

QCD phase diagram with functional methods

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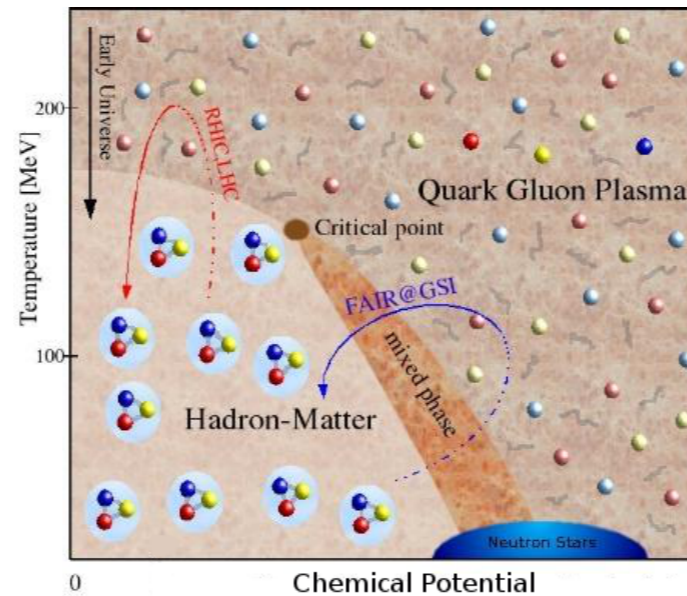


12. Januar 2013

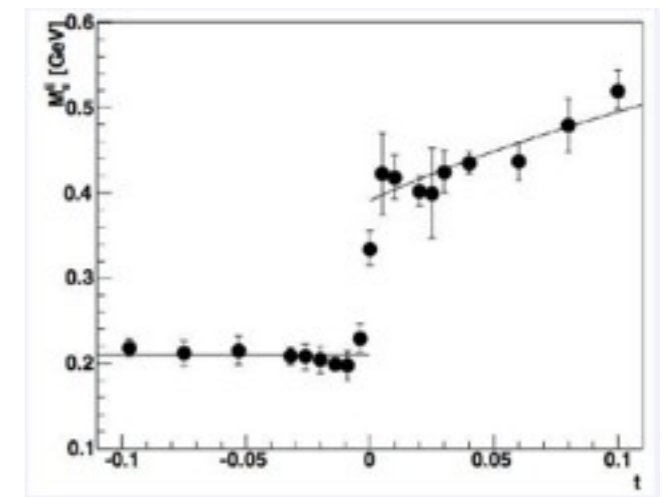


Strauss, CF, Kellermann, Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, (2012) 252001
CF, Luecker, Phys. Lett. B 718 (2013) 1036-1043

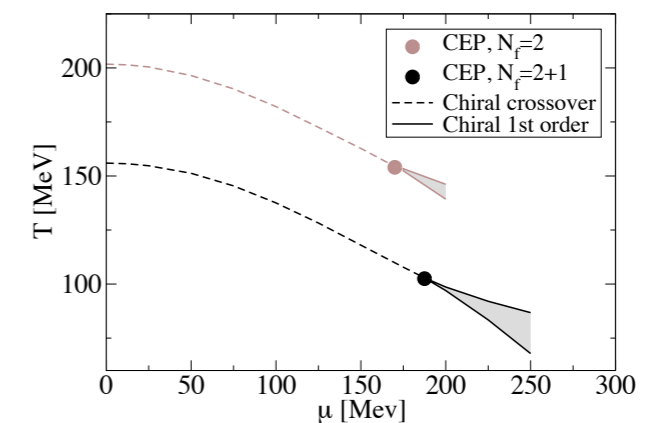
1. Introduction



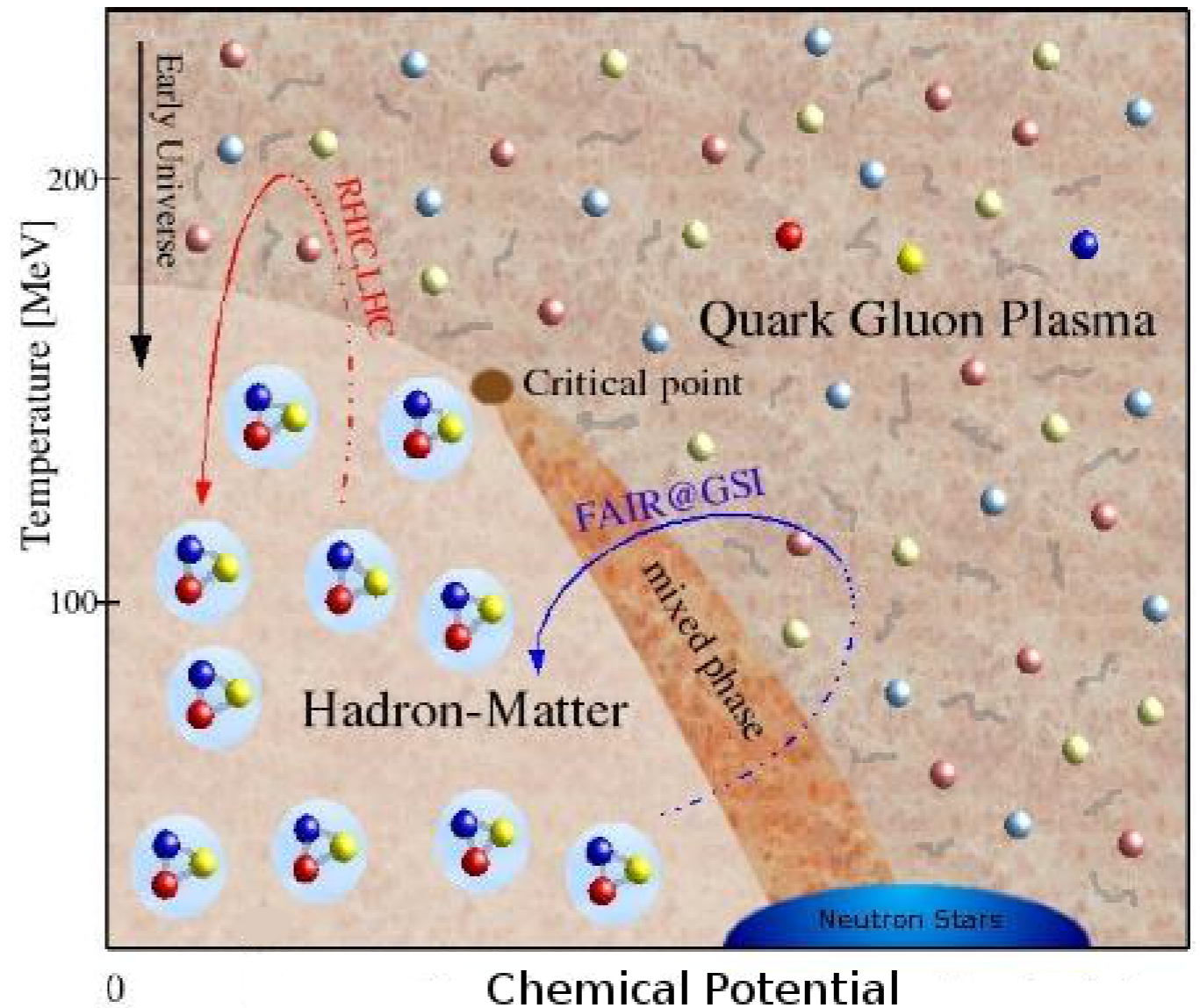
2. Gluons at zero and finite temperature



3. Quarks and the QCD phase diagram



QCD phase diagram



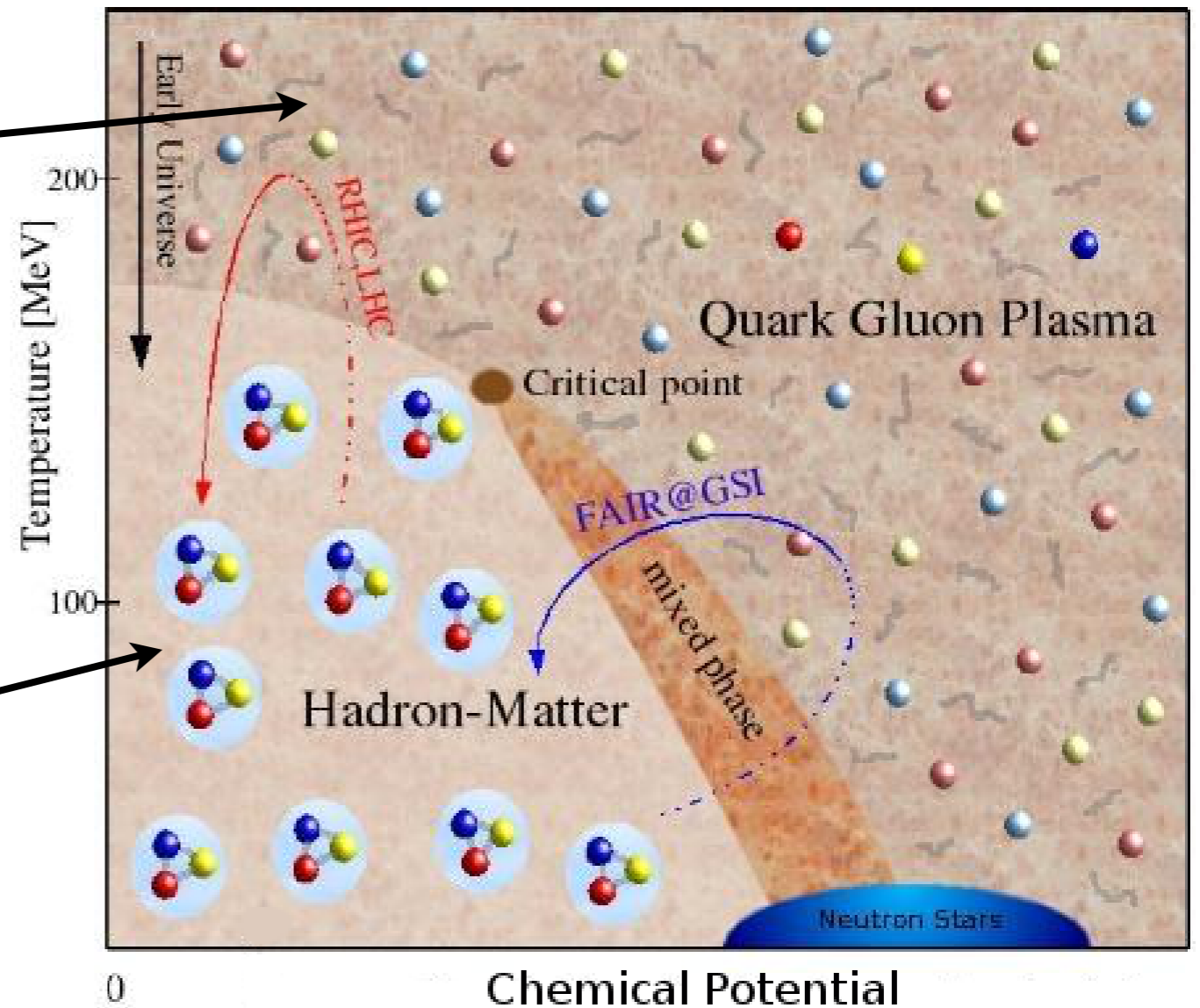
Interesting open questions:

