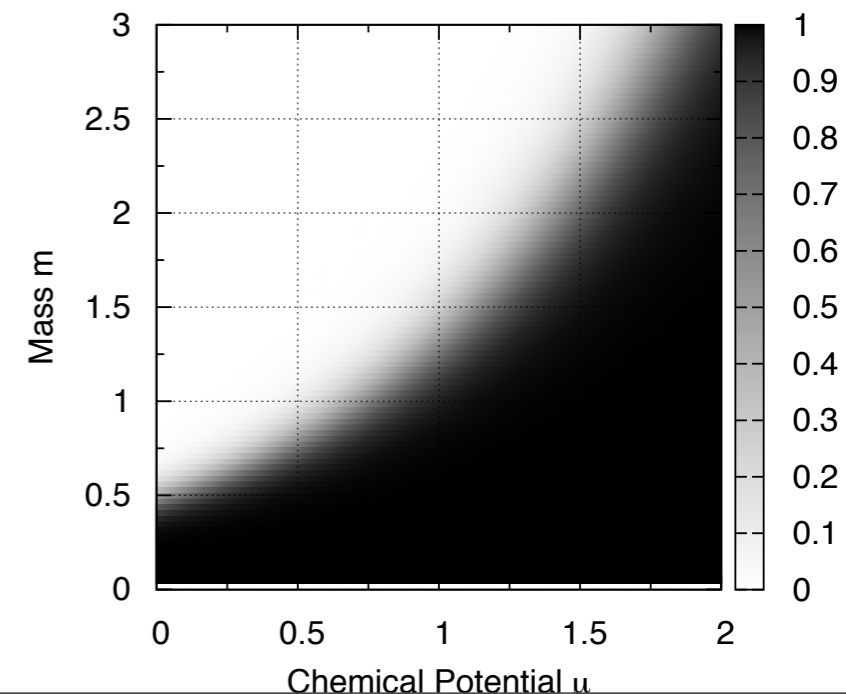
2 + 1 dimensions - Full vs. phase-quenched theory - $m = 1, N_t = 8, N_s = 8$



2 + 1 dimensions - Condensate $\langle \bar{\chi}\chi \rangle$ - $N_t = 10$

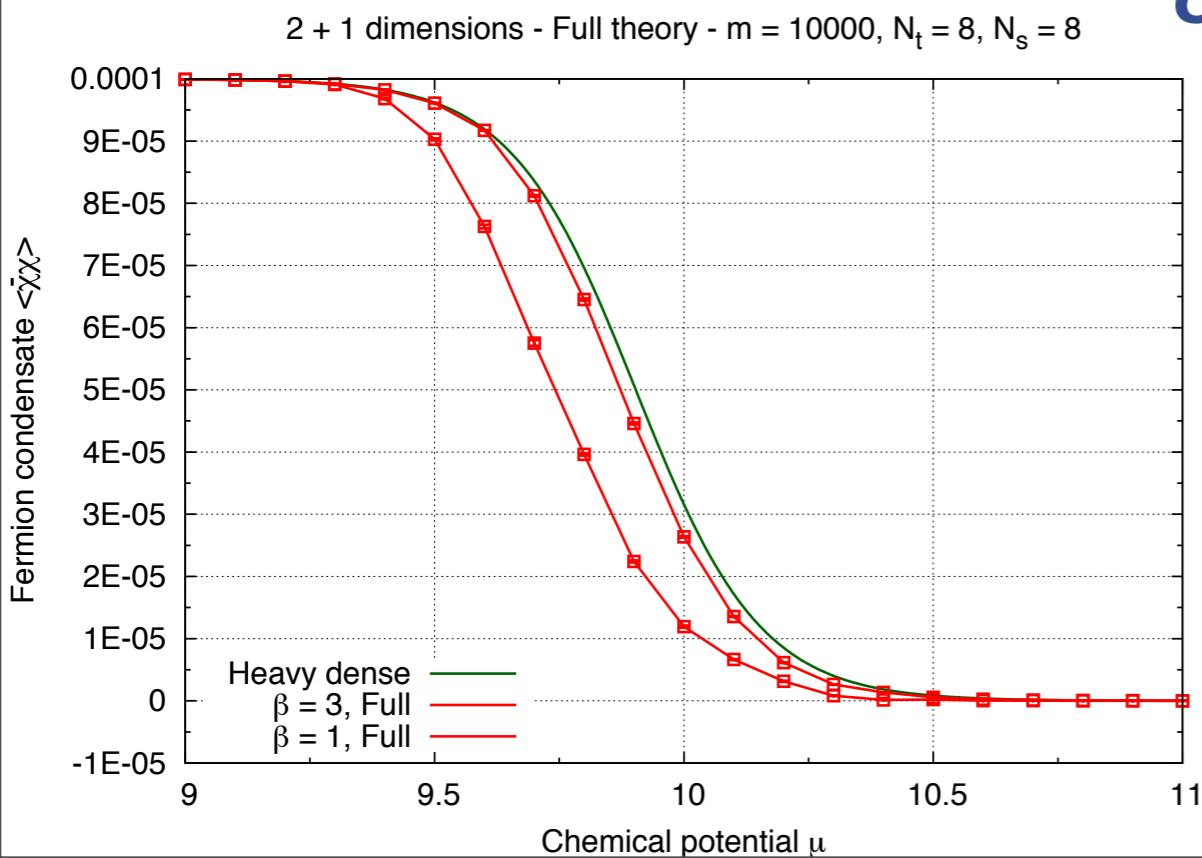
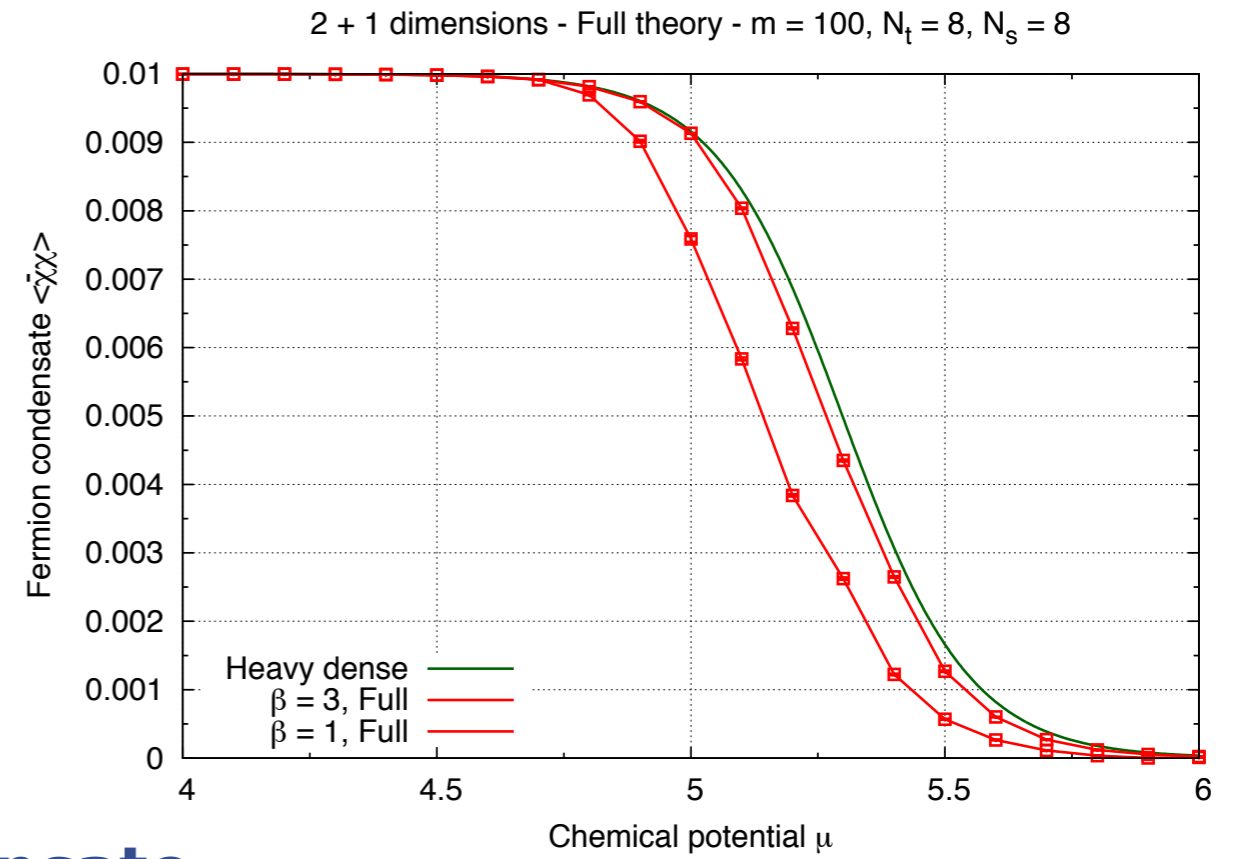
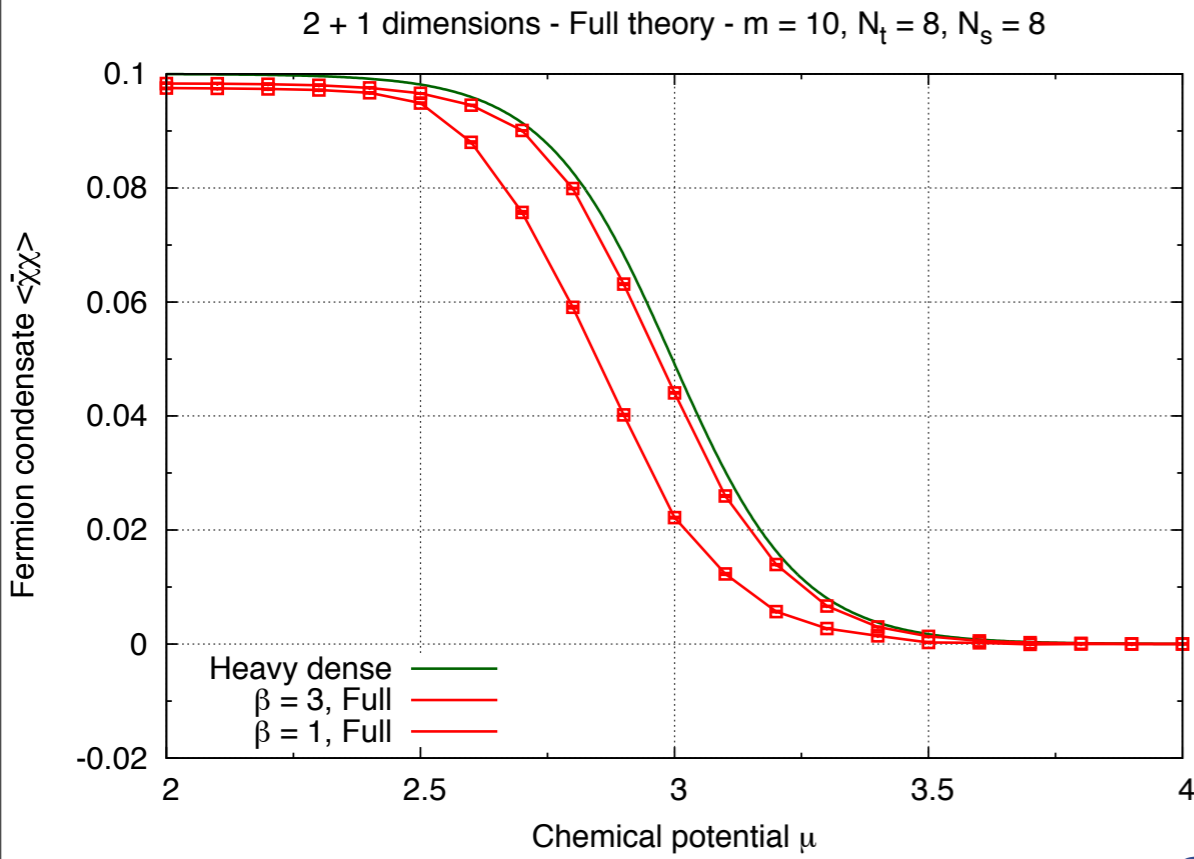