- Details of phase transitions
- Existence and location of critical point
- Properties of quarks and gluons in different phases
- Consequences for astrophysics

QCD phase diagram

Quarks de-confined
and (almost) massless

Quarks confined
and massive



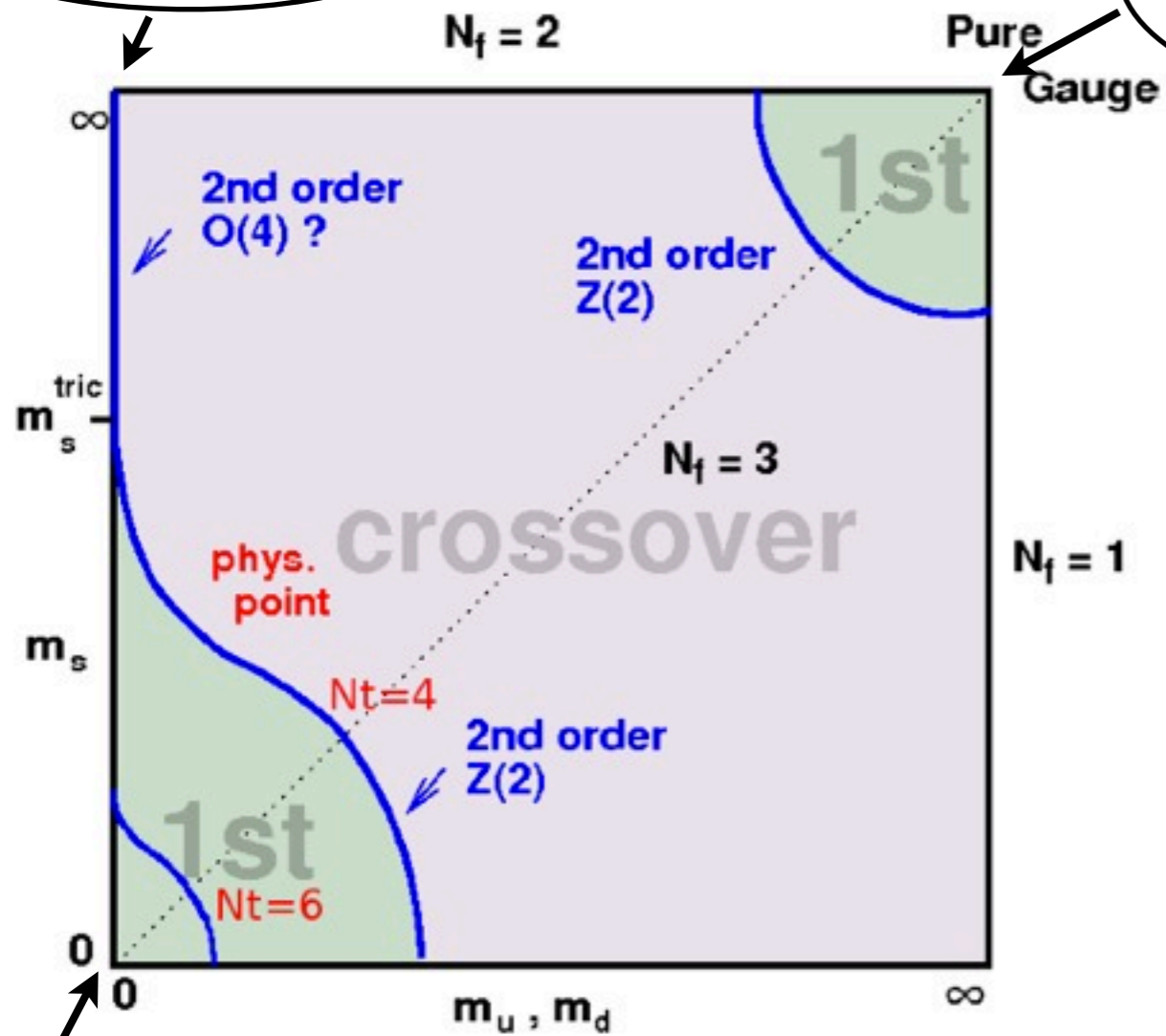
Interesting open questions:

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QCD phase transitions II

Chiral Limit

Static Quarks
($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow \infty$)

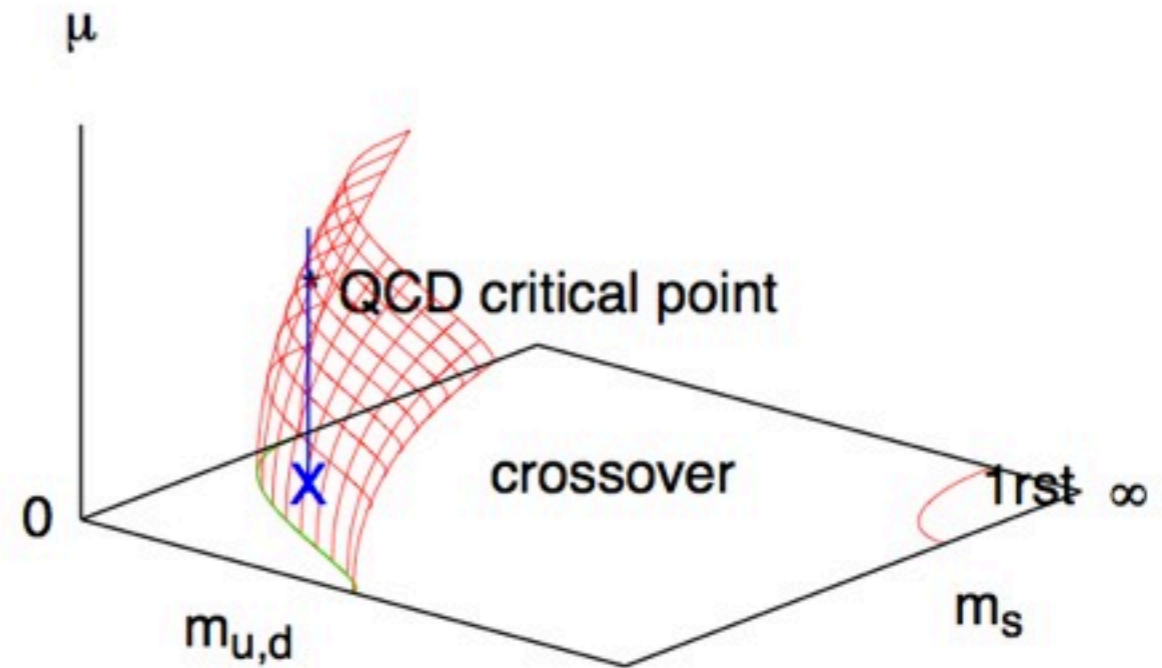
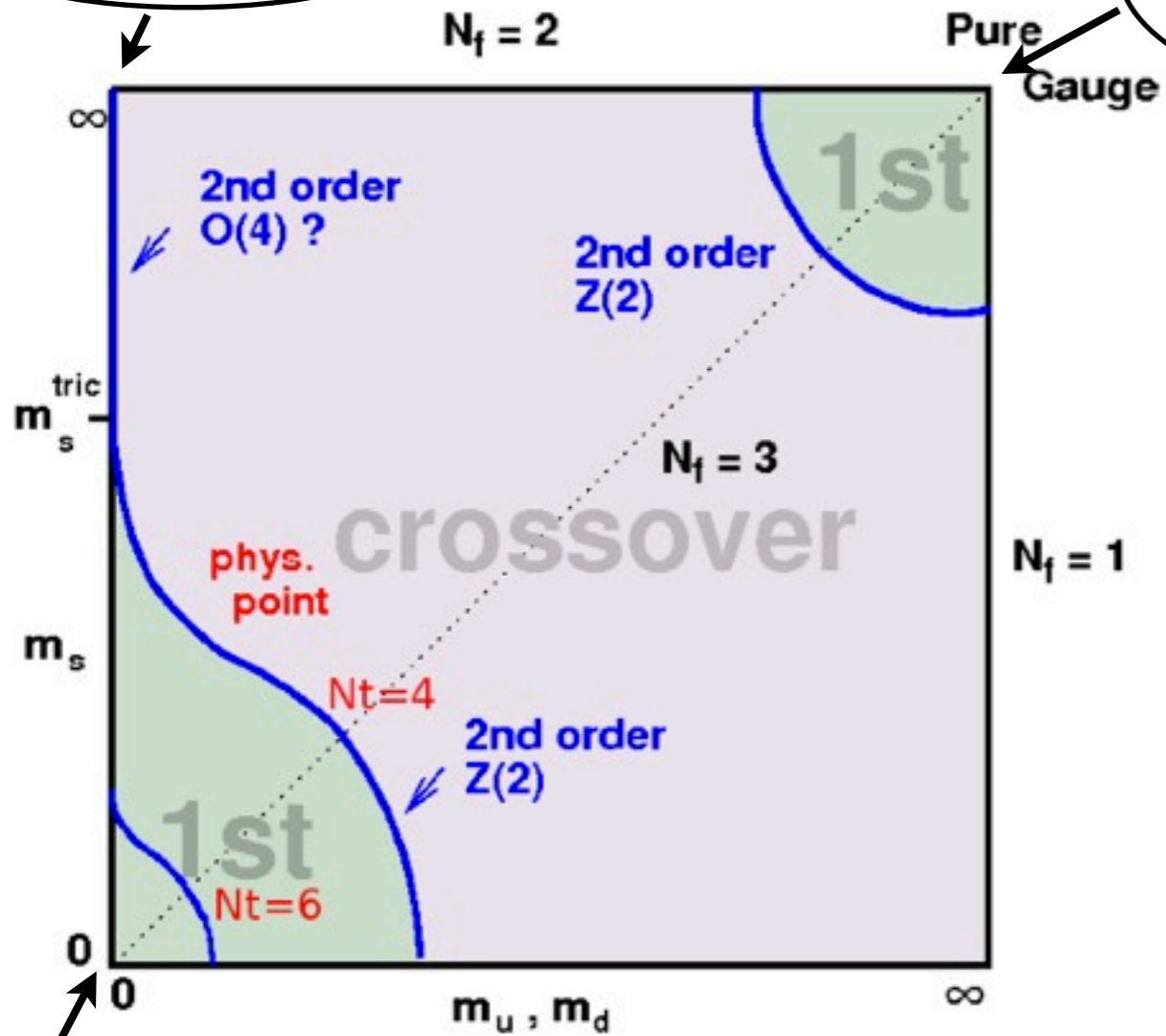