2 + 1 dimensions - Density $\langle n \rangle$ - $N_t = 10$

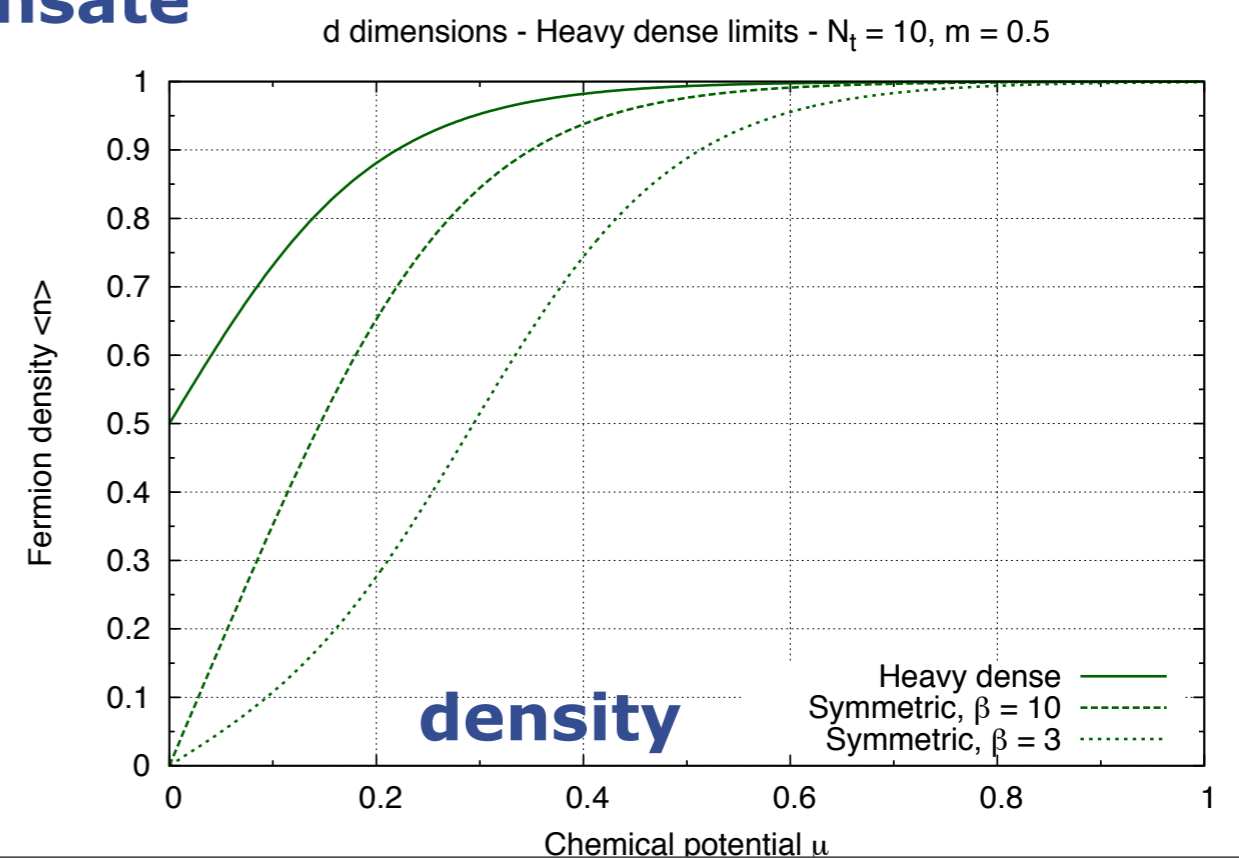


Thirring model

full theory vs heavy dense limit



condensate

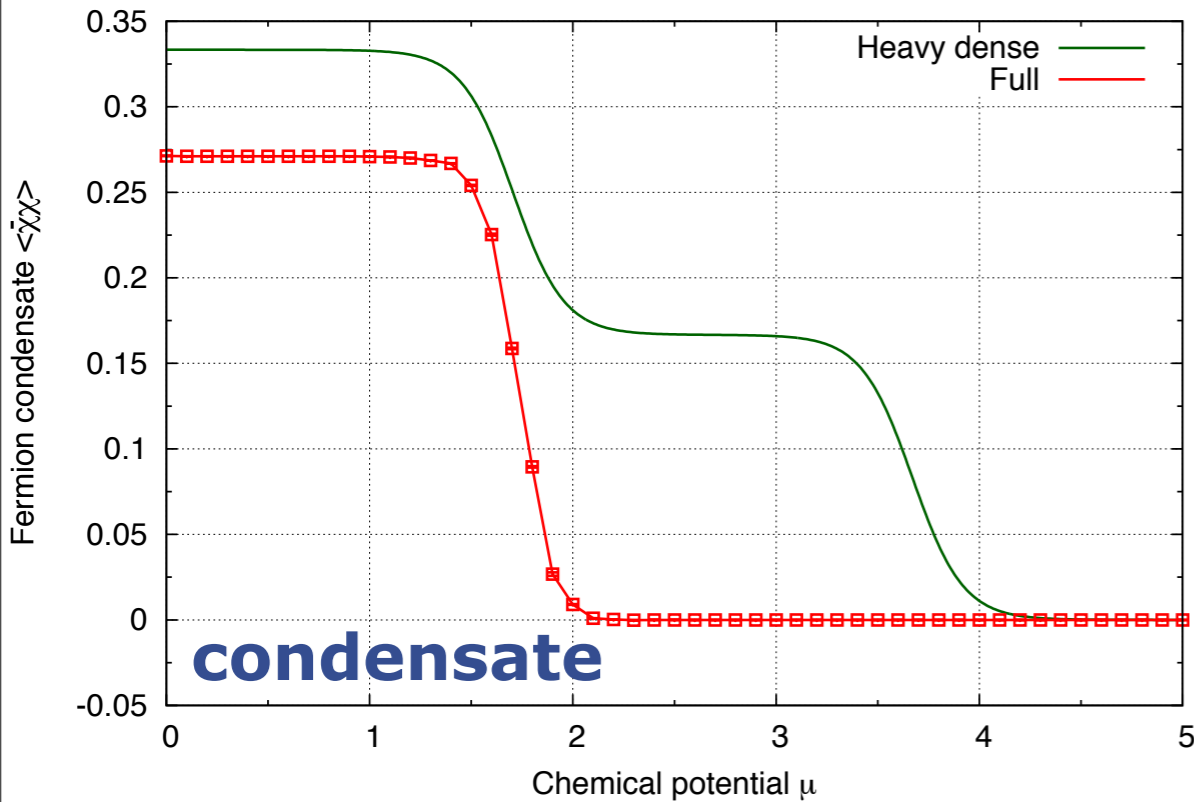


density

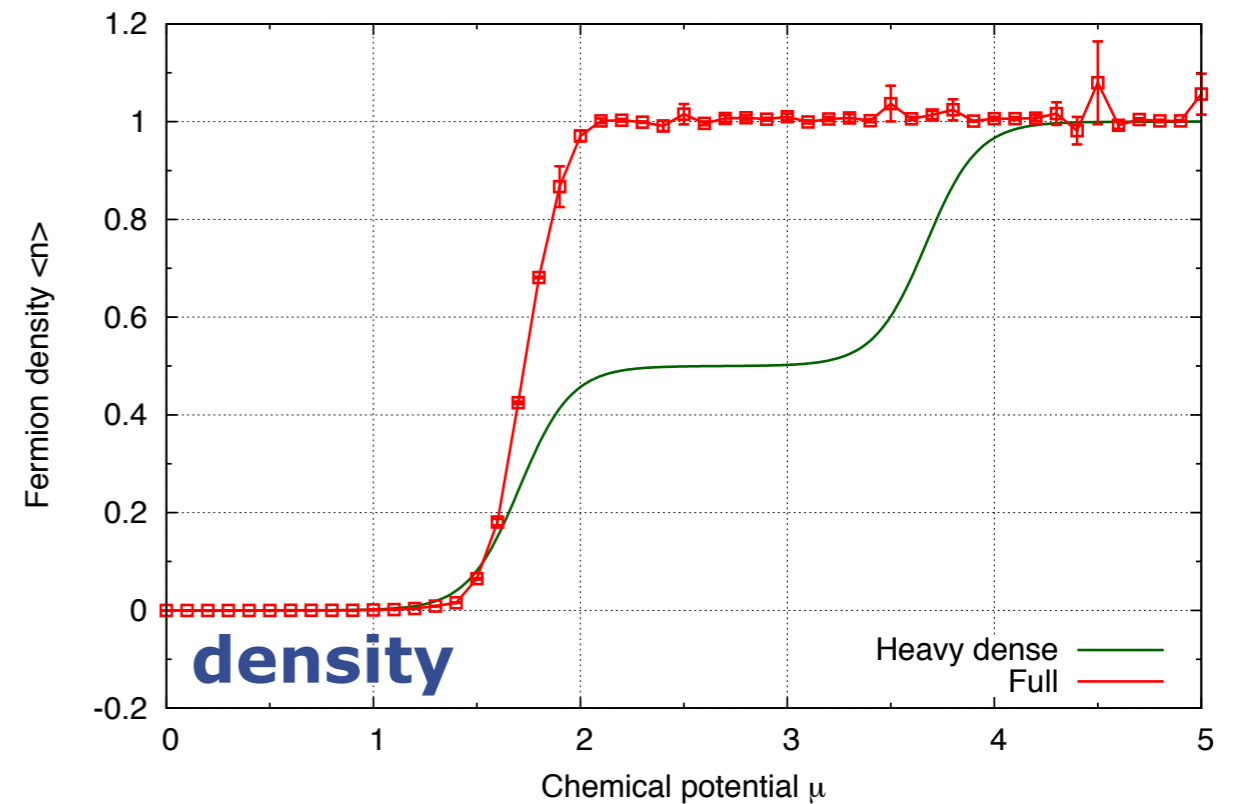
Thirring model

2 flavours

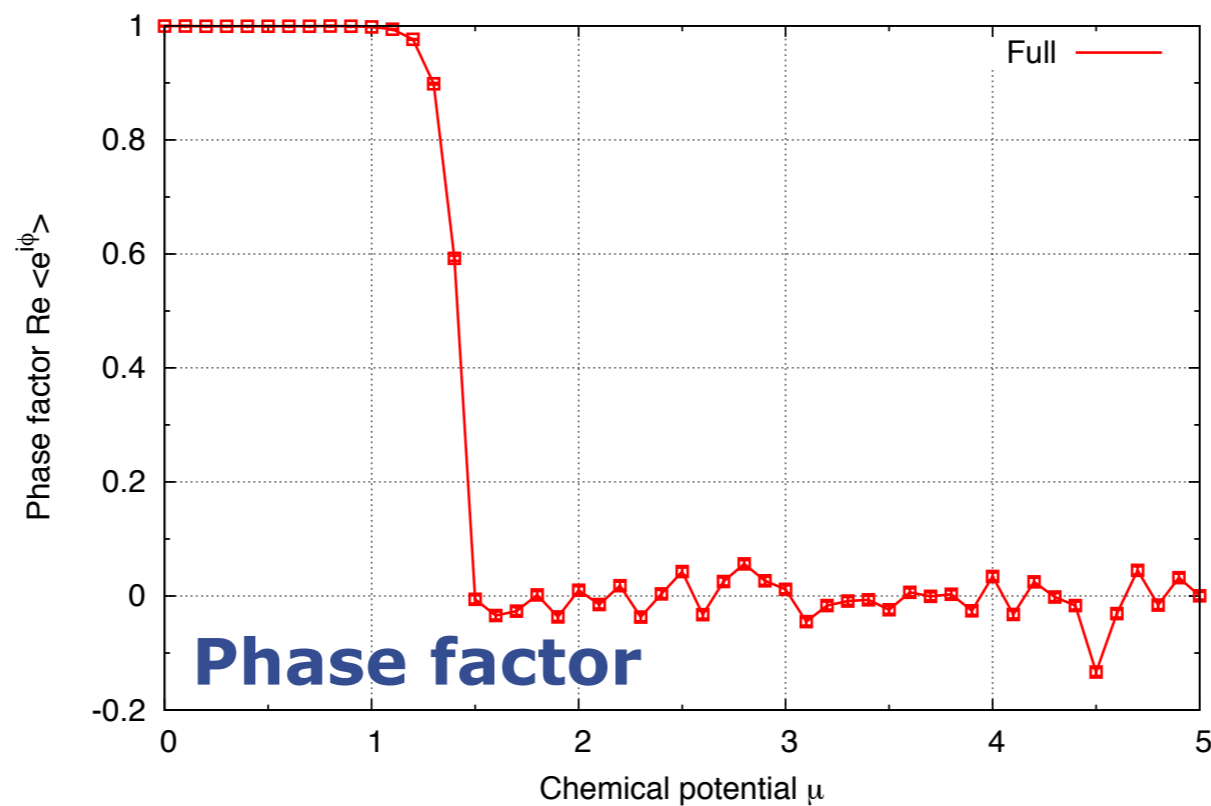
2 + 1 dimensions - $N_f = 2$, $\beta = 0.6$, $m = 3$, $N_t = 8$, $N_s = 8$



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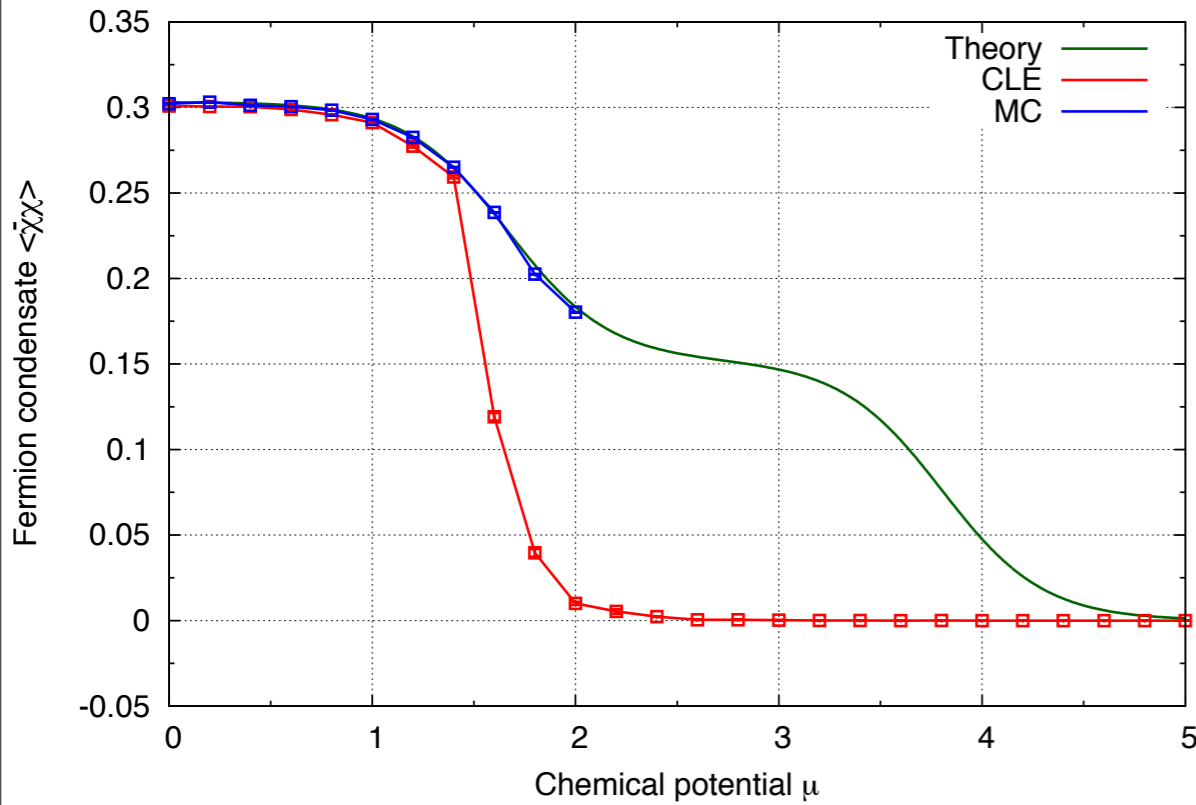


2 flavours

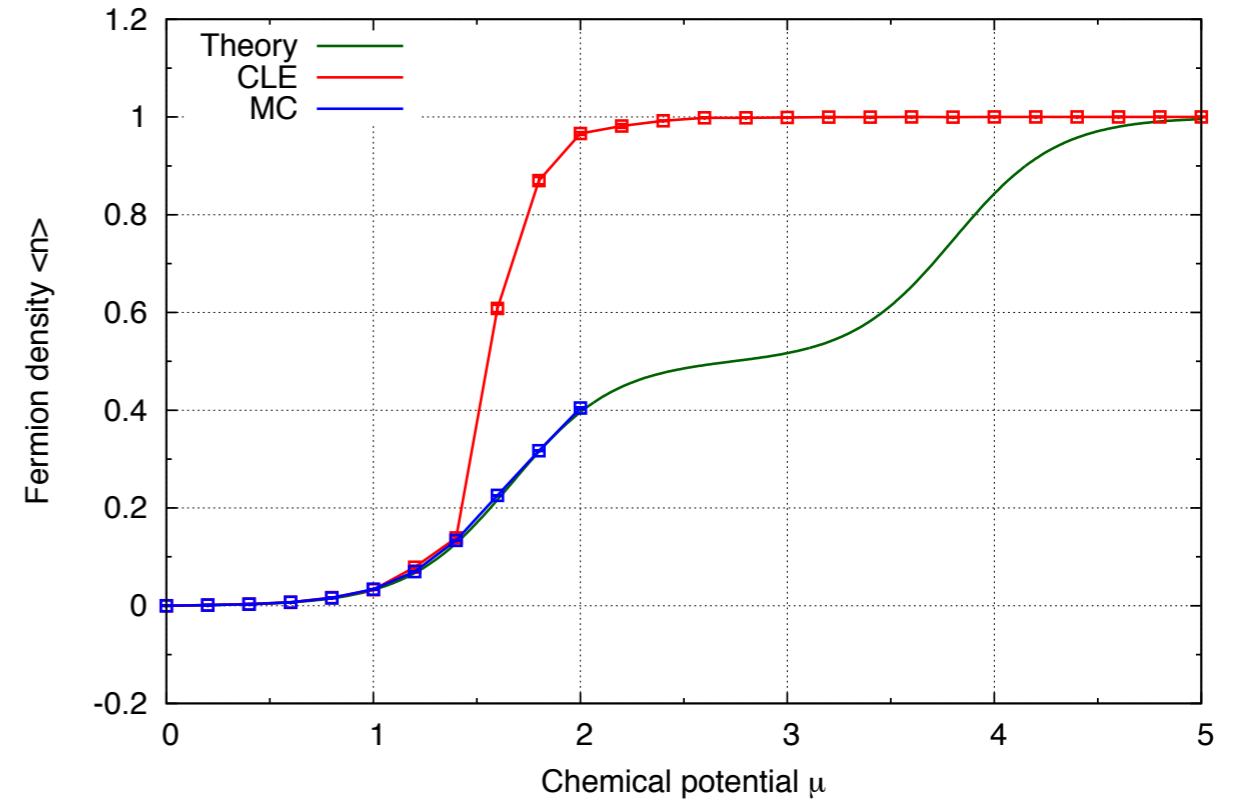
Thirring model

2 flavours, 0+1 dimensions

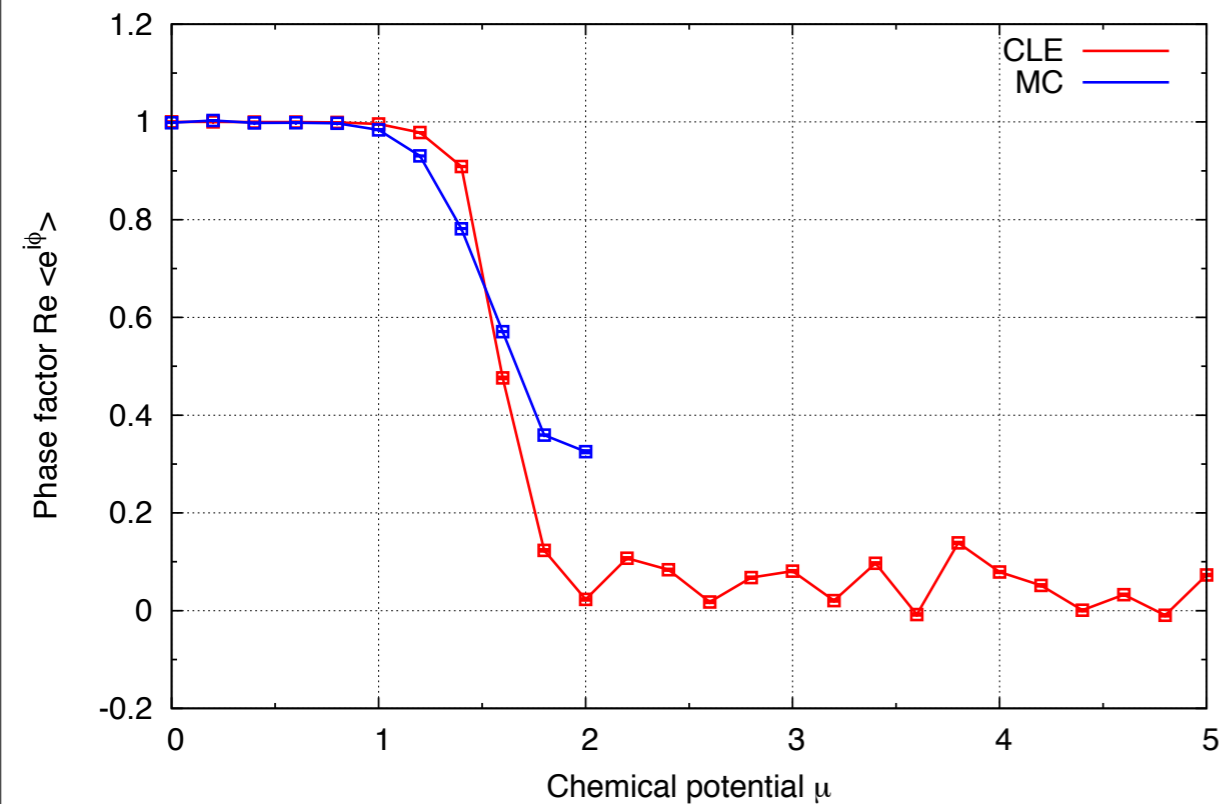
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $N_f = 2$, $\beta = 0.6$, $m = 3$, $N_t = 4$