Chiral Limit $N_f = 3$
($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow 0$)

QCD phase transitions II

Chiral Limit

Static Quarks
($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow \infty$)

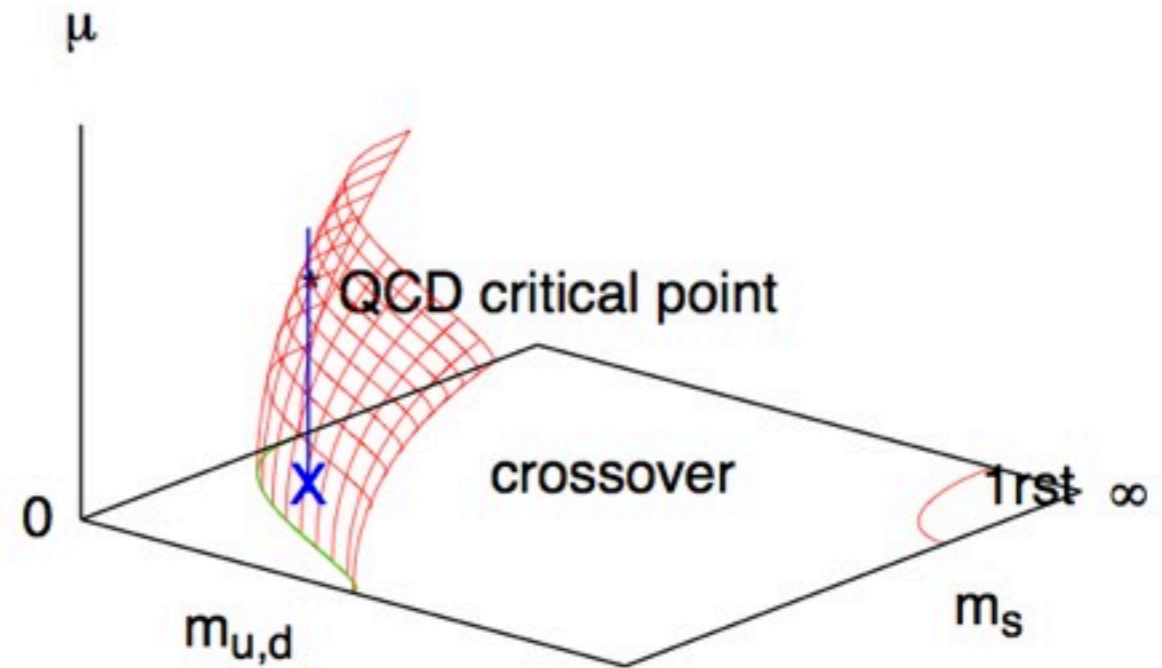
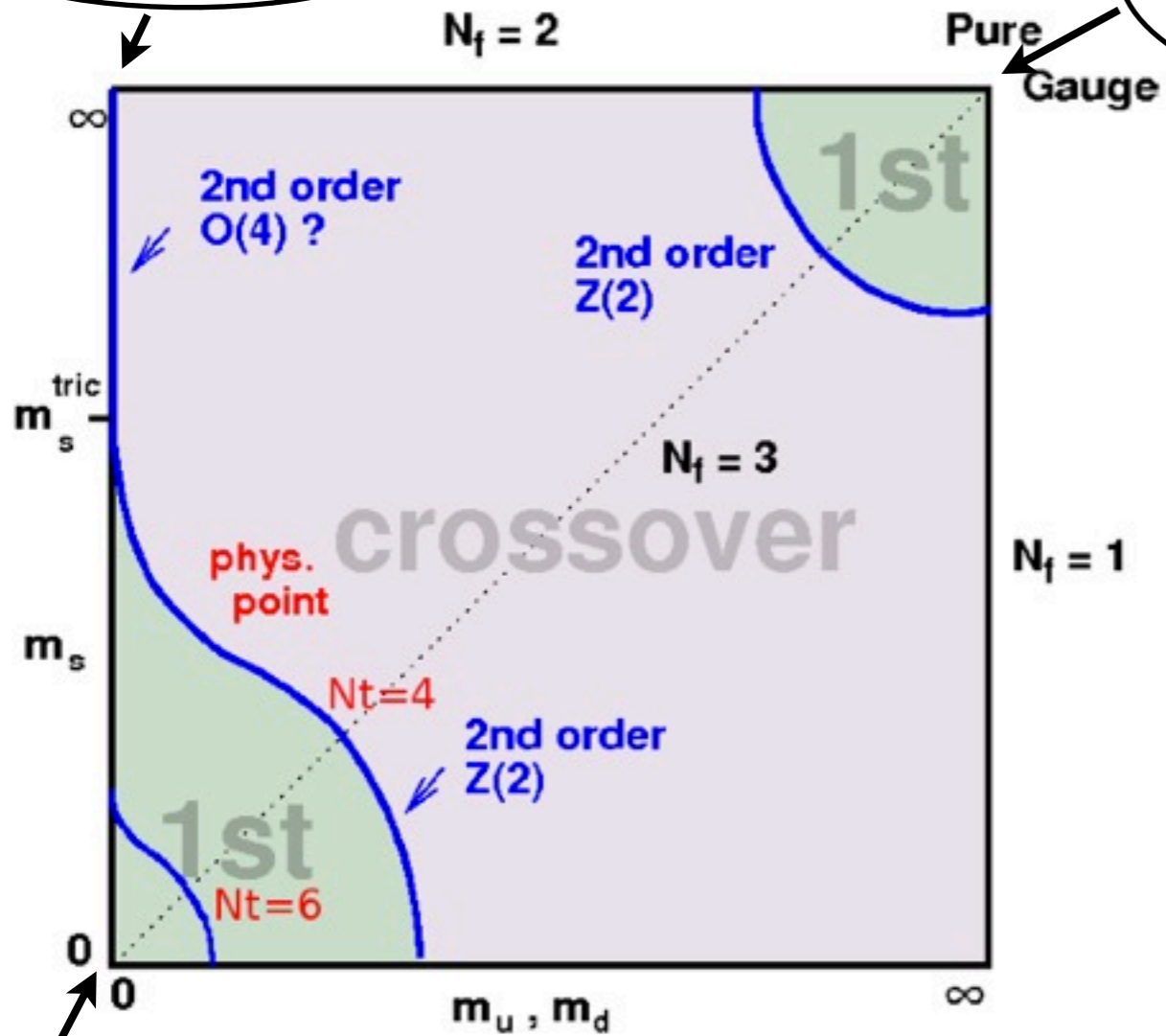


Chiral Limit $N_f = 3$
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QCD phase transitions II

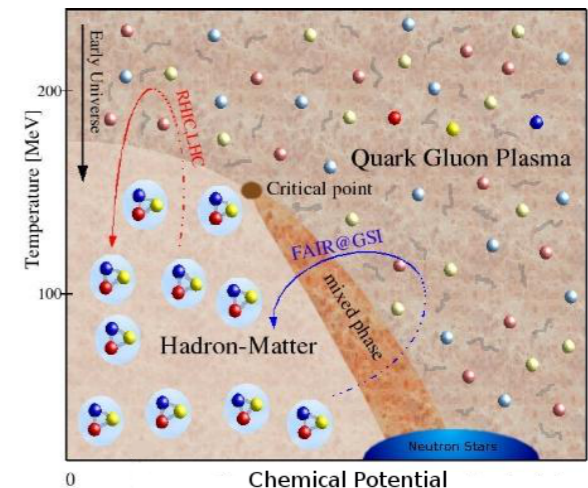
Chiral Limit

Static Quarks
($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow \infty$)



Chiral Limit $N_f=3$
($M_{\text{weak}} \rightarrow 0$)

Is this happening ??



QCD in covariant gauge

$$Z_{QCD} = \int \mathcal{D}[\Psi, A, c] \exp \left\{ - \int_0^{1/T} dt \int d^3x \left(\bar{\Psi} (i\not{D} - m) \Psi - \frac{1}{4} (F_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 + \text{gauge fixing} \right) \right\}$$

Landau gauge propagators in momentum space, $p = (\vec{p}, \omega_p)$:



$$D_{\mu\nu}^{\text{Gluon}}(p) = \frac{Z_T(p)}{p^2} P_{\mu\nu}^T(p) + \frac{Z_L(p)}{p^2} P_{\mu\nu}^L(p)$$



$$S^{\text{Quark}}(p) = Z_f(p) \left[-i \vec{\gamma} \vec{p} - i \gamma_4 \omega_n Z_c(p) + M(p) \right]^{-1}$$

The Goal:

Gauge invariant information from gauge fixed functional approach

Lattice QCD vs. DSE/FRG: Complementary!