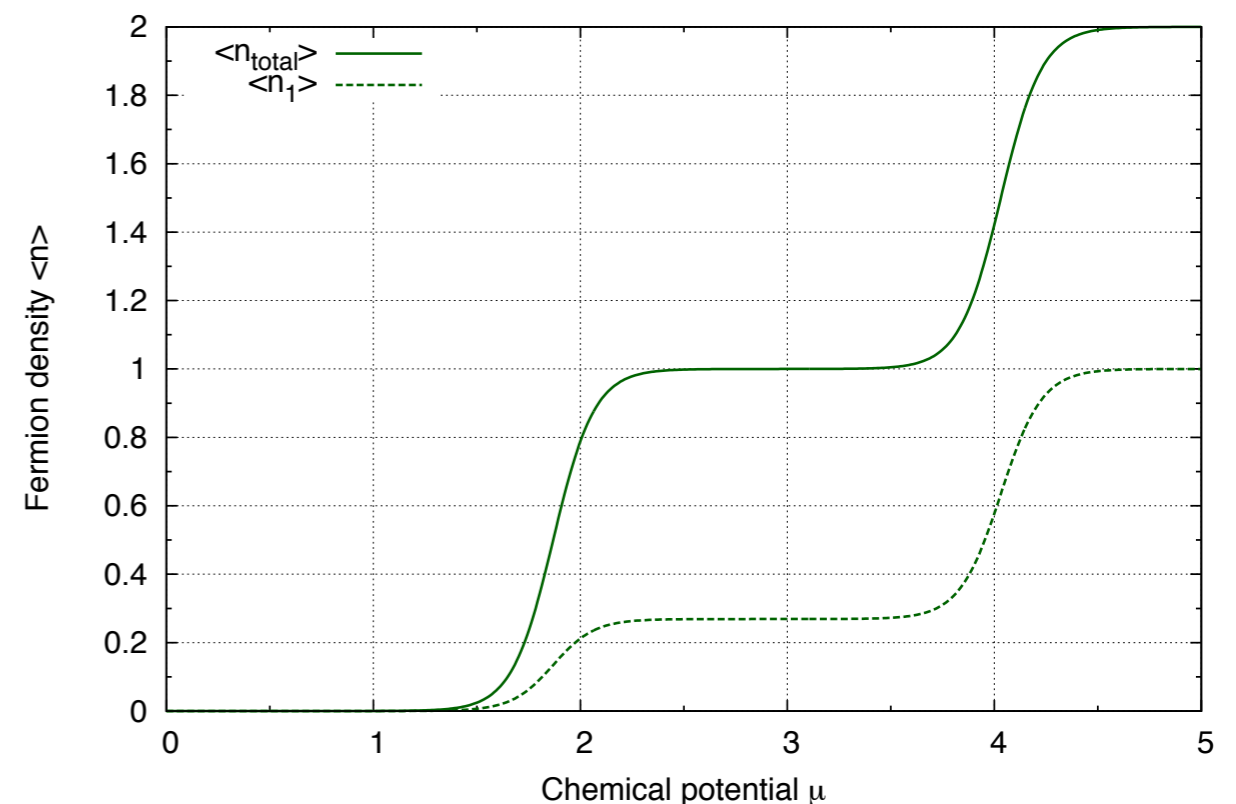
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $N_f = 2$, $\beta = 0.6$, $m = 3$, $N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $N_f = 2$, $\beta = 0.6$, $m = 3$, $N_t = 4$

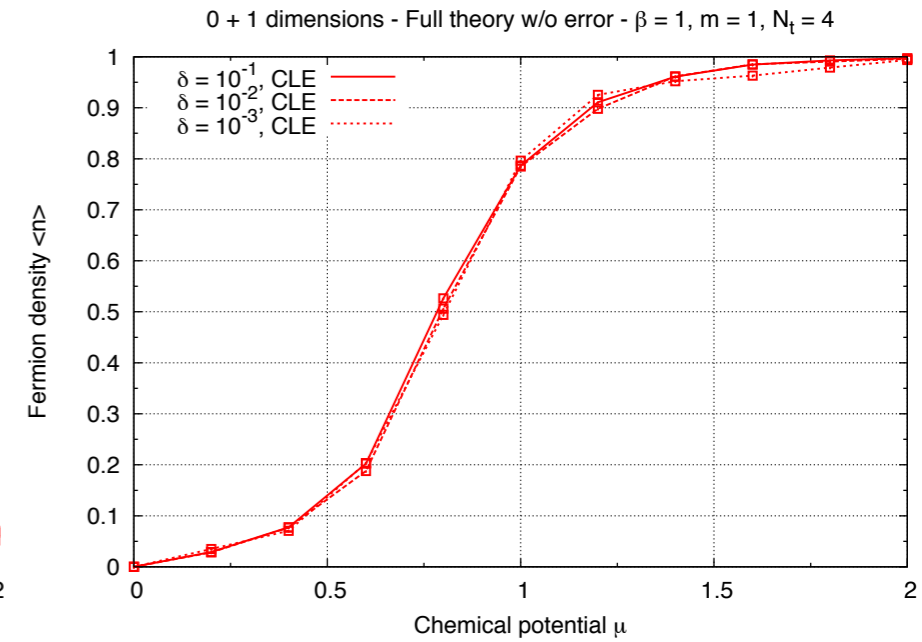
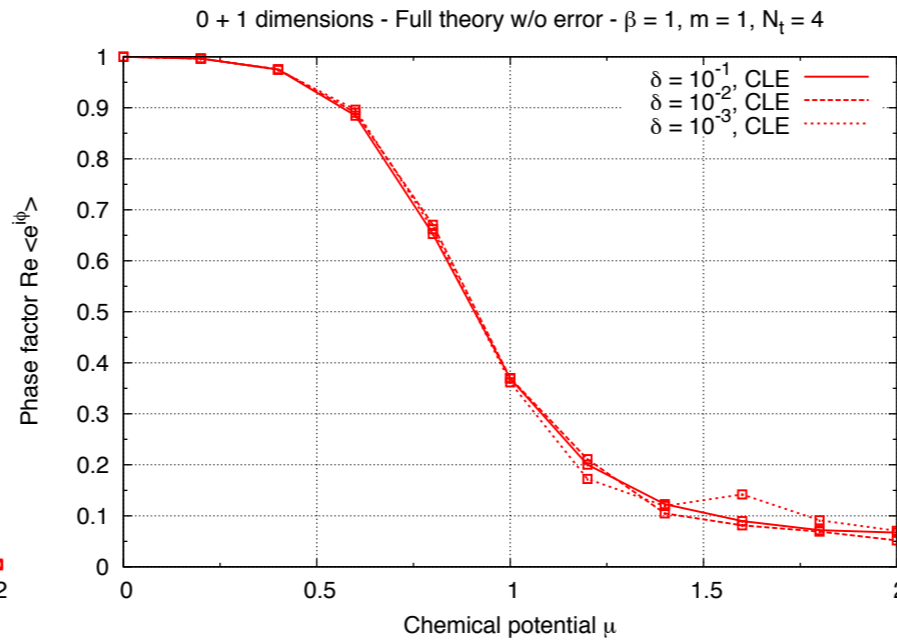
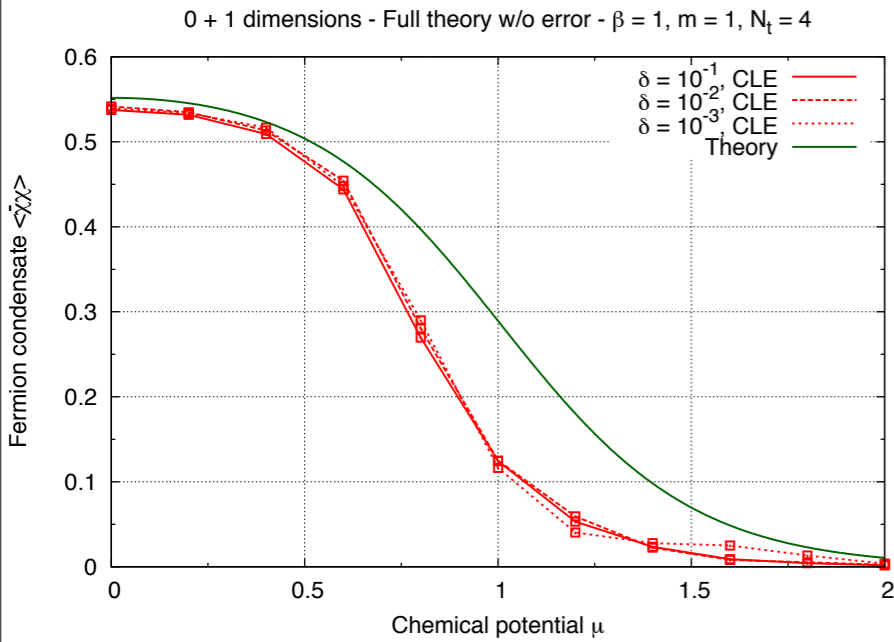


Toy model - $\beta = 10$, $g = 1$, $m_1 = 1.0$, $m_2 = 0.9$

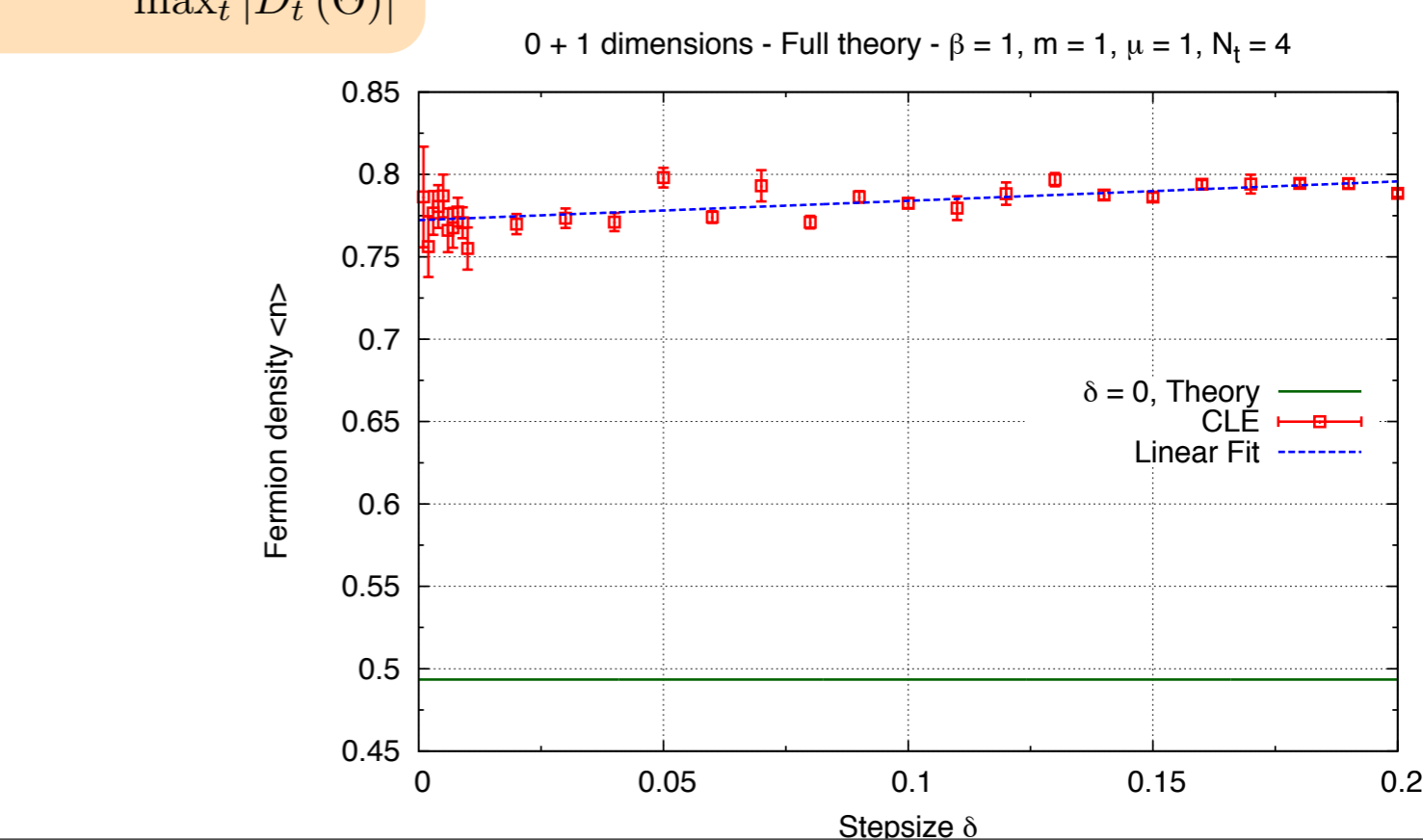
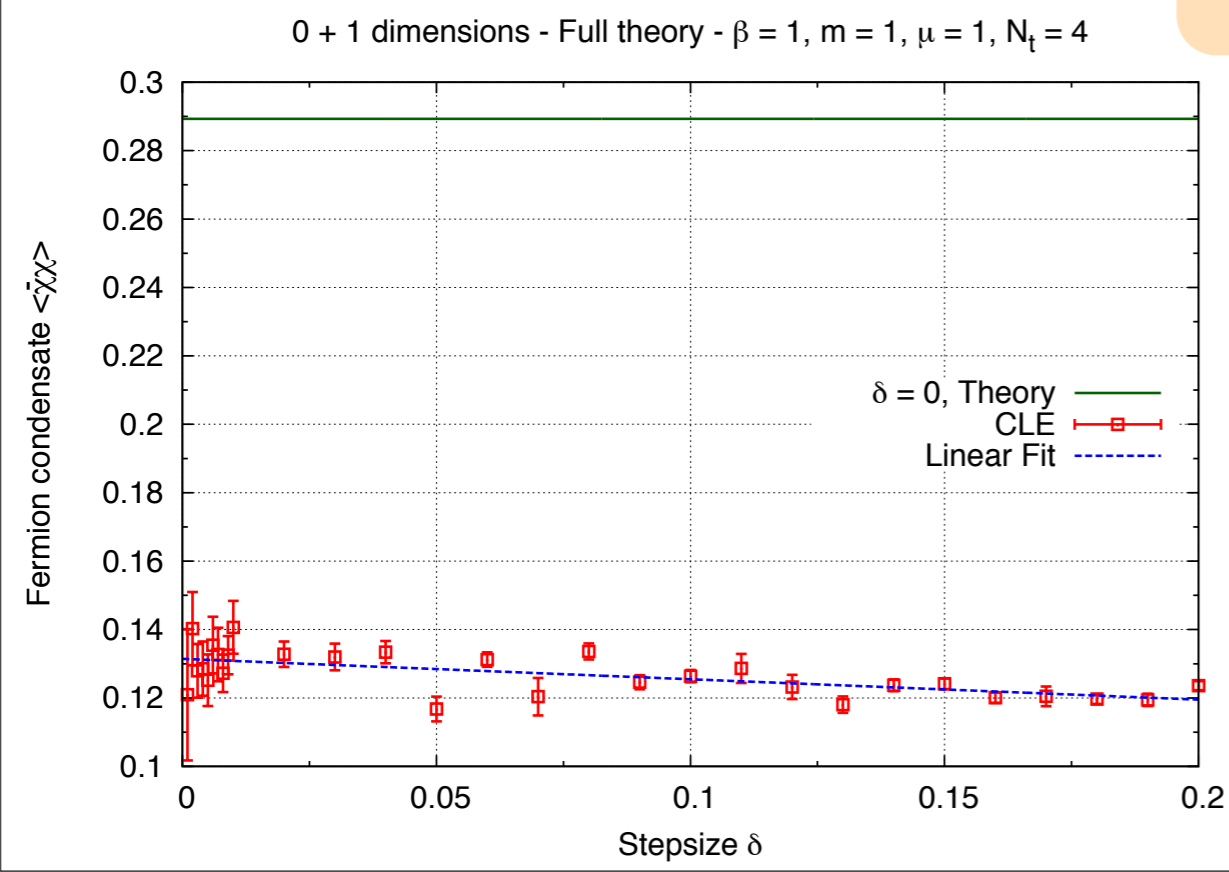