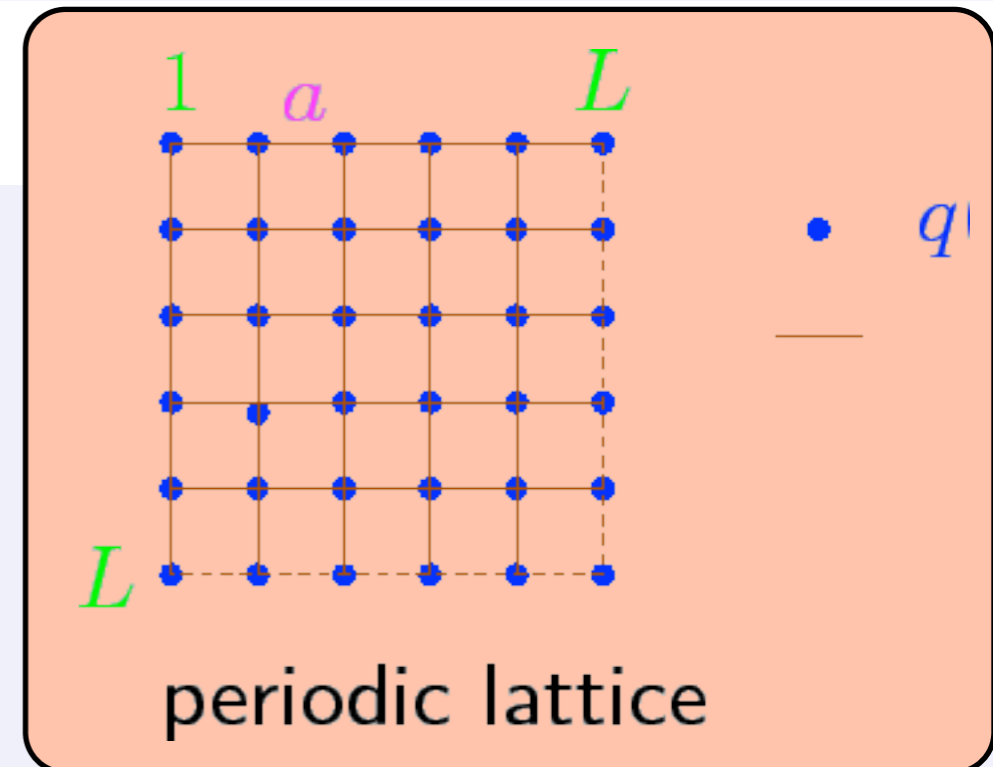
- Lattice simulations

- ▶ **Ab initio**
- ▶ **Gauge invariant** Fodor, Karsch, Phillipsen...

- Functional approaches:

Dyson-Schwinger equations (DSE)
Functional renormalisation group (FRG)

- ▶ **Analytic solutions at small momenta**
CF, J. Pawłowski, PRD 80 (2009) 025023
- ▶ **Space-Time-Continuum**
- ▶ **Chiral symmetry: light quarks and mesons**
- ▶ **Multi-scale problems feasible: e.g. $(g-2)_\mu$**
T. Goecke, C.F., R. Williams, PLB 704 (2011); PRD 83 (2011)
- ▶ **Chemical potential: no sign problem**

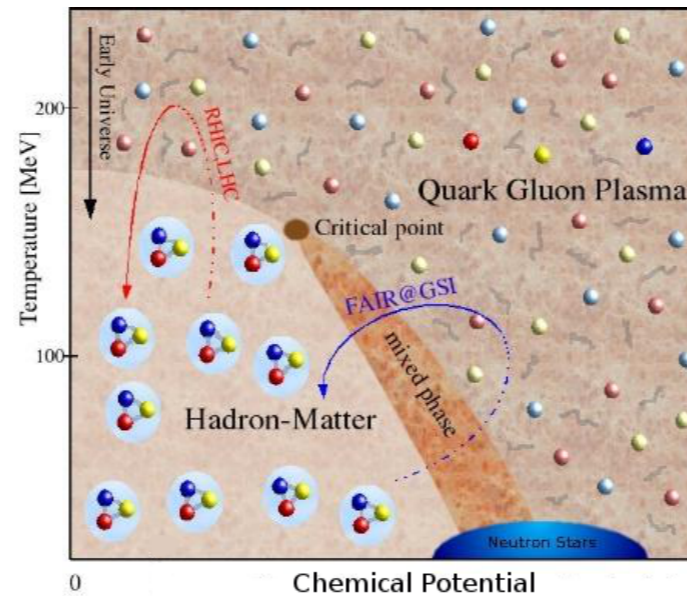


- Models: PNJL, PQM

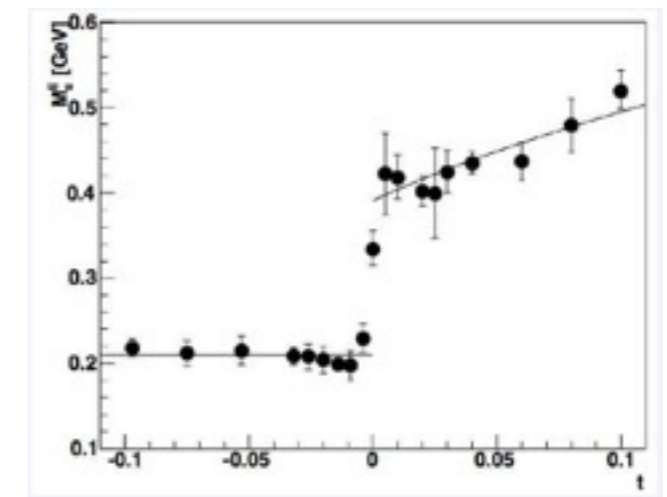
- ▶ **Technically easier**
- ▶ **Exploratory**

Weise, Schaefer,...

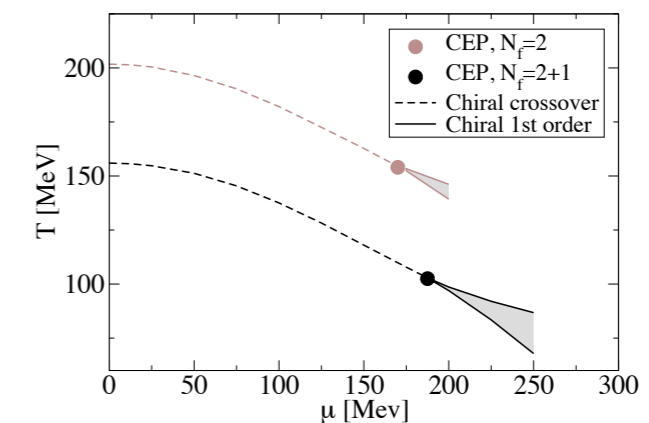
1. Introduction



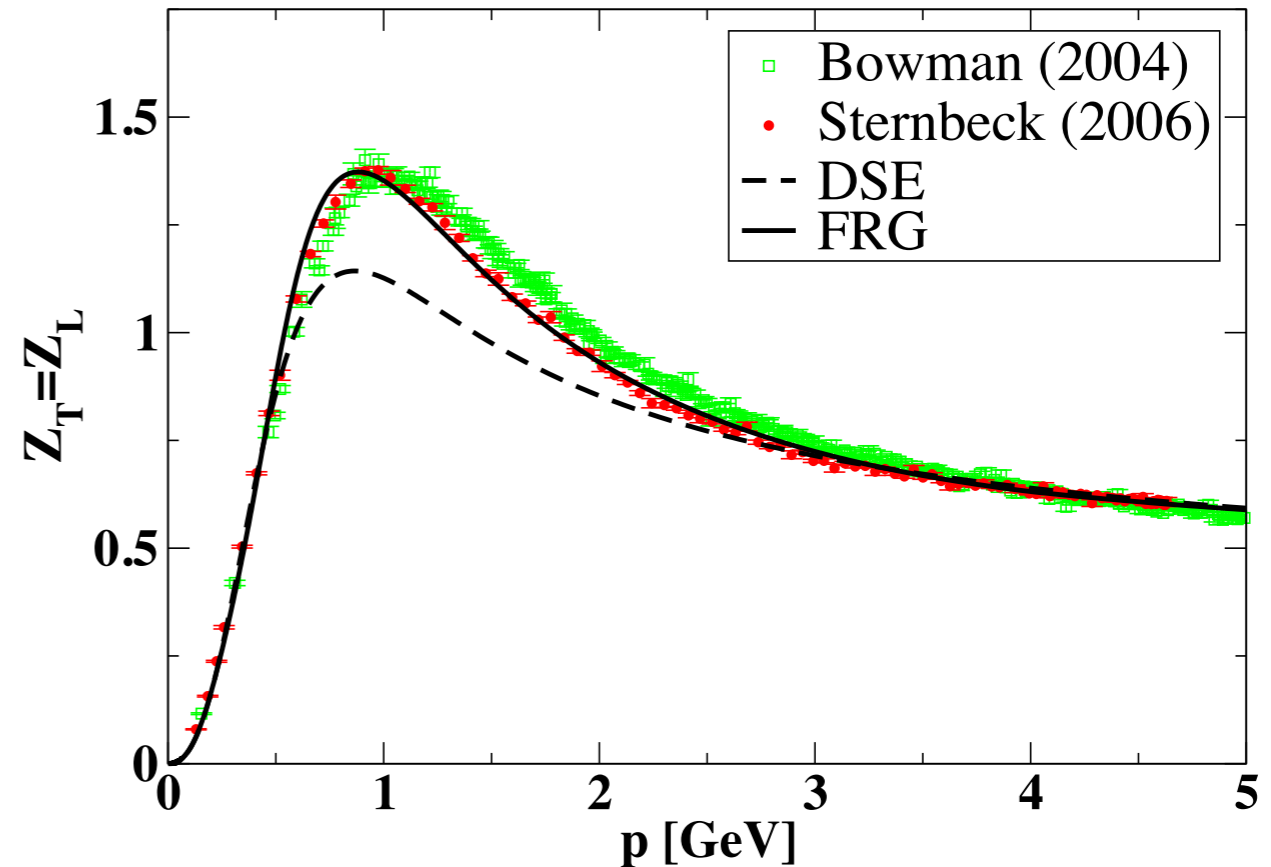
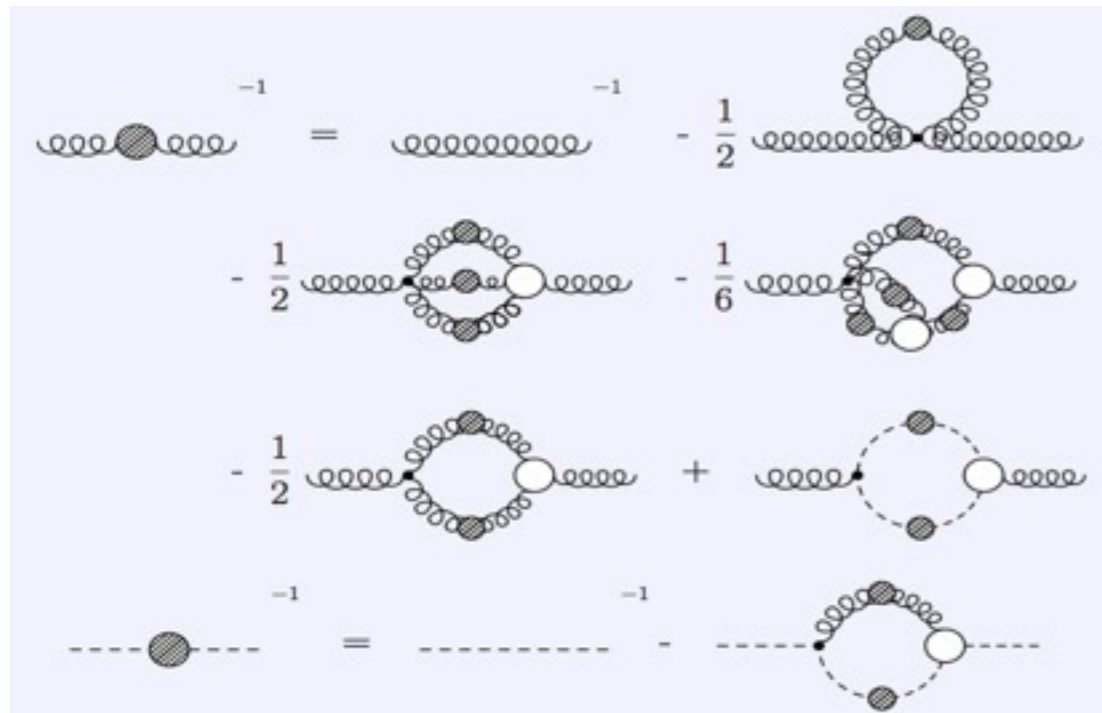
2. Gluons at zero and finite temperature



3. Quarks and the QCD phase diagram



DSE vs. Lattice (T=0)



CF, Maas, Pawłowski, *Annals Phys.* 324 (2009) 2408.