Thirring model

step size, 0+1 dimensions



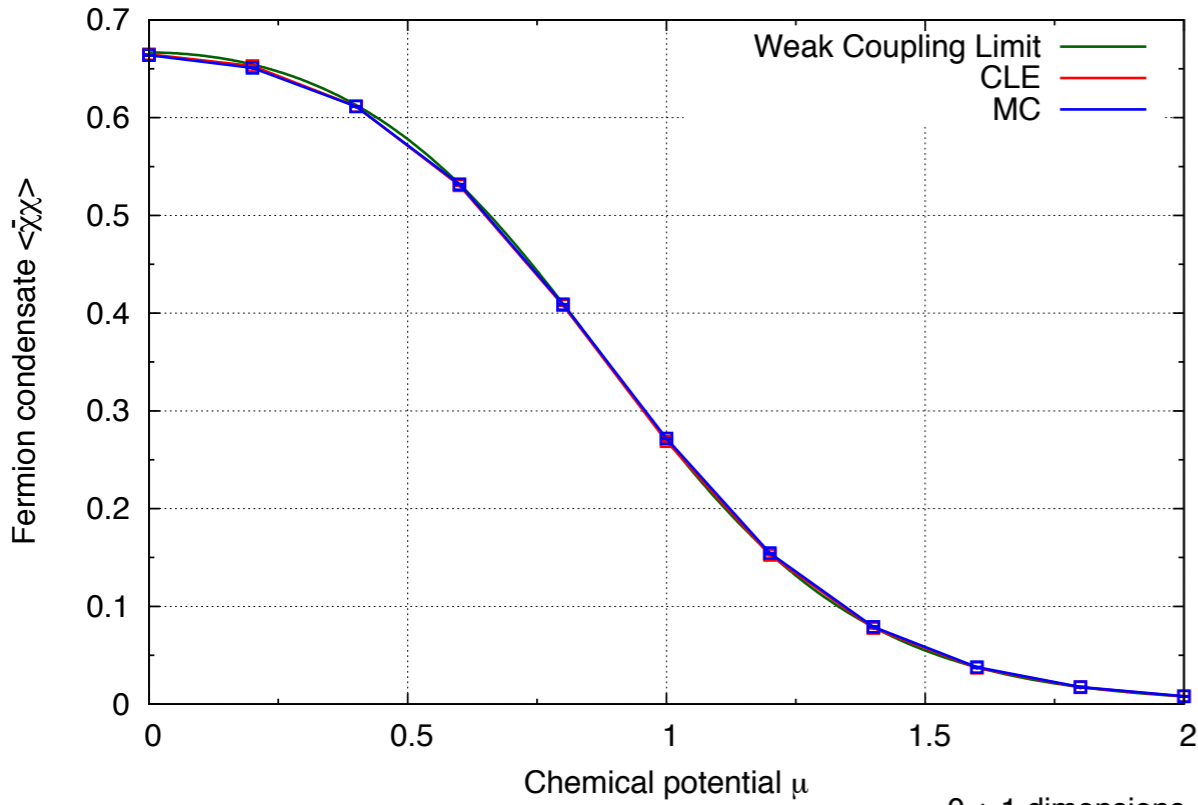
$$\epsilon_L(\Theta) = \frac{\delta}{\max_t |D_t(\Theta)|}$$



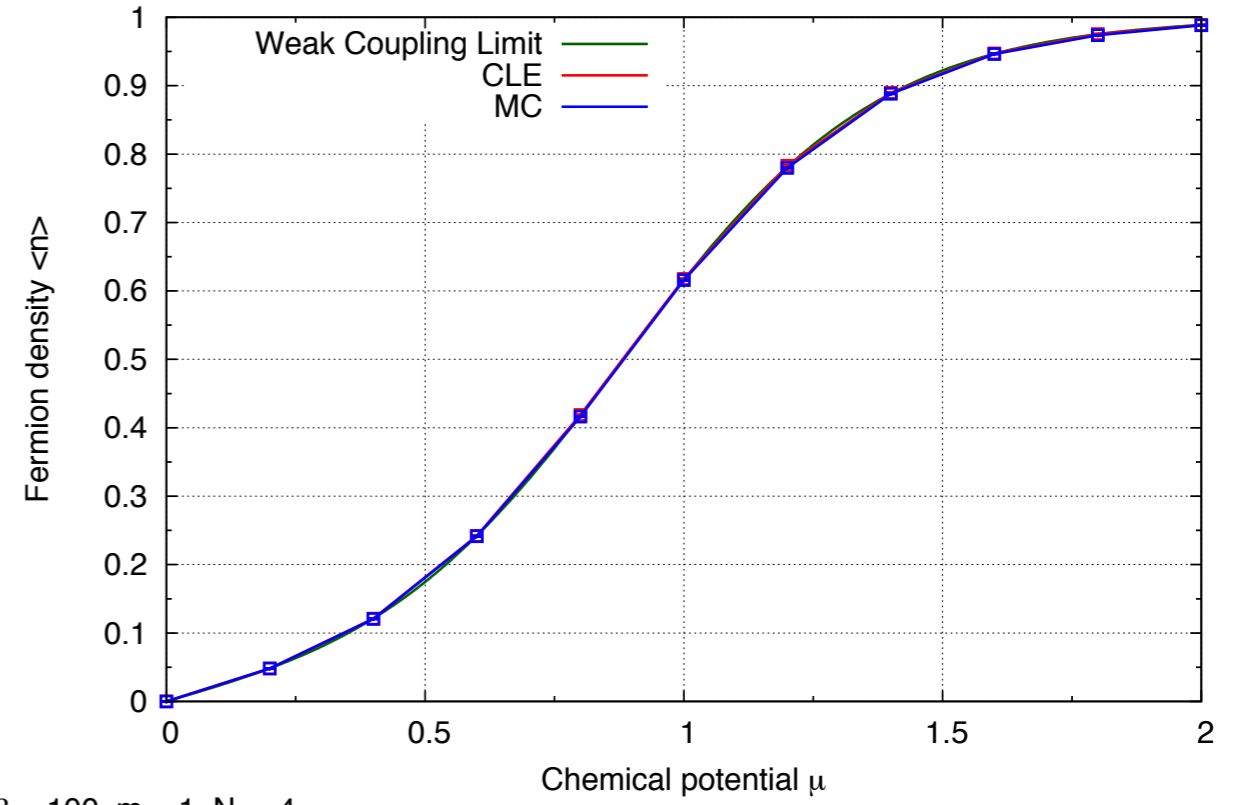
Thirring model

weak coupling, 0+1 dimensions

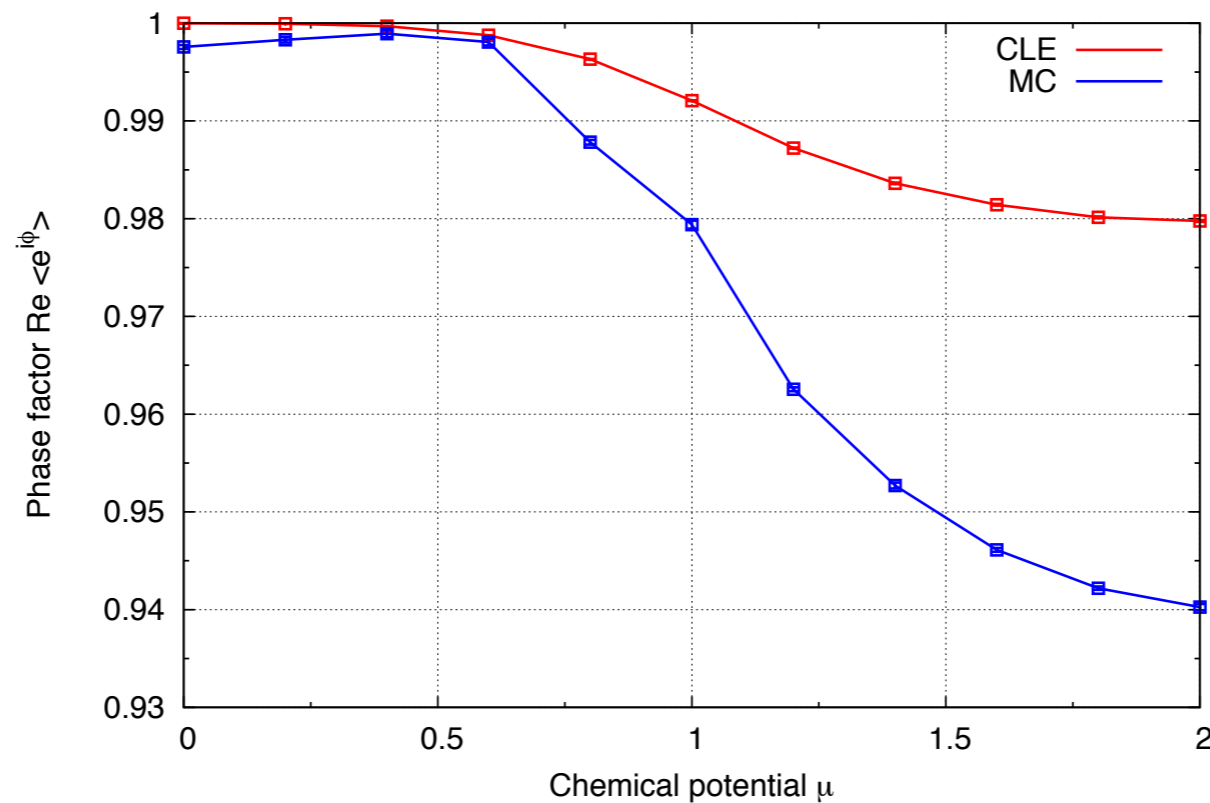
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 100, m = 1, N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 100, m = 1, N_t = 4$



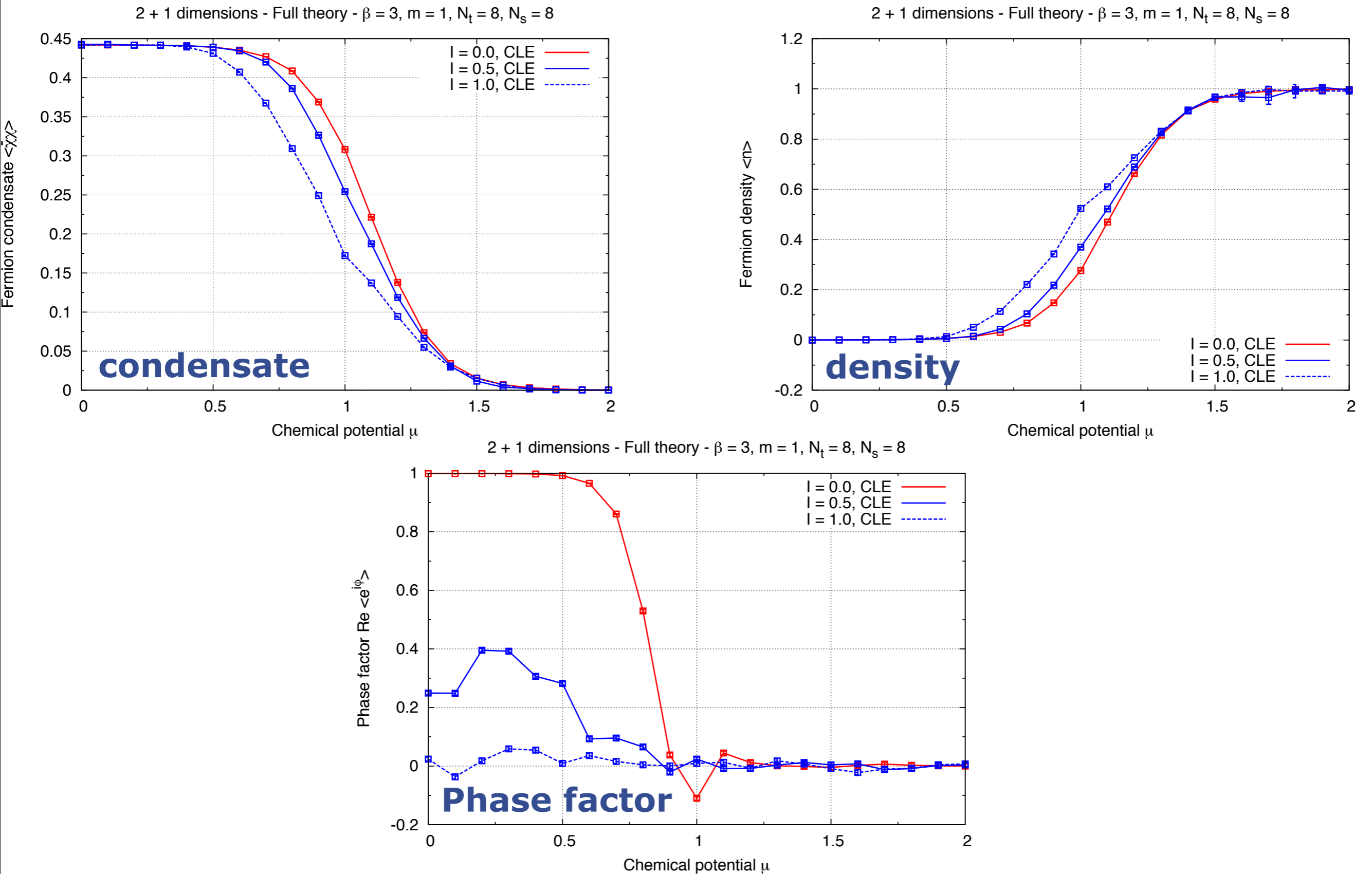
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 100, m = 1, N_t = 4$



$\beta = 100$

Thirring model

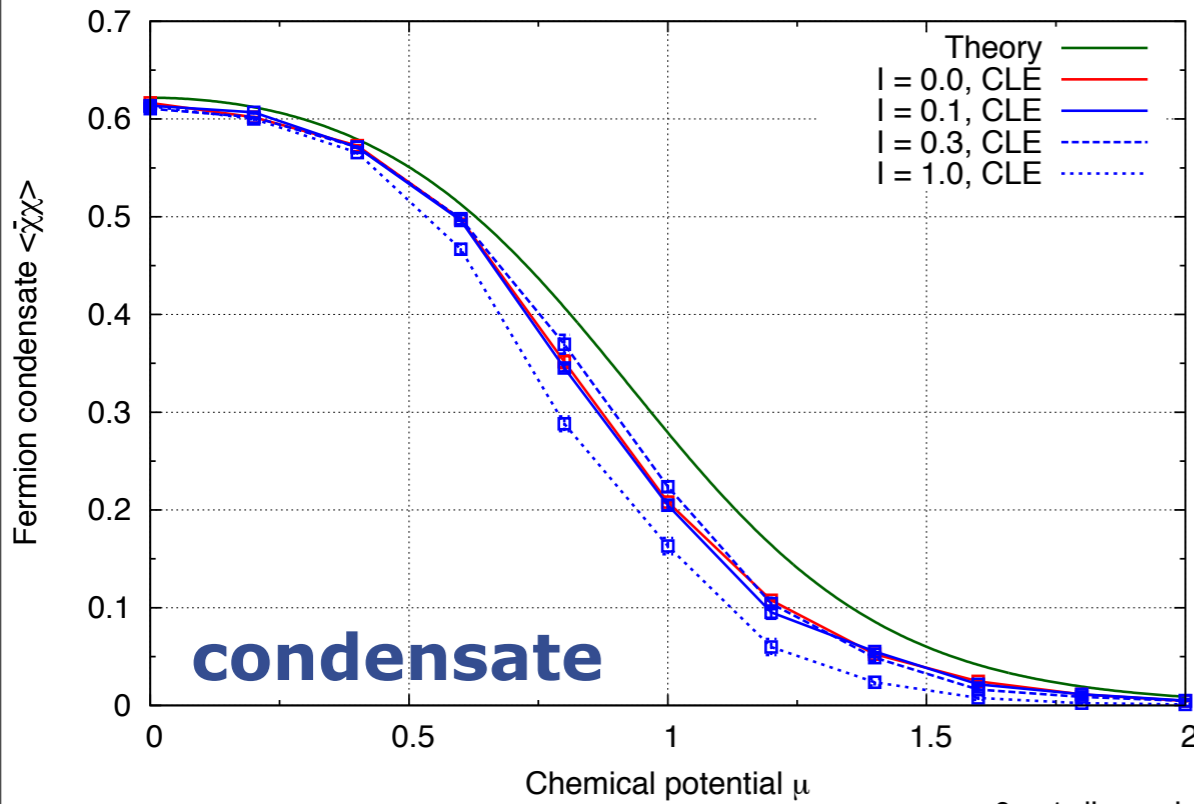
Complex noise



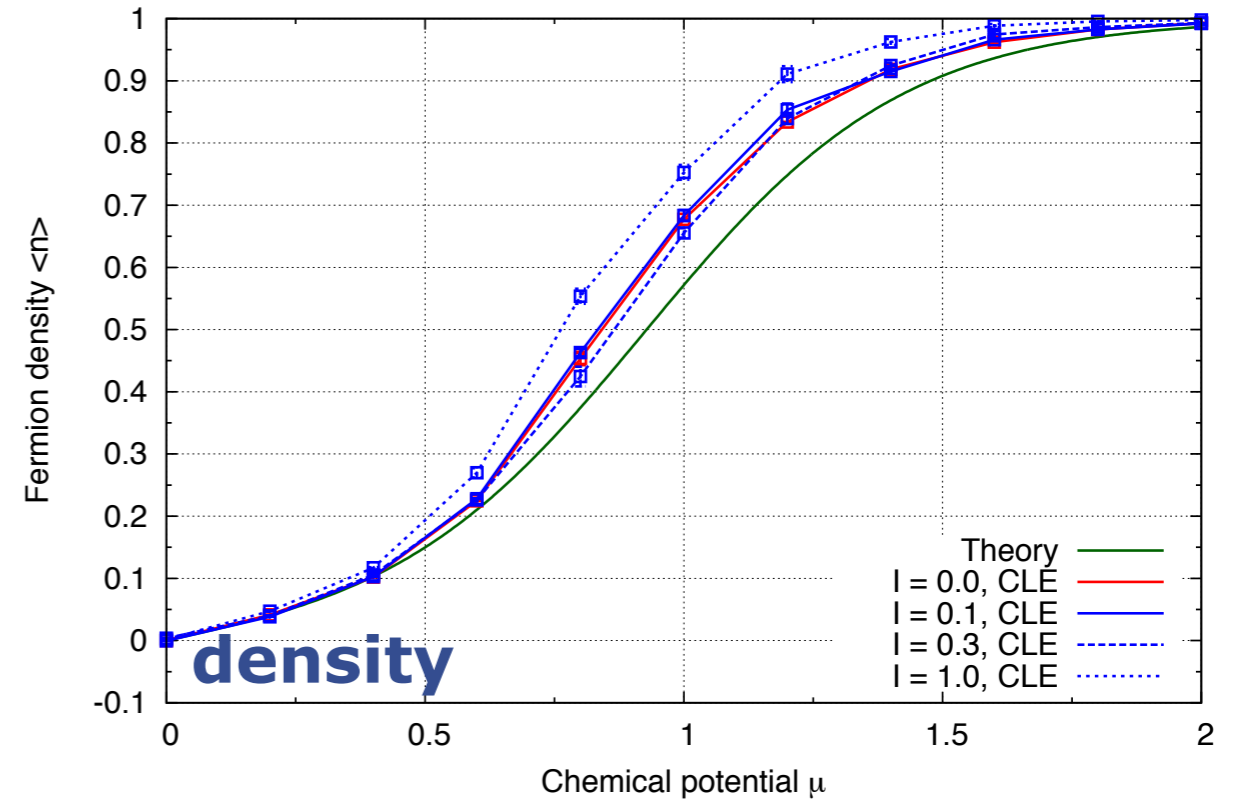
Thirring model

Complex noise, 0+1 dimensions

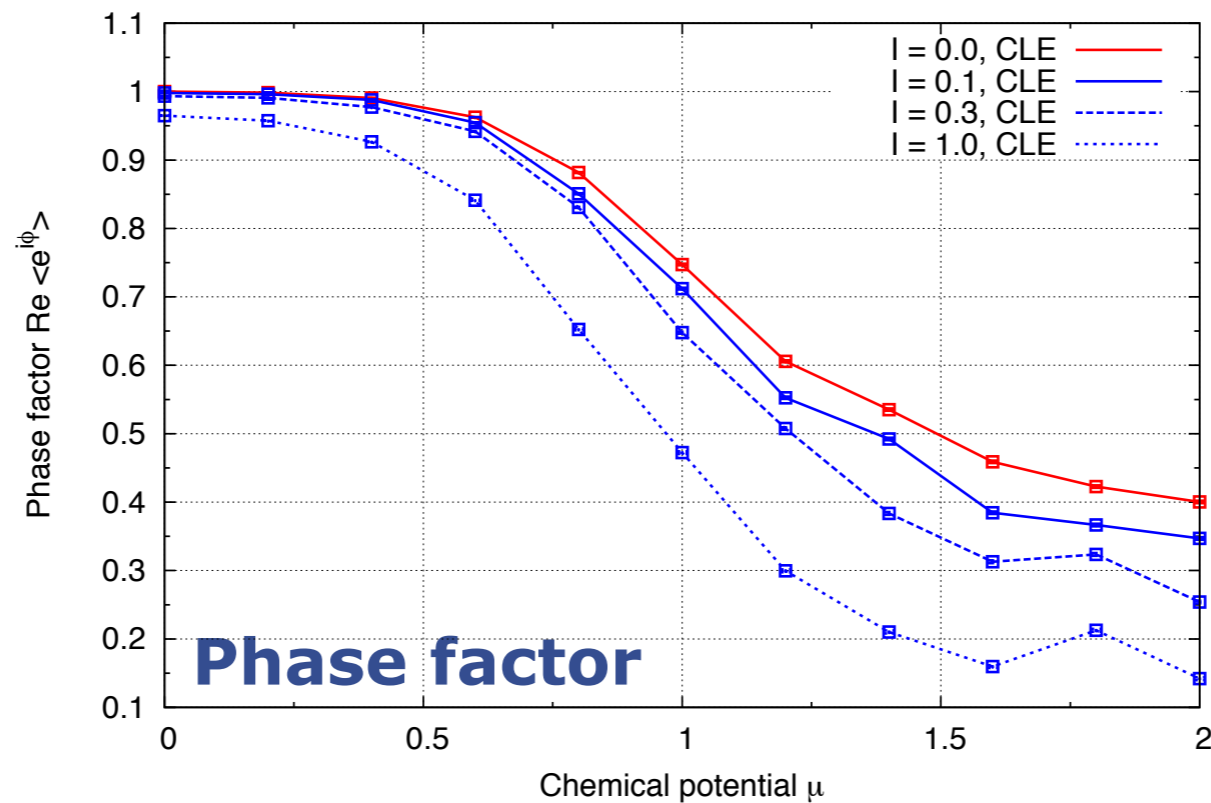
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 3$, $m = 1$, $N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 3$, $m = 1$, $N_t = 4$



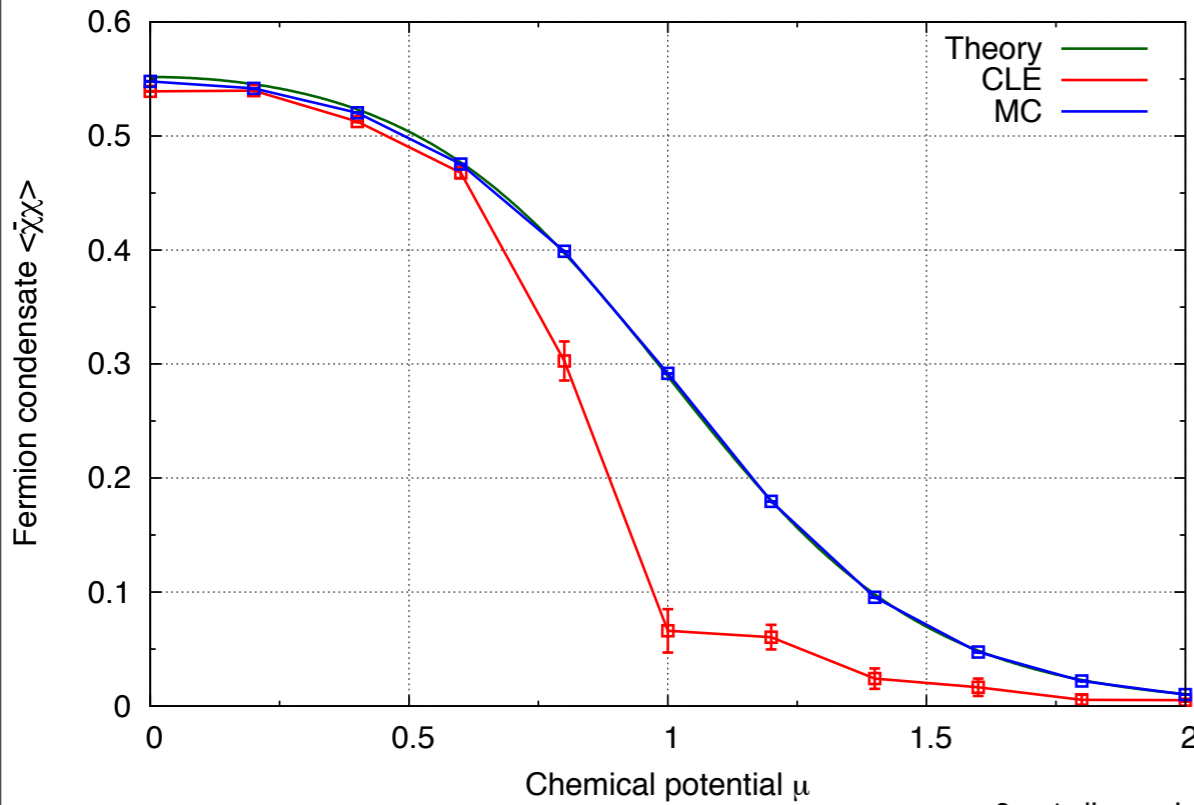
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 3$, $m = 1$, $N_t = 4$



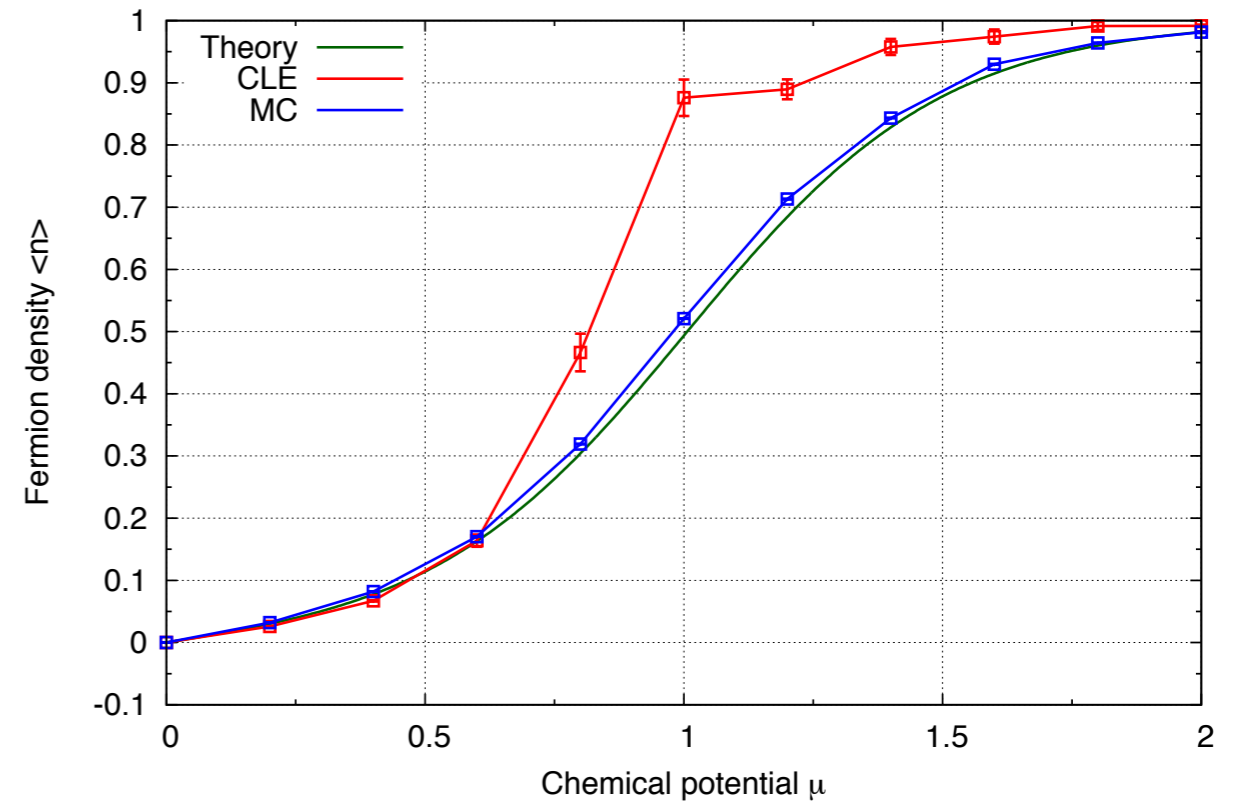
Thirring model

complex Langevin vs Monte Carlo, 0+1 dimensions

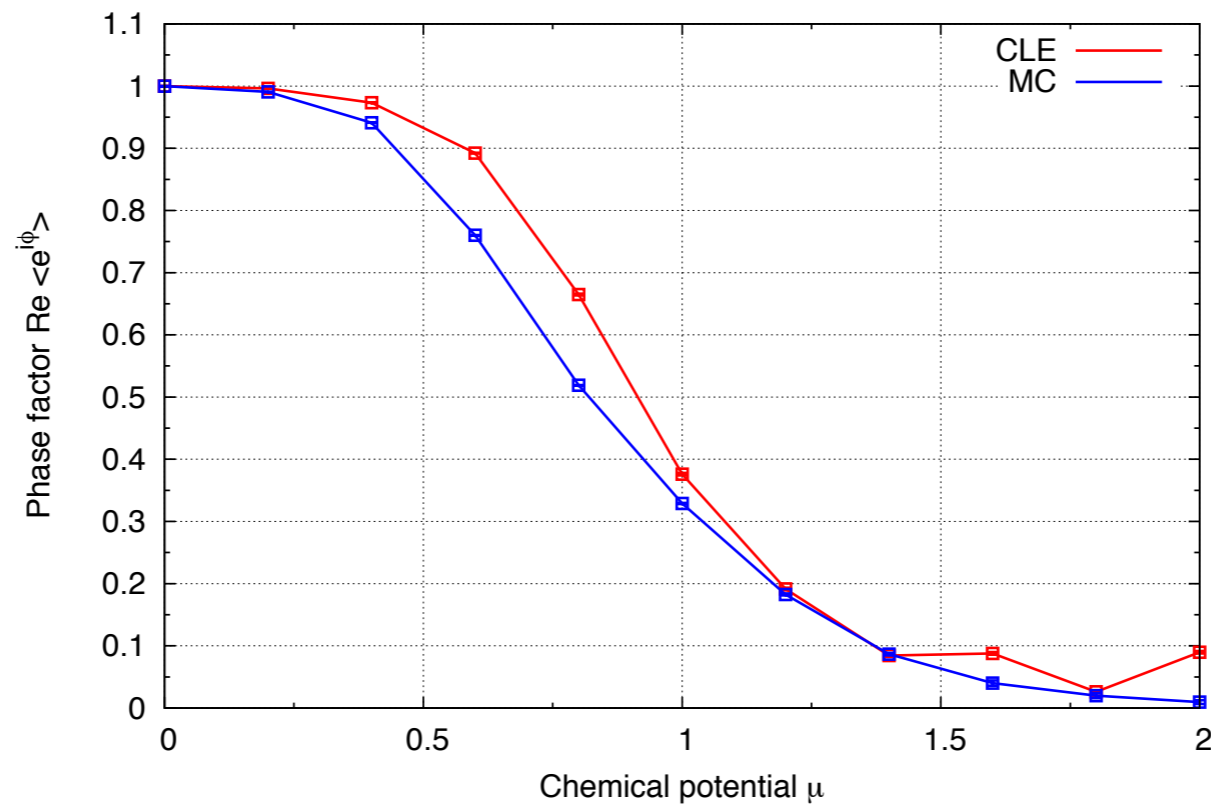
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1$, $m = 1$, $N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1$, $m = 1$, $N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1$, $m = 1$, $N_t = 4$