- **Small momenta: $Z(p^2) \sim p^2$, i.e. gluon mass generation**

Cornwall PRD **26** (1982) 1453; Cucchieri, Mendes, PoS **LAT2007** (2007) 297.

Aguilar, Binosi, Papavassiliou, PRD **78**, 025010 (2008); Boucaud, et al. JHEP **0806** (2008) 099

- **Deep infrared: subtle questions related to gauge fixing...**

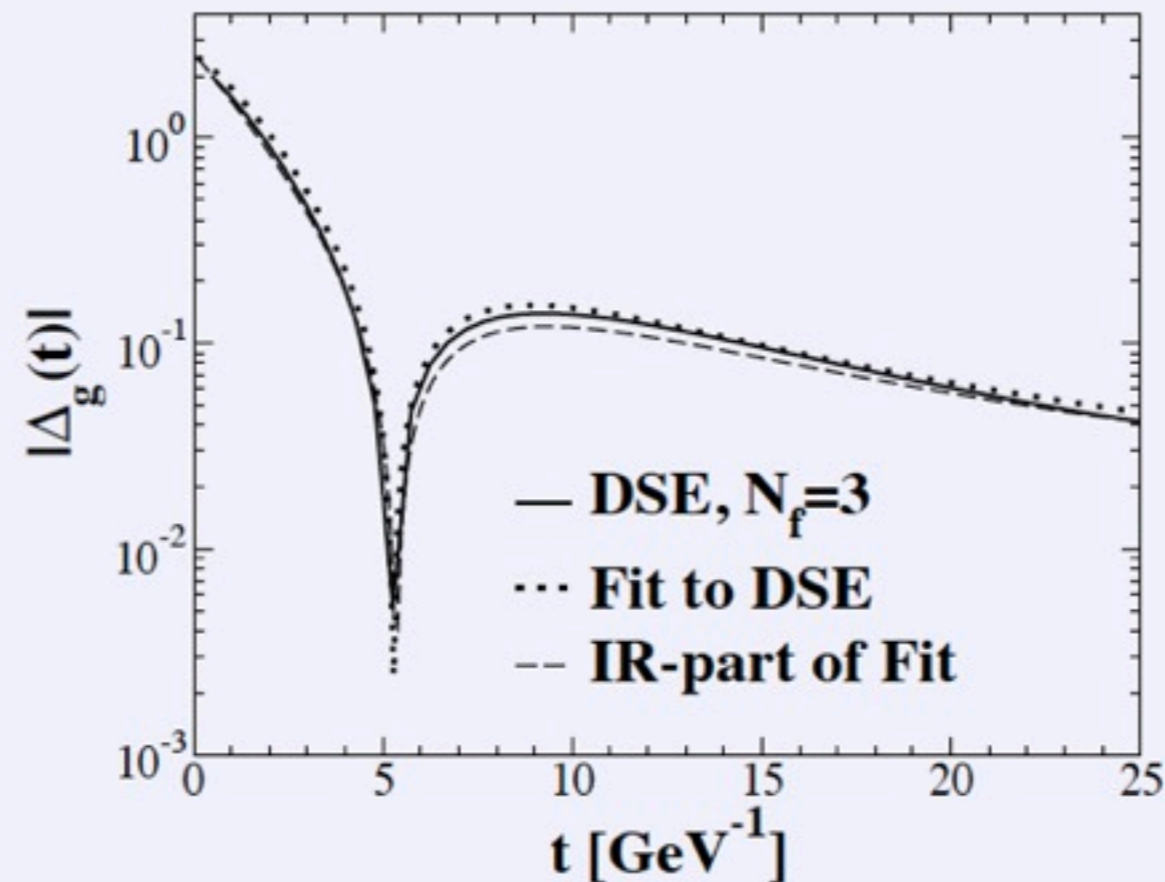
Maas, PLB **689** (2010) 107; Sternbeck, Smekal, EPJC **68** (2010) 487

- **Timelike momenta: Positivity violations \rightarrow gluon screening**

Alkofer, Detmold, C.F. and Maris, PRD **70** (2004) 014014

Gluon: positivity violation

$$\Delta_g(t) := \int d^3x \int \frac{d^4p}{(2\pi)^4} e^{i(tp_4 + \vec{p}\vec{x})} \frac{Z(p^2)}{p^2}$$



- ▶ Violation of positivity \Rightarrow **no physical asymptotic gluons**
- ▶ Cut on the timelike momentum axis ?

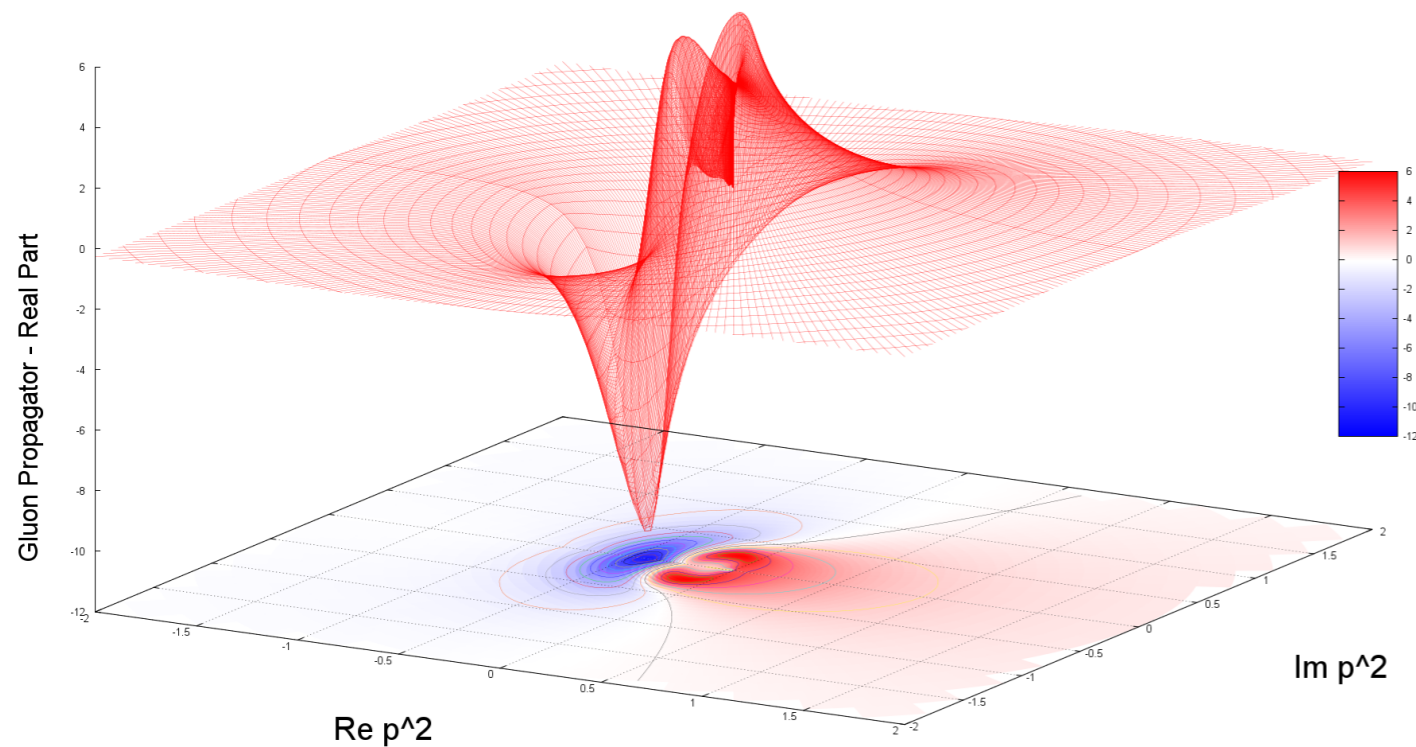
R. Alkofer, W. Detmold, C. F., P. Maris, Phys. Rev. D **70** (2004) 014014

C.F., A. Maas and J. M. Pawłowski, Annals Phys. **324** (2009) 2408-2437.

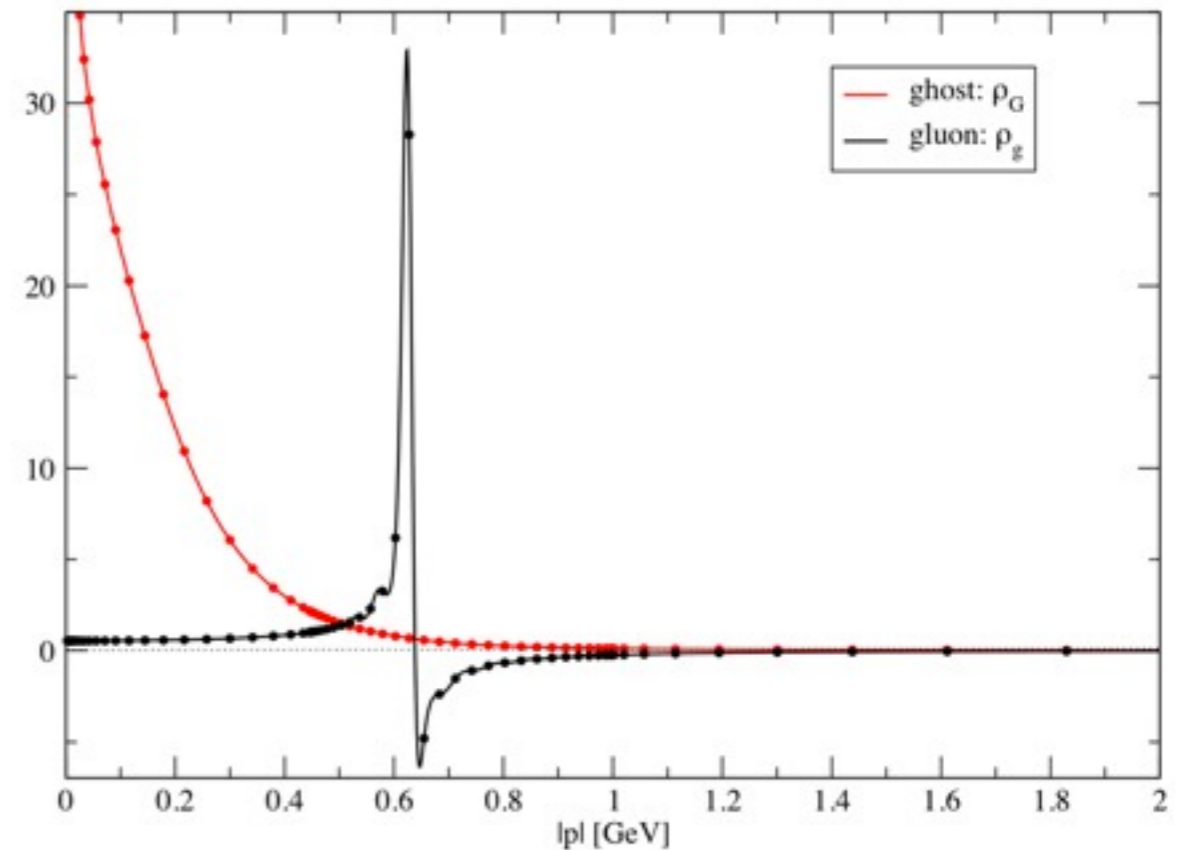


Gluon: analytic structure

Gluon: real part



Gluon: spectral function

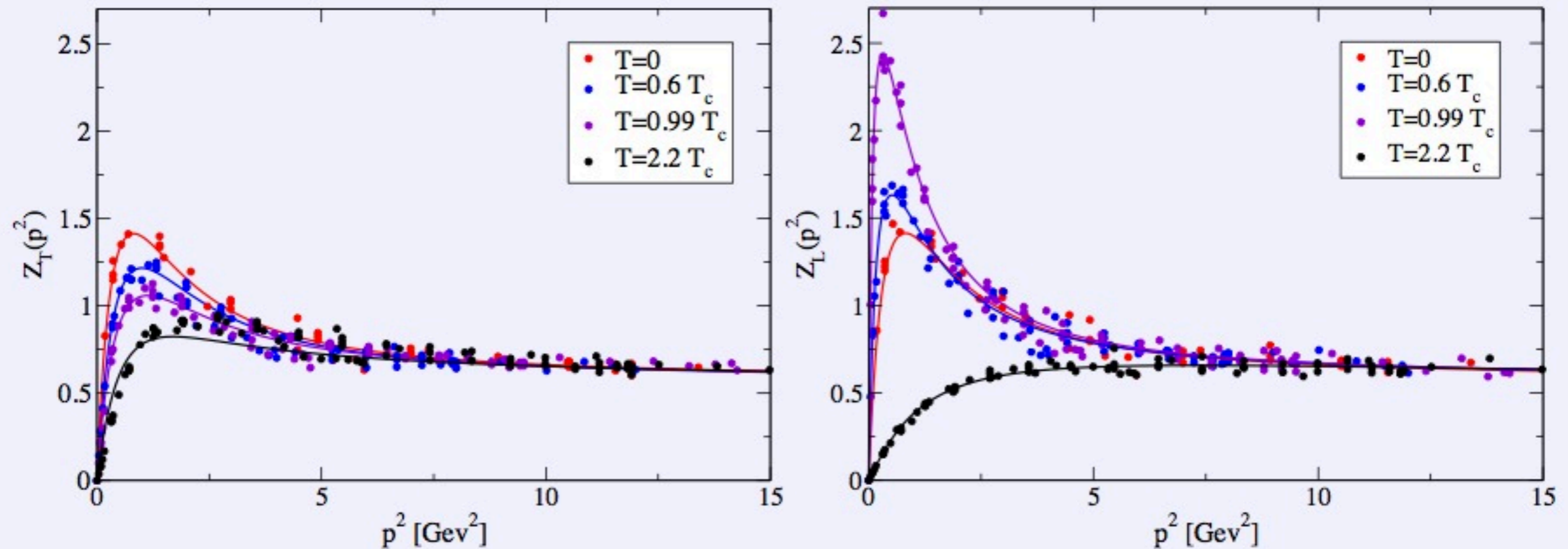


Strauss, CF, Kellermann, Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, (2012) 252001

- Ghost and Gluon DSE solved in the complex p^2 -plane
- No non-analytic structure outside real axis
- Cut for timelike real momenta $p^2 < 0$
- Spectral function: Oehme-Zimmermann relation satisfied

Glue at finite temperature ($T \neq 0$)

T -dependent gluon propagator from lattice simulations:



- Difference between electric and magnetic gluon
- Maximum of electric gluon around T_c

Cucchieri, Maas, Mendes, PRD 75 (2007)

C.F., Maas and Mueller, EPJC 68 (2010)

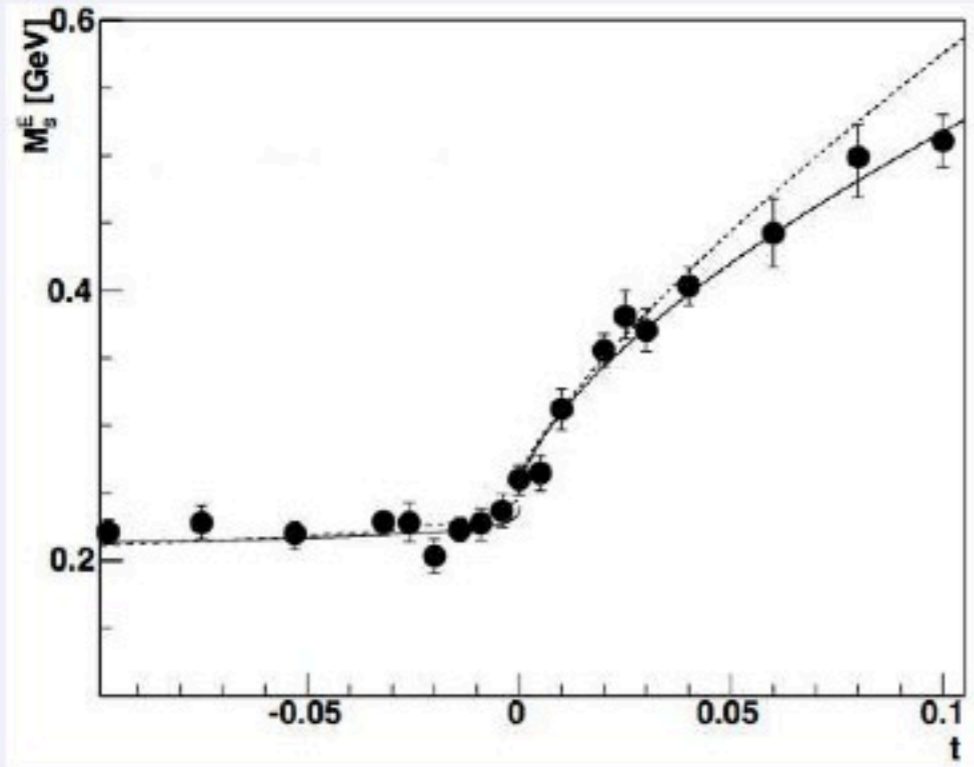
Cucchieri, Mendes, PoS FACESQCD (2010) 007.

Aouane, Bornyakov, Ilgenfritz, Mitryushkin, Muller-Preussker, Sternbeck, [arXiv:1108.1735 [hep-lat]].

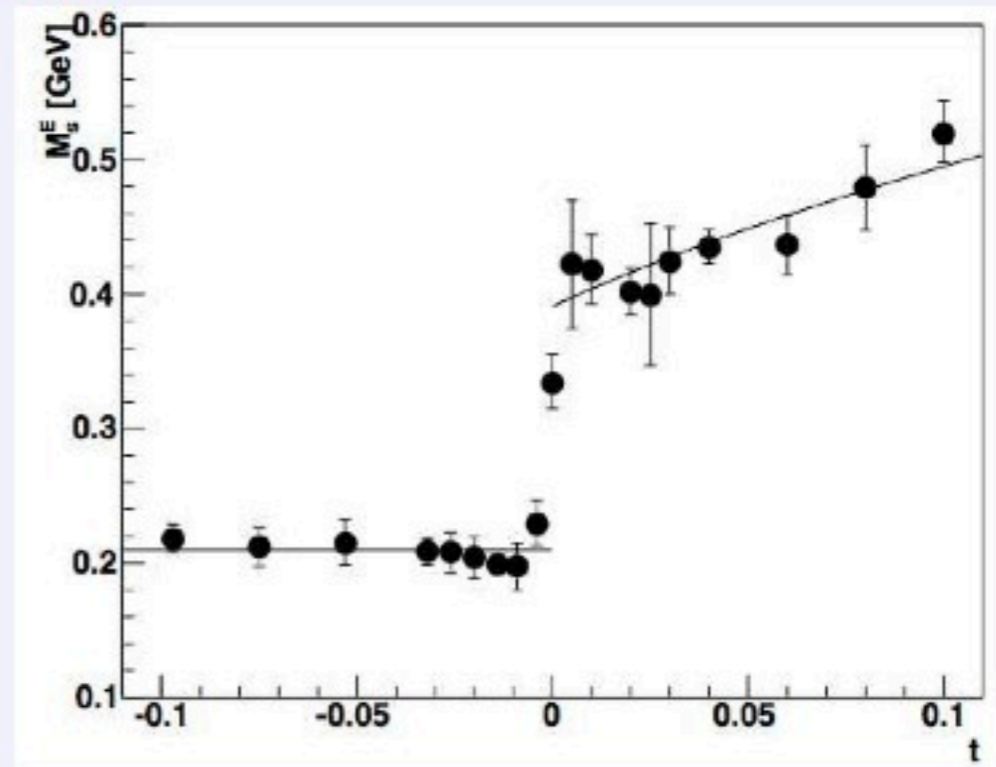


Gluon screening mass: SU(2) vs. SU(3)

SU(2)



SU(3)

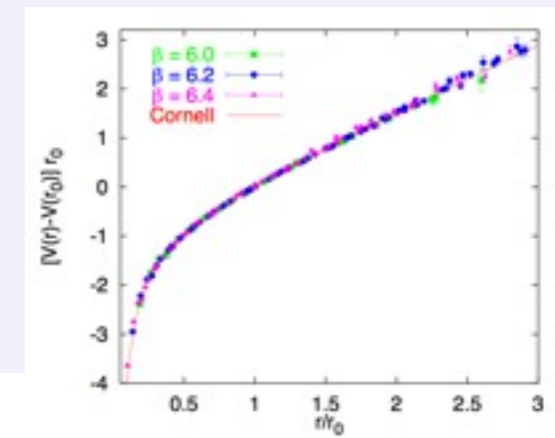


$$t = (T - T_c) / T_c$$

Maas, Pawłowski, Smekal, Spielmann, arXiv:1110.6340.