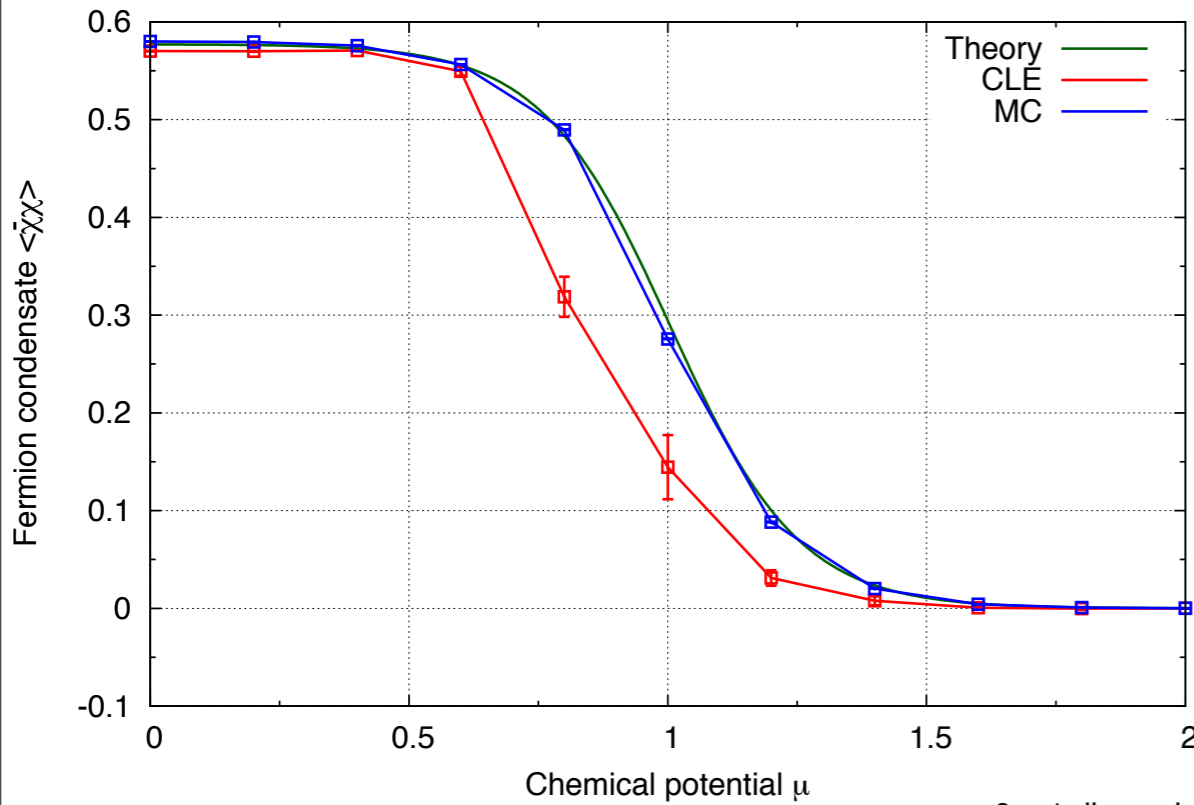


$N_t = 4$

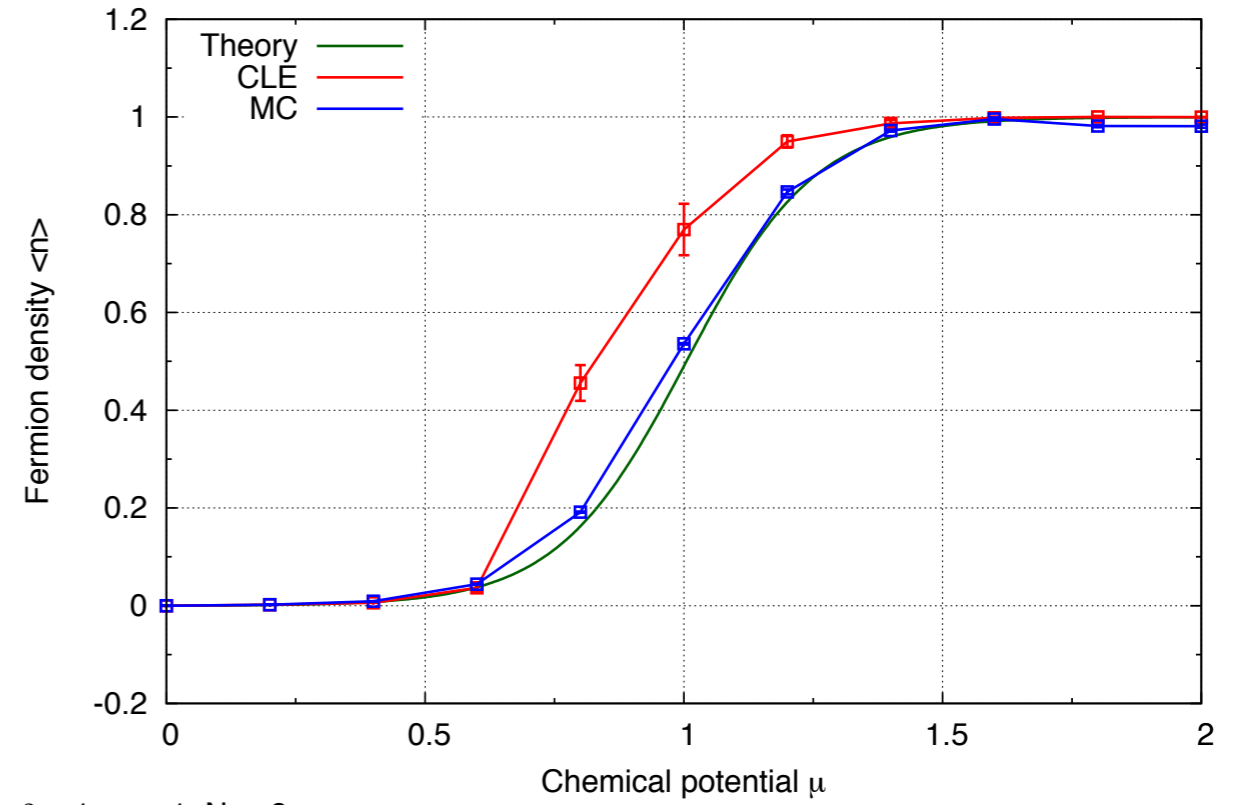
Thirring model

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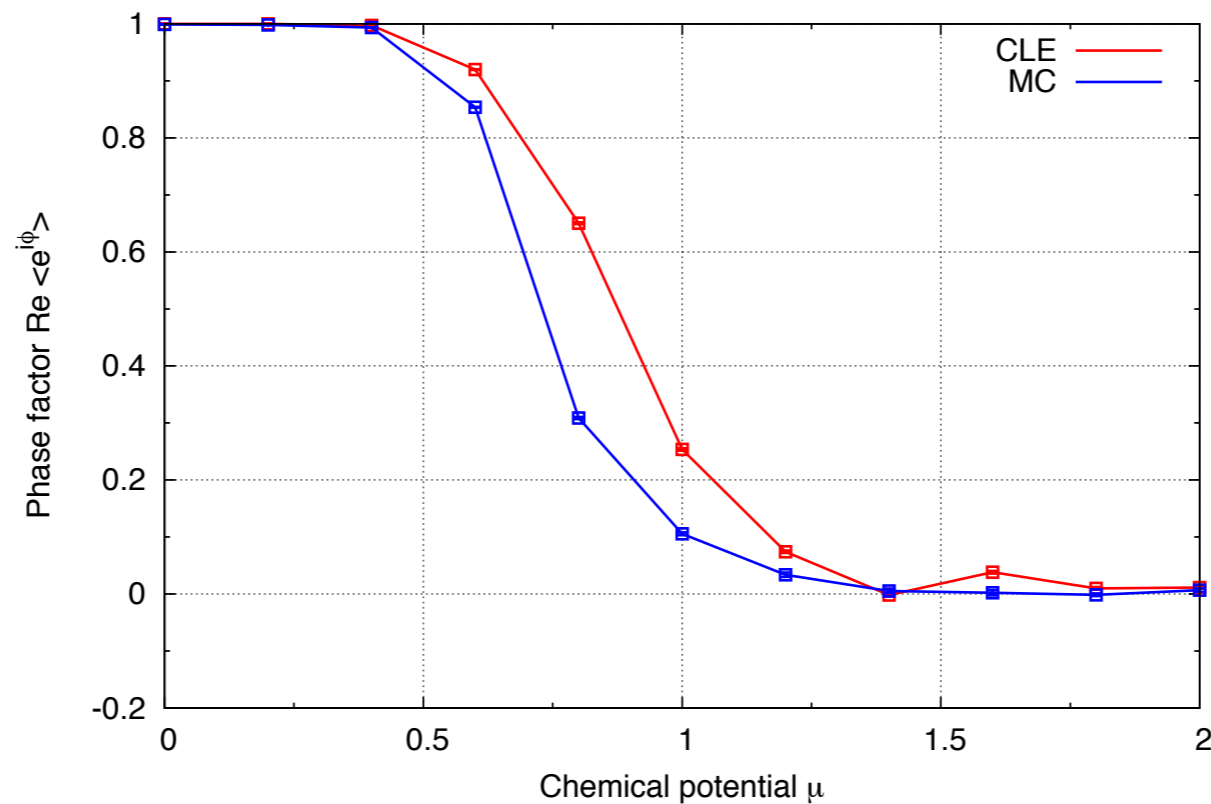
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1, m = 1, N_t = 8$



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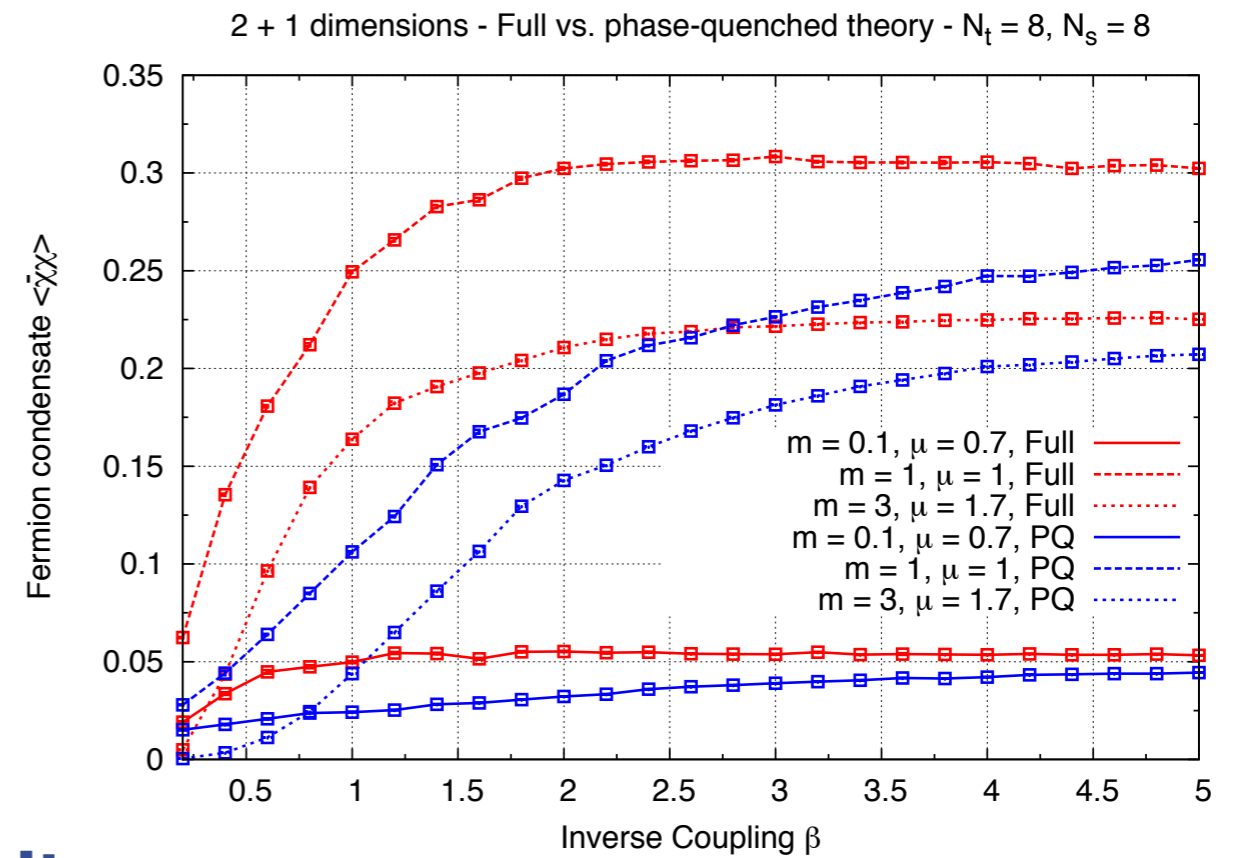
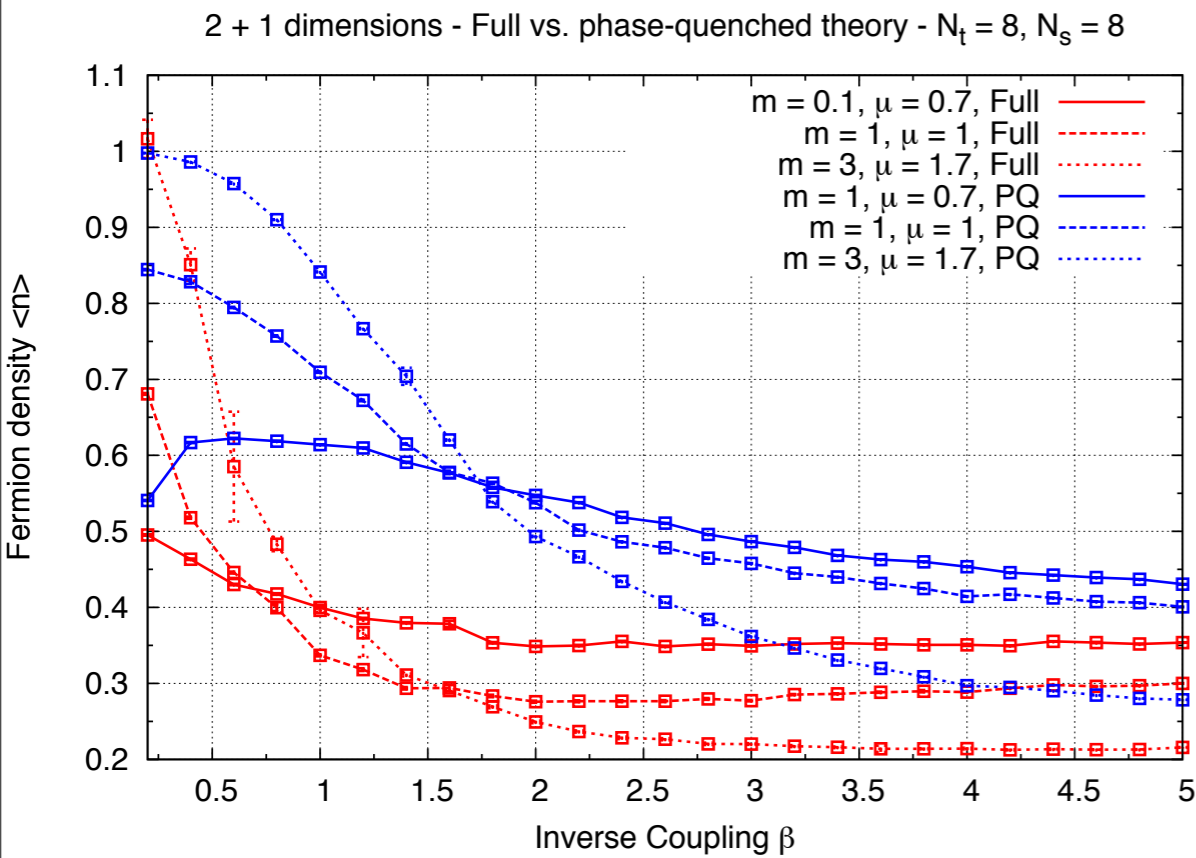
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1, m = 1, N_t = 8$