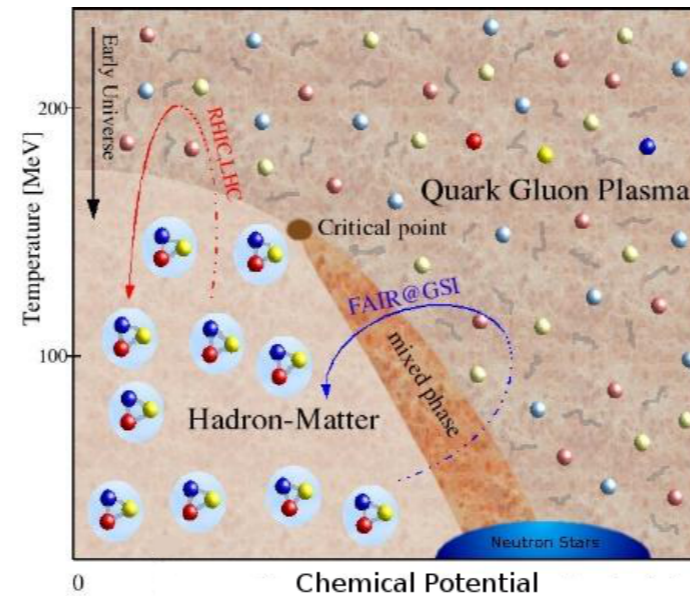
C.F., Maas and Mueller, EPJC 68 (2010)

- phase transition of **second** and **first** order clearly visible in **electric screening mass**

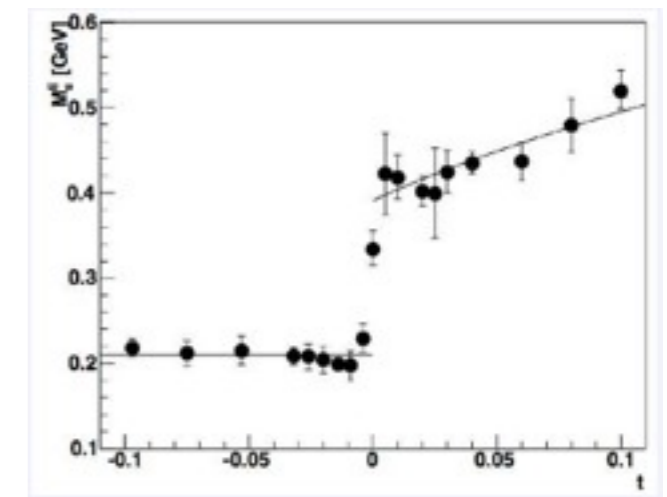


Bali, Phys. Rept 343 (2001)

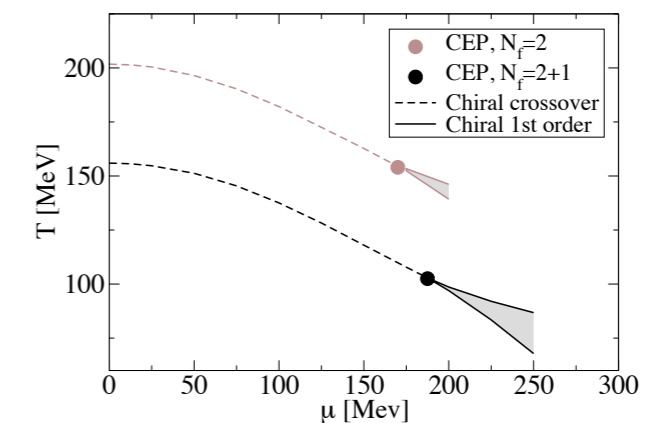
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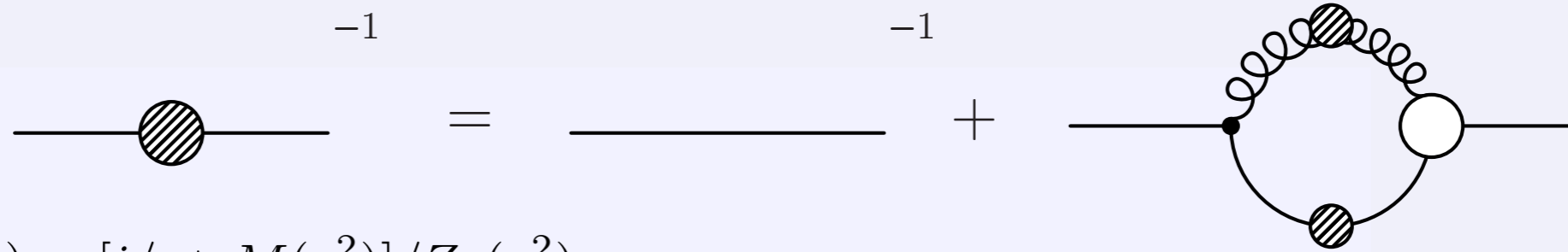
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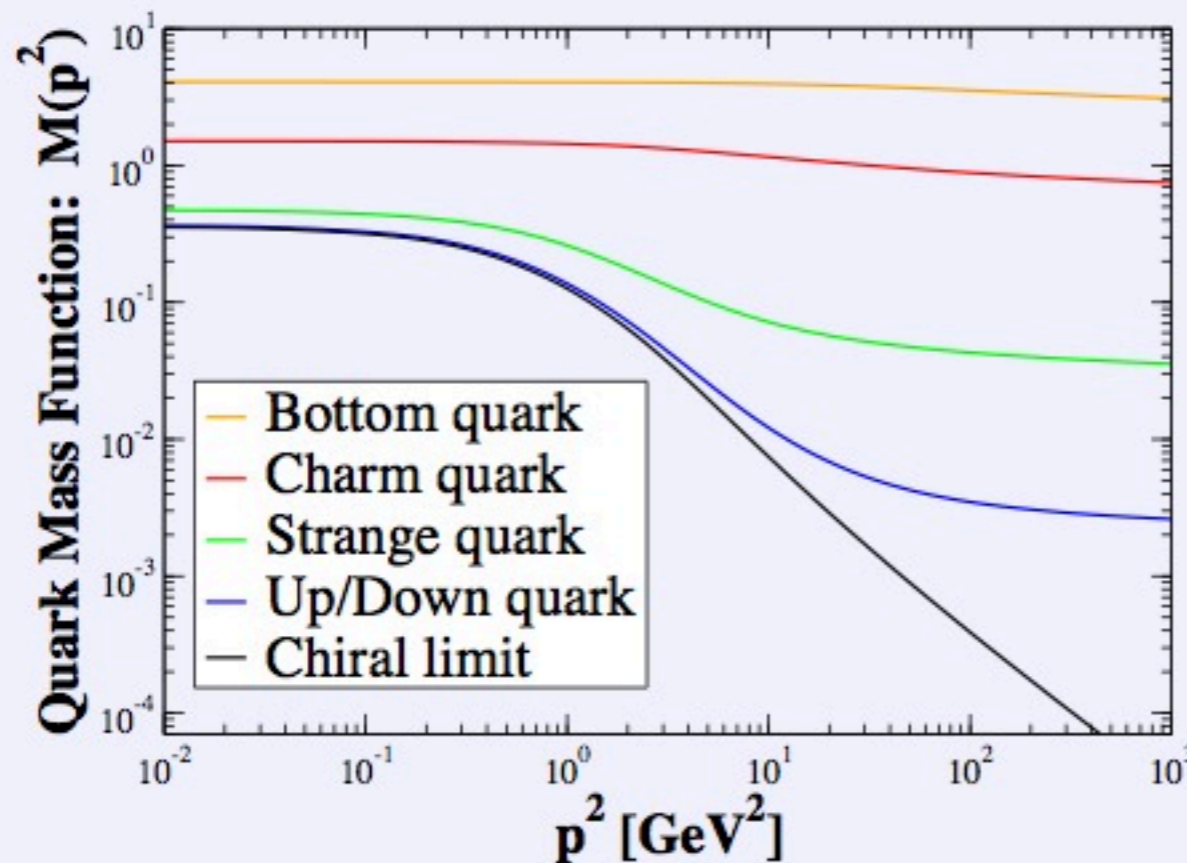
3. Quarks and the QCD phase diagram