$N_t = 8$

Thirring model

full theory vs phase quenched theory

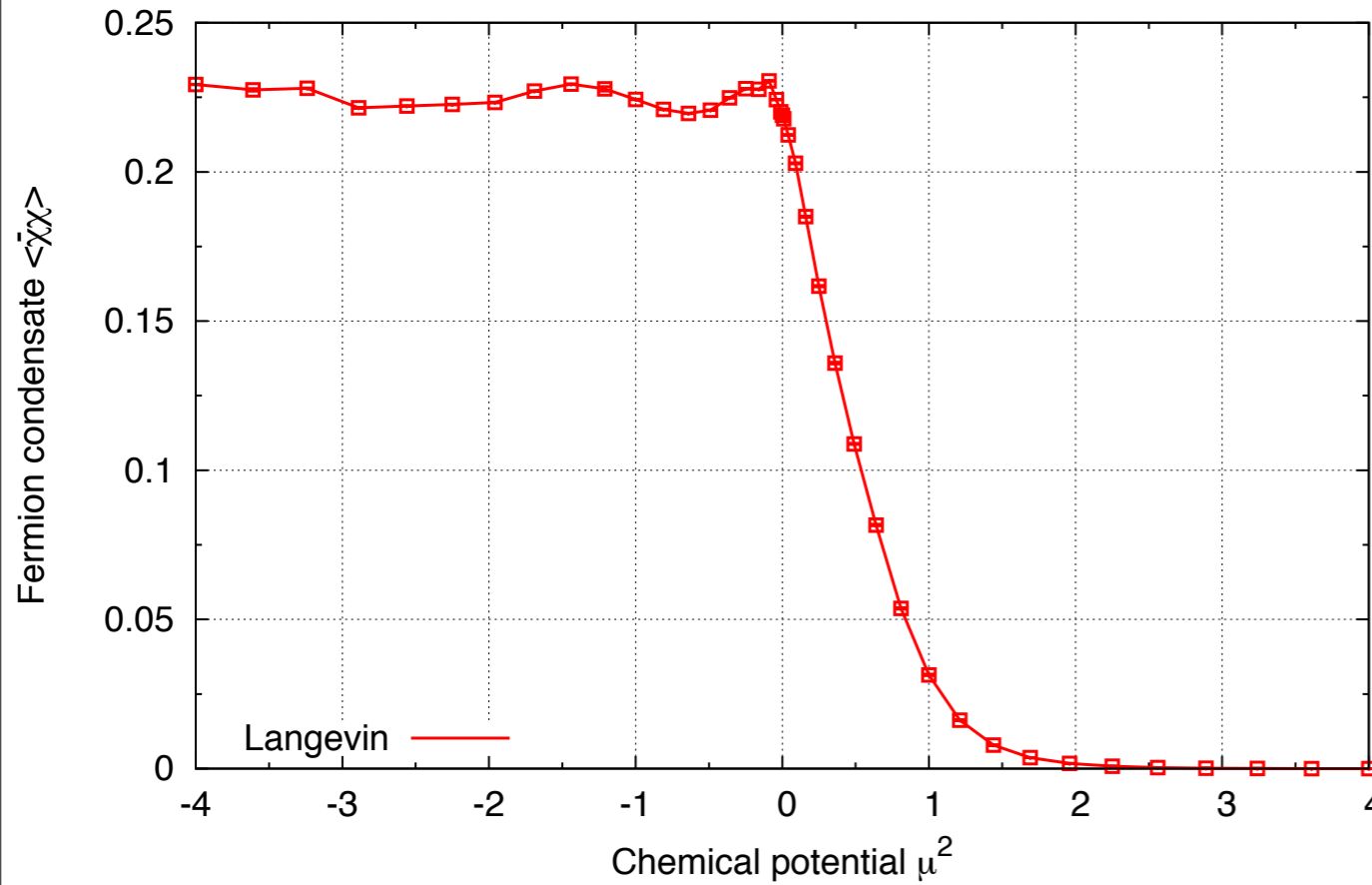


density

Thirring model

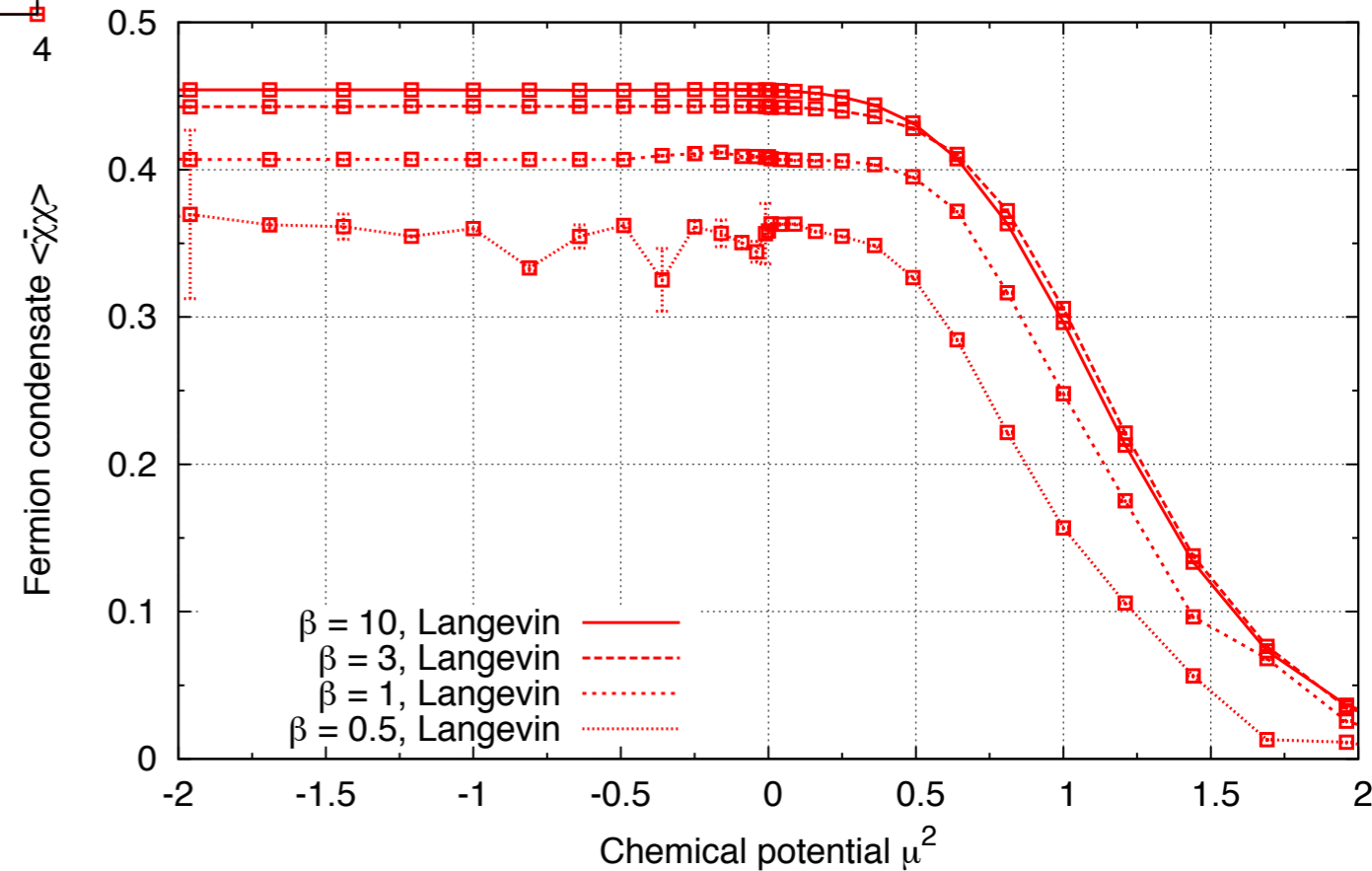
Real & imaginary chemical potential

2 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 3, m = 0.2, N_t = 8, N_s = 8$

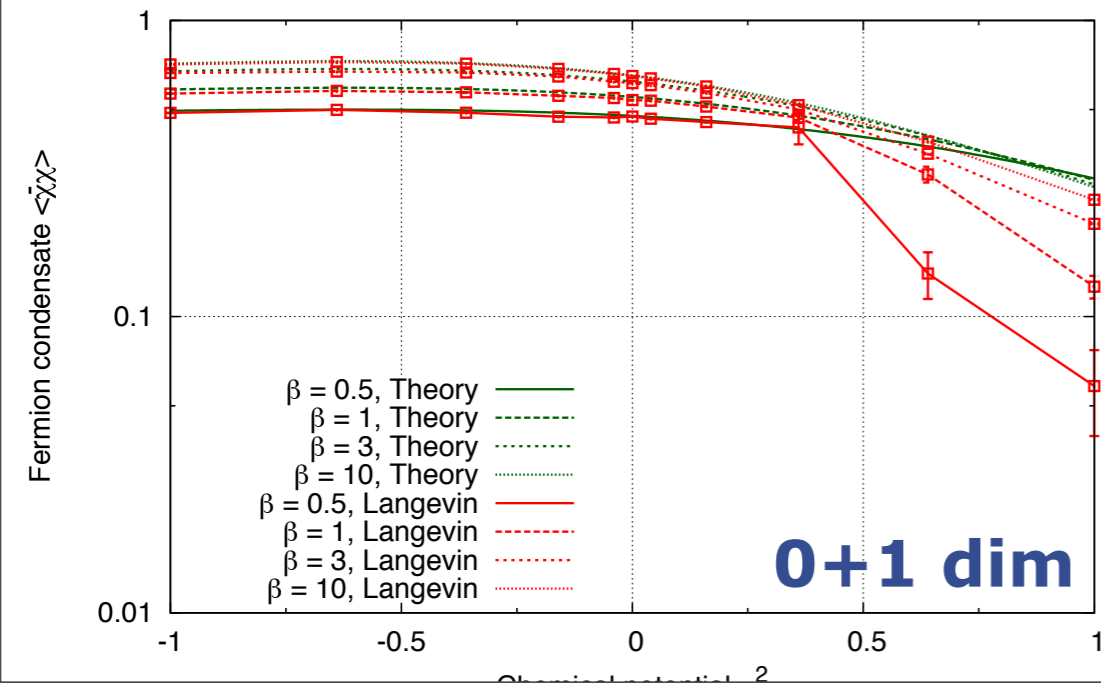


condensate

2 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $m = 1, N_t = 8, N_s = 8$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $m = 1, N_t = 4$



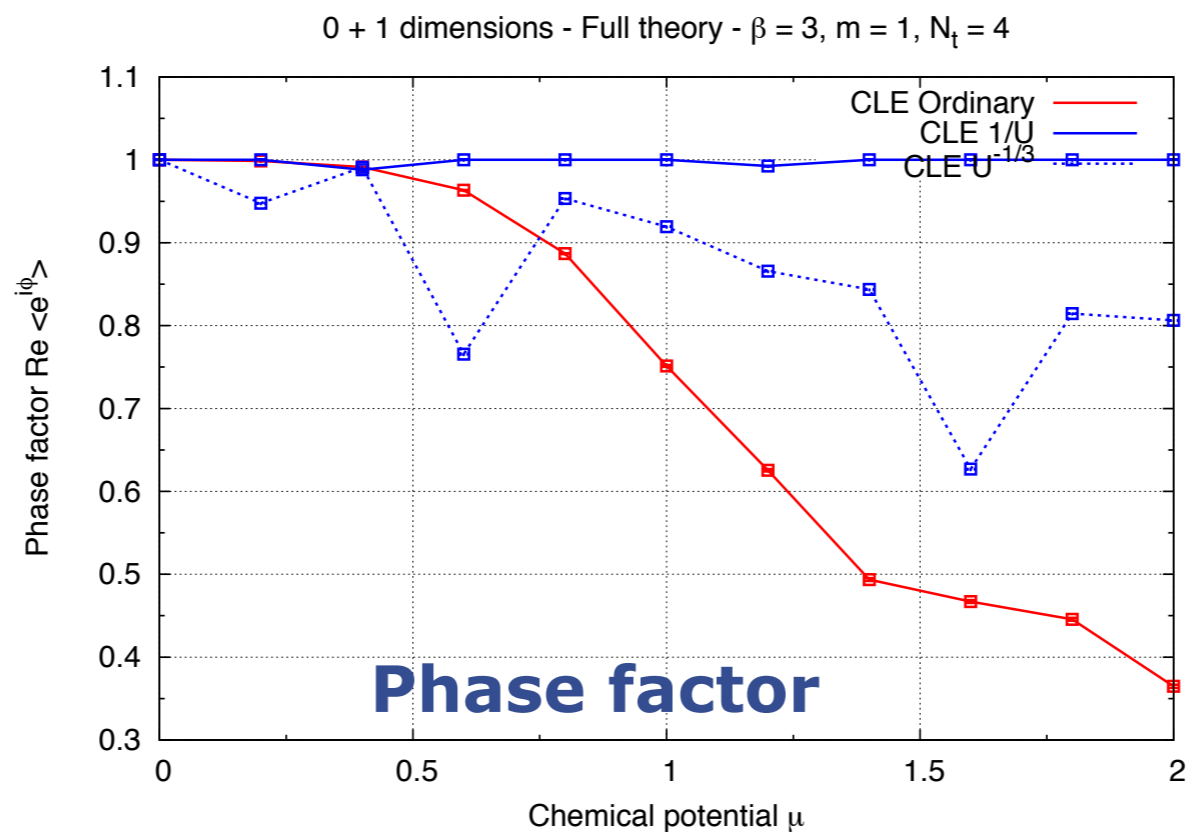
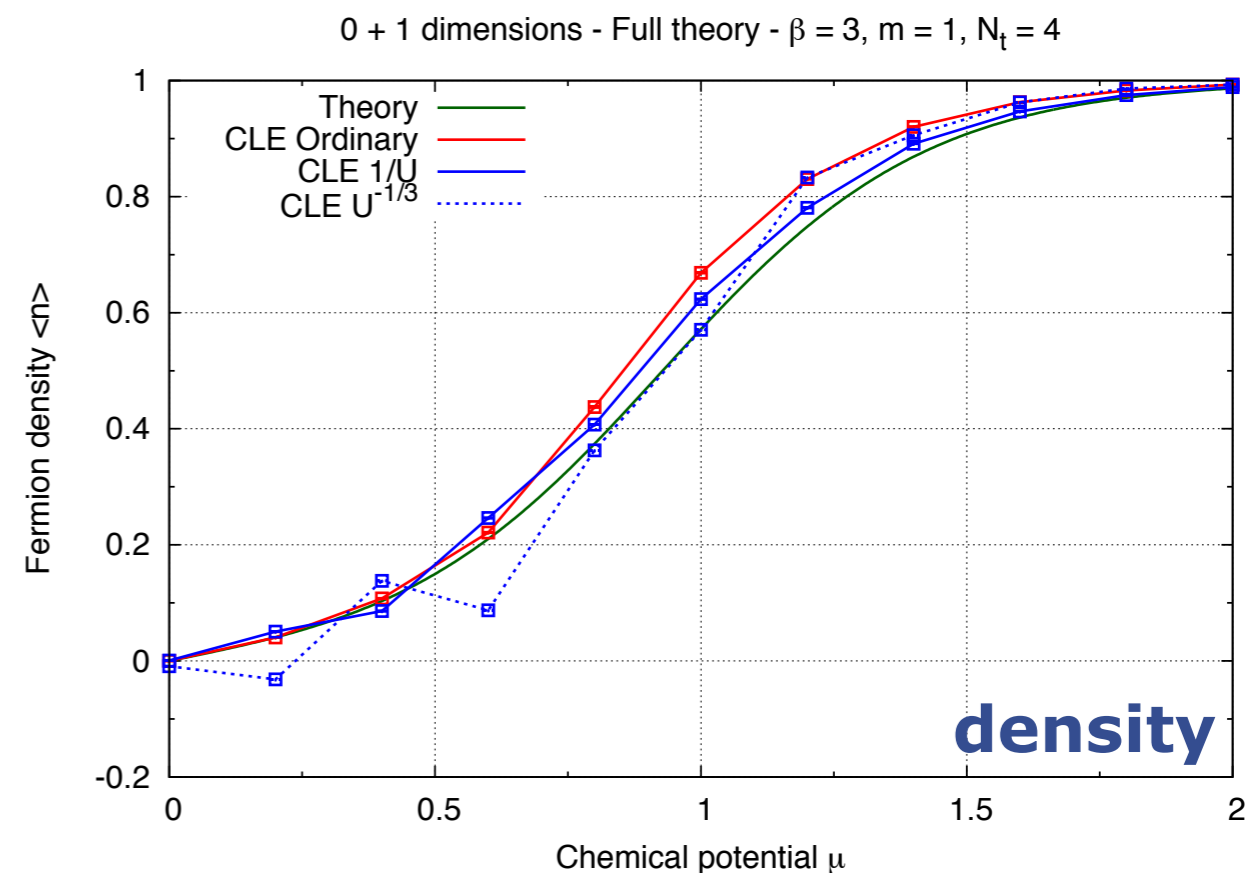
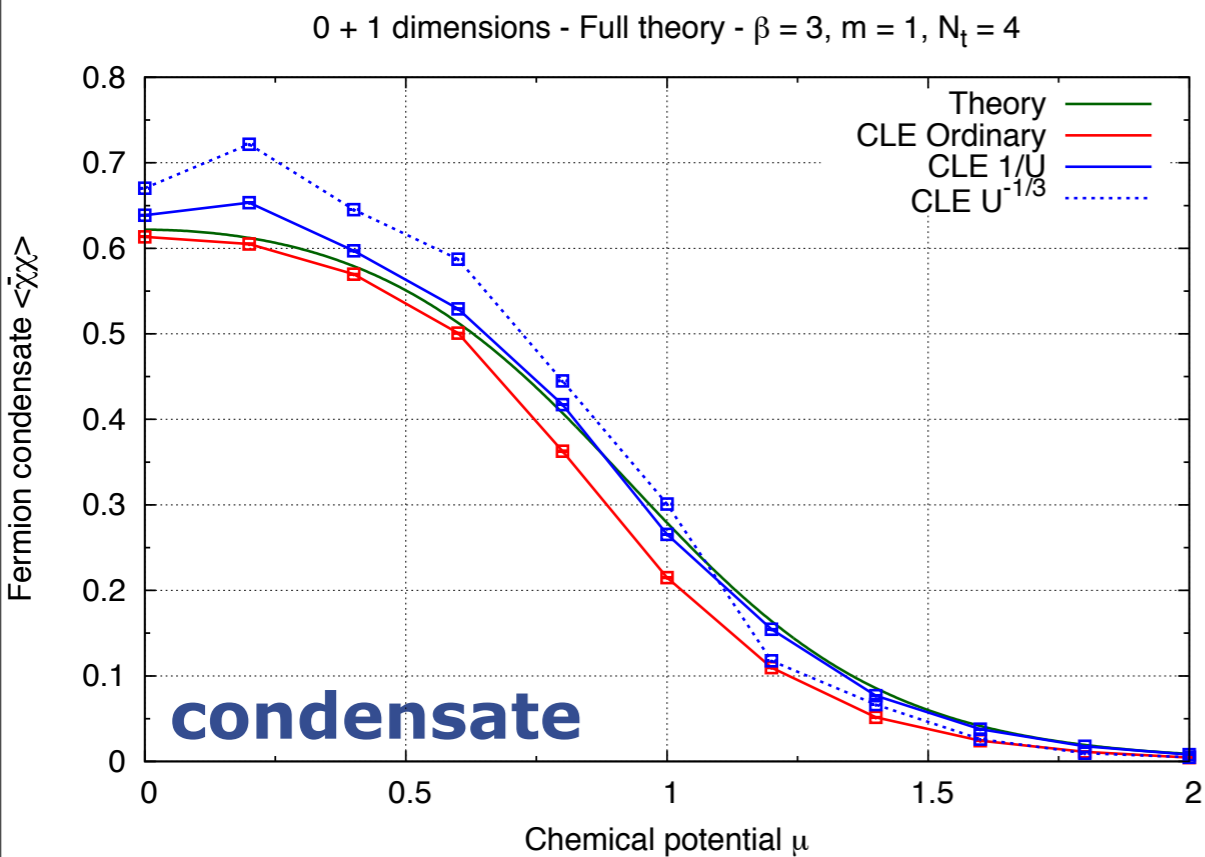
Reparameterisations



see also talks of **G. Aarts**
E. Seiler

Langevin evolution

0+1 dimensions



Summary & outlook

▪ Thirring model

- complex Langevin set-up
- failure for large chemical potential/large couplings

▪ Outlook

- reparameterisations
- non-Abelian models



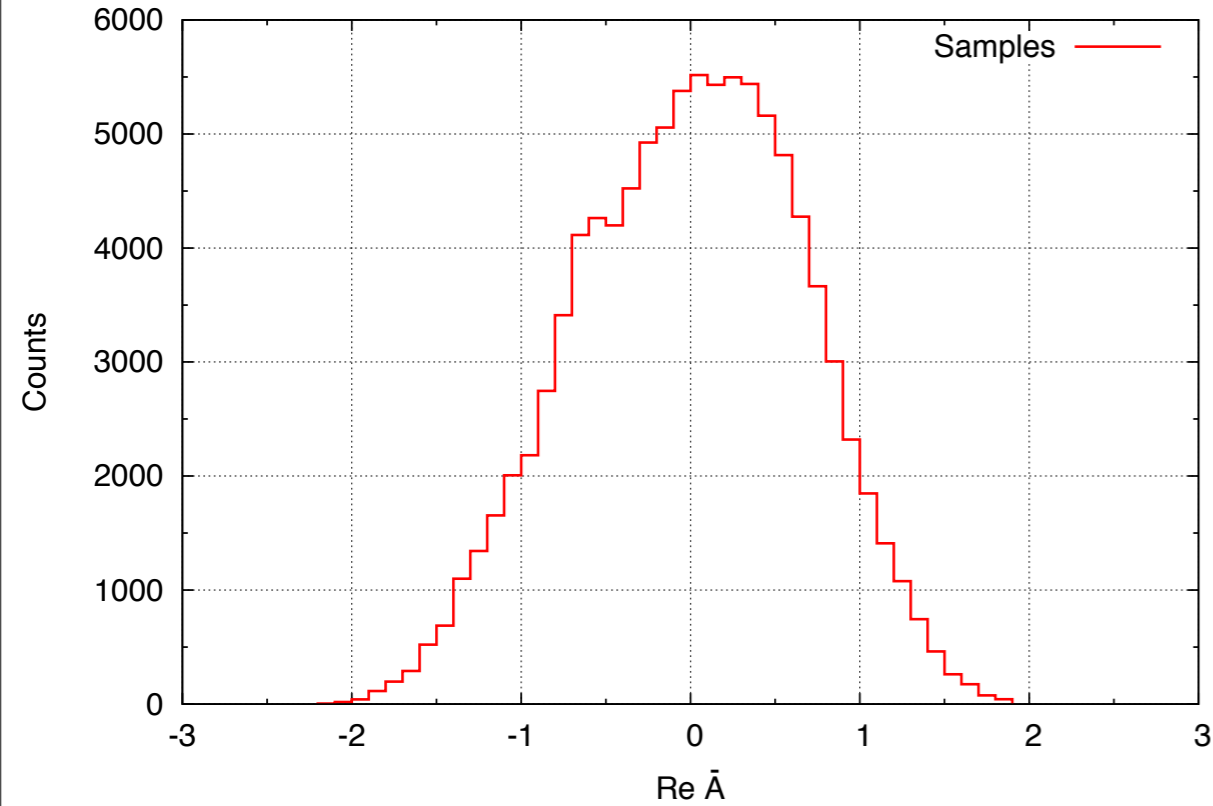
Additional material

Thirring model

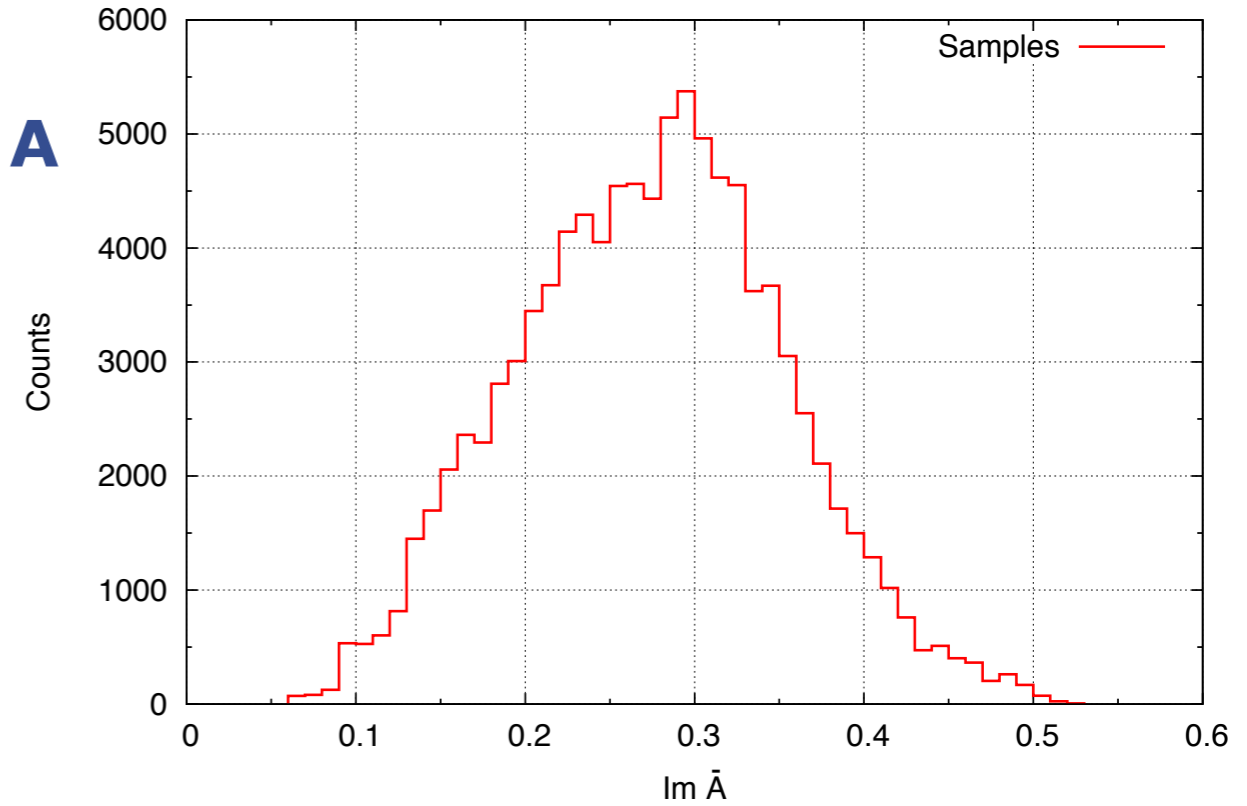
Consistency conditions

field A

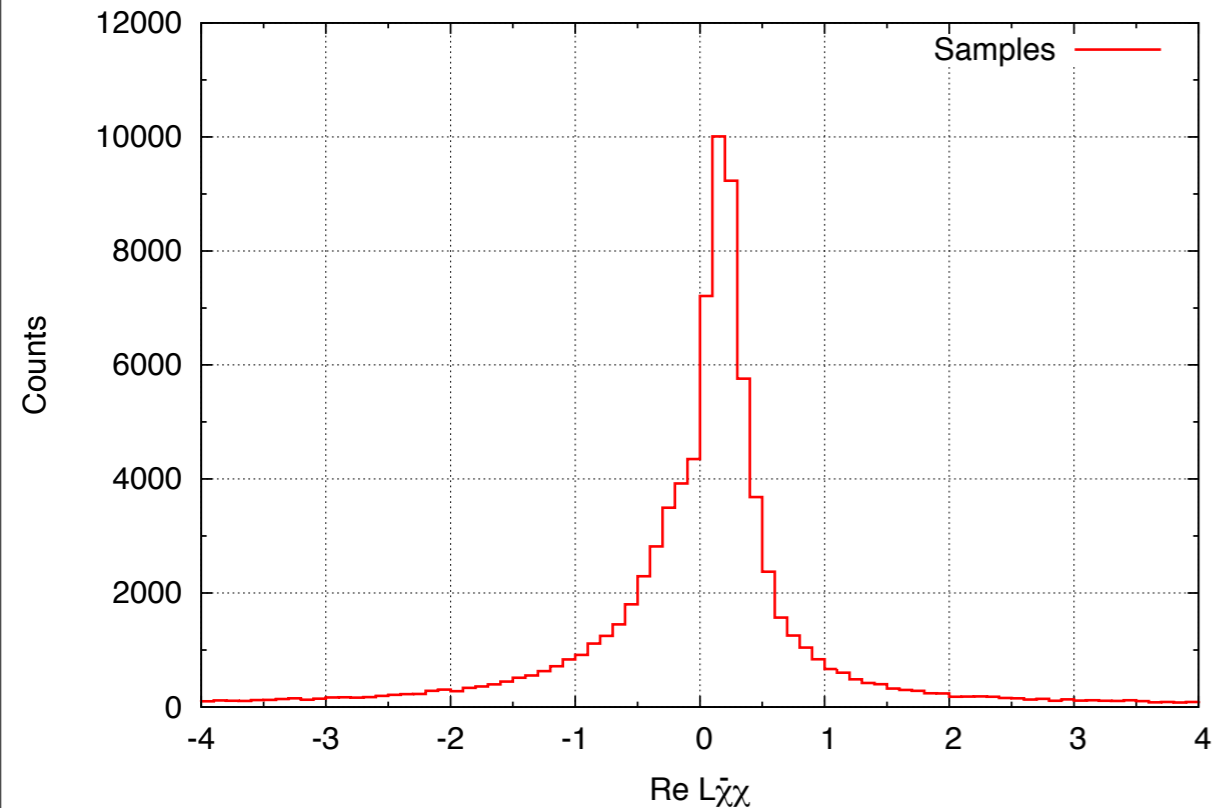
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1, m = 1, \mu = 1, N_t = 4$



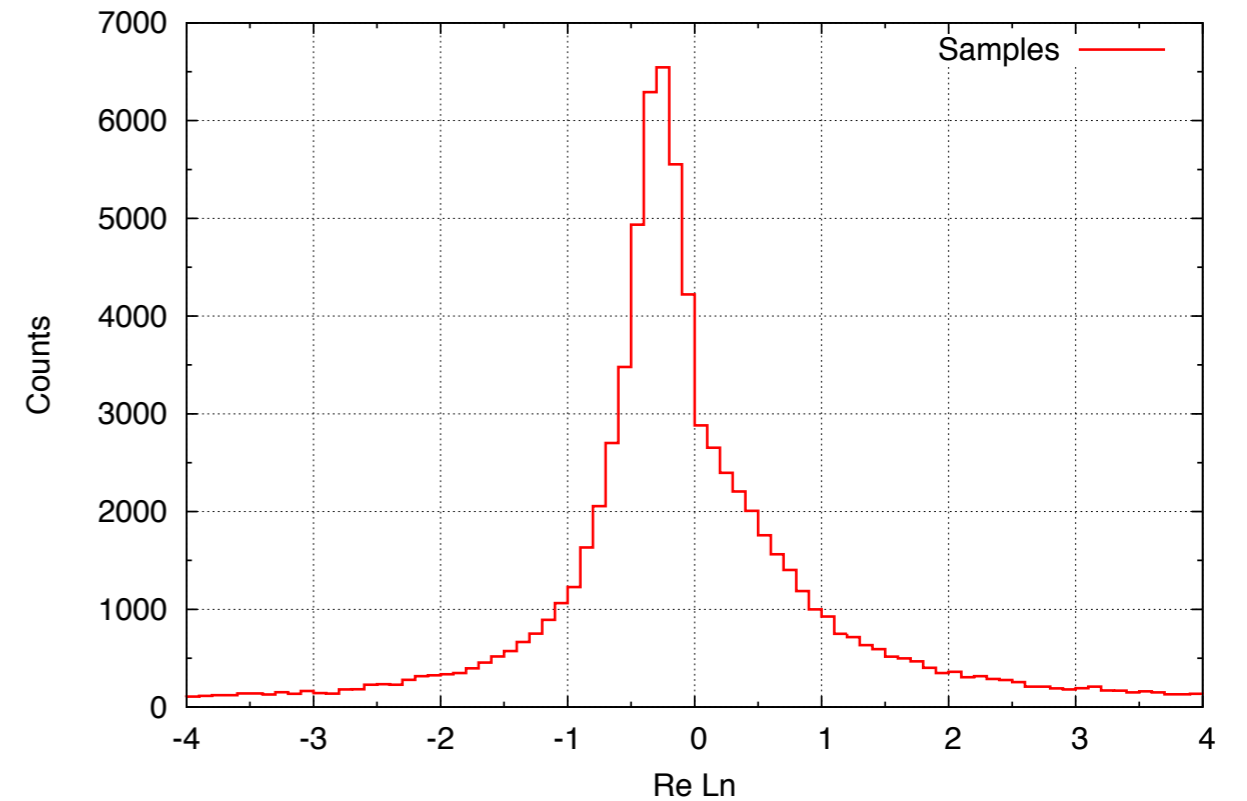
0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1, m = 1, \mu = 1, N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1, m = 1, \mu = 1, N_t = 4$



0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 1, m = 1, \mu = 1, N_t = 4$



Thirring model

Eigenvalues of K

0 + 1 dimensions - Full theory - $\beta = 3$, $m = 1$, $\mu = 1$, $N_t = 6$