Properties of QCD: Dynamical mass generation



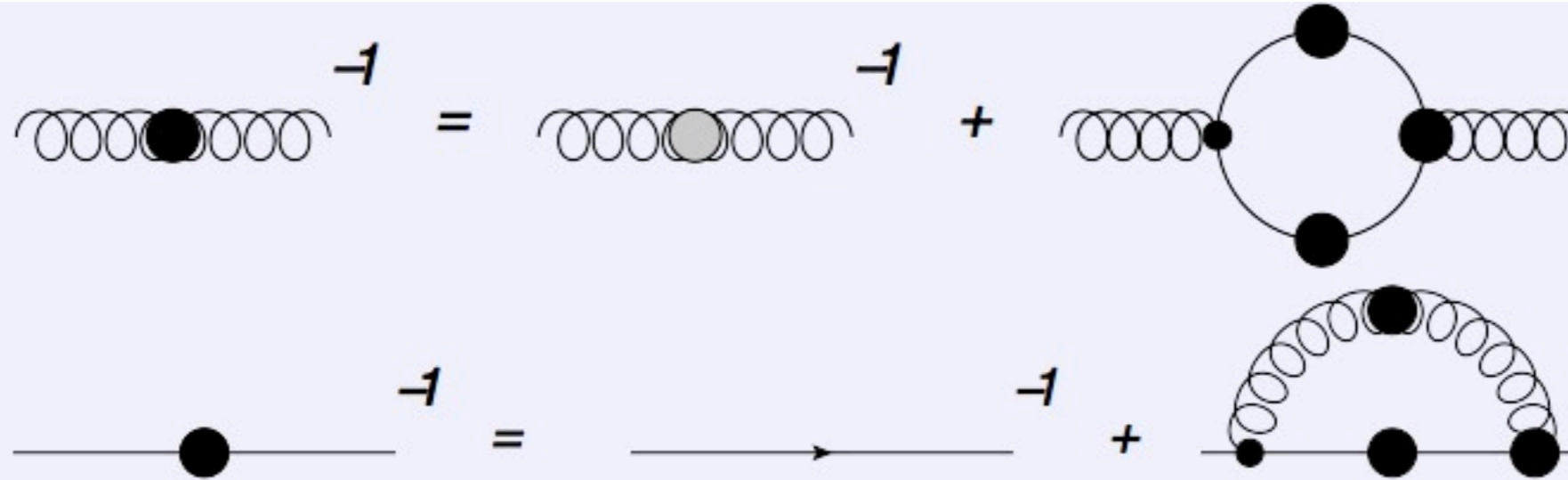
$$S^{-1}(p) = [i\not{p} + M(p^2)]/Z_f(p^2)$$



C.F. J.Phys.G G32 (2006) R253-R291

- $M(p^2)$
momentum dependent!
- Dynamical masses
 $M_{strong}(0) \approx 350 \text{ MeV}$
- Flavour dependence
because of M_{weak}
- $\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle \approx (250\text{MeV})^3$

The ordinary chiral condensate



- quenched lattice gluon propagator + DSE-quark-loop
- $T = 0$: quark-gluon vertex studied via DSEs

Alkofer, C.F., Llanes-Estrada, Schwenzer, Annals Phys.324:106-172,2009.

C.F, R. Williams, PRL **103** (2009) 122001

$T \neq 0$: ansatz, T, μ and mass dependent (STI)

- Order parameter for **chiral symmetry breaking**:

$$\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle = Z_2 N_c T \sum_{n_p} \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \text{Tr}_D S(\vec{p}, \omega_p)$$



The dual condensate/dressed Polyakov loop

Then define dual condensate Σ_n :

$$\Sigma_n = - \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\varphi}{2\pi} e^{-i\varphi n} \langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle_\varphi$$

- $n = 1$ projects out loops with $n(l) = 1$: dressed Polyakov loop
- transforms under center transformation exactly like ordinary Polyakov loop: order parameter for center symmetry breaking
- Σ_1 is accessible with functional methods

C.F., PRL **103** (2009) 052003

C. Gattringer, PRL **97**, 032003 (2006)

F. Synatschke, A. Wipf and C. Wozar, PRD **75**, 114003 (2007).

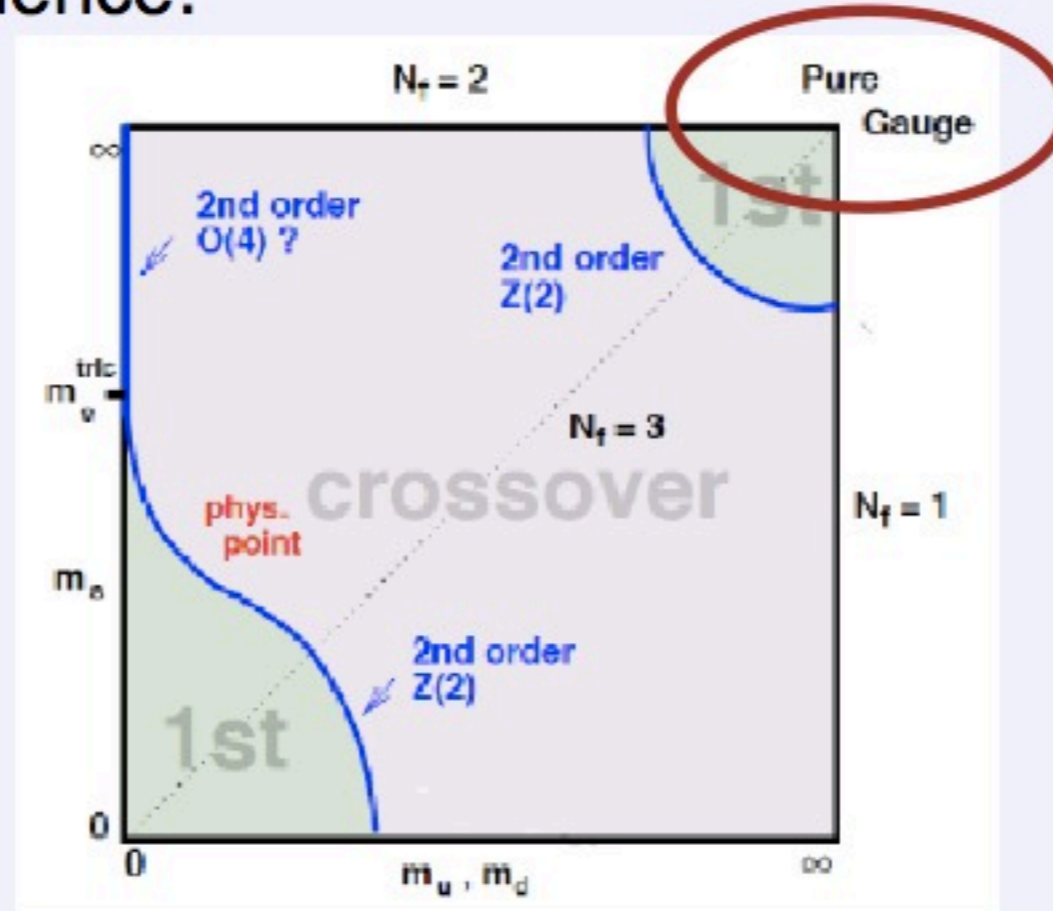
E. Bilgici, F. Bruckmann, C. Gattringer and C. Hagen, PRD **77** 094007 (2008).

F. Synatschke, A. Wipf and K. Langfeld, PRD **77**, 114018 (2008).

J. Braun, L. Haas, F. Marhauser, J. M. Pawłowski, PRL **106** (2011)

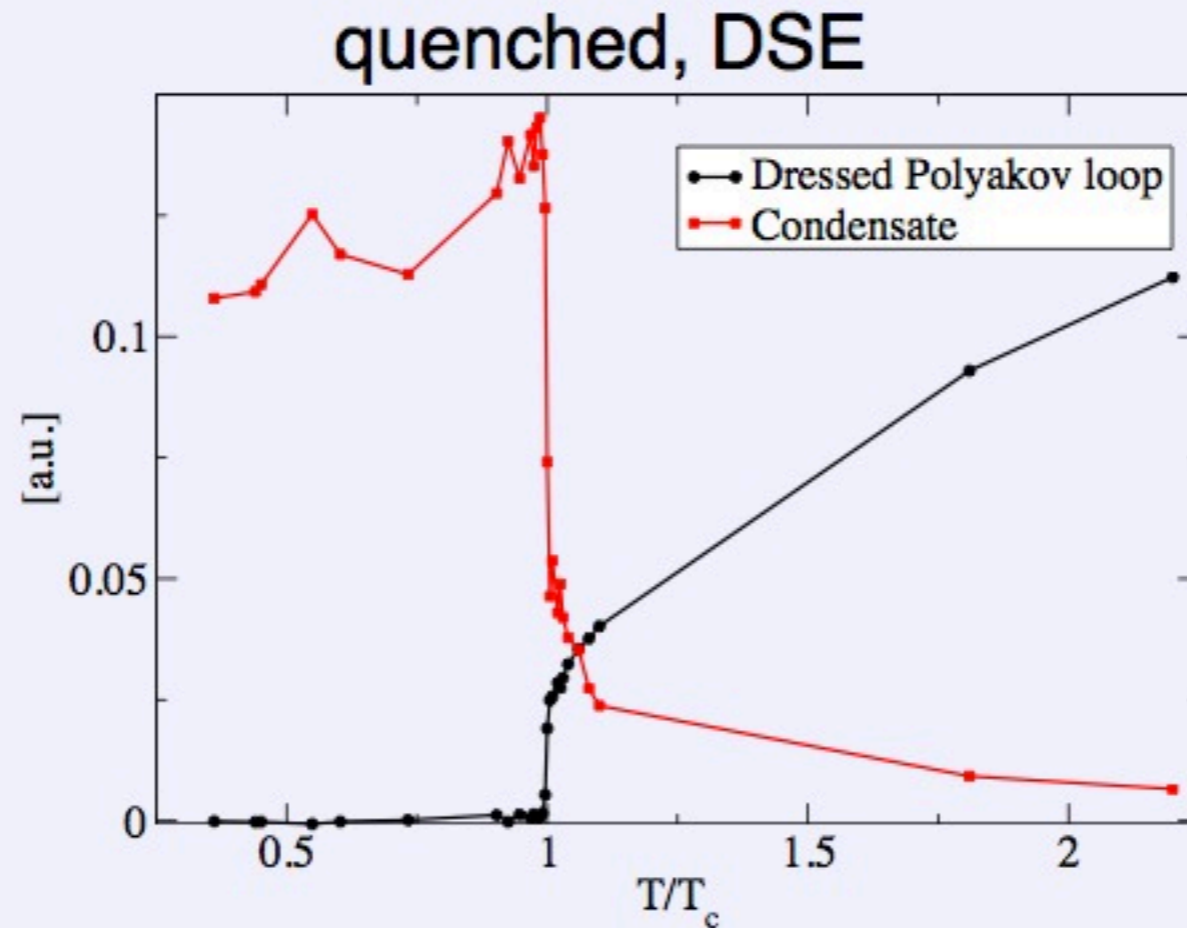
QCD phase transition: heavy quark limit/quenched

Quark mass dependence:



- Expect: Transitions controlled by deconfinement
- $SU(2)$ second order, $SU(3)$ first order

Transition temperatures, quenched



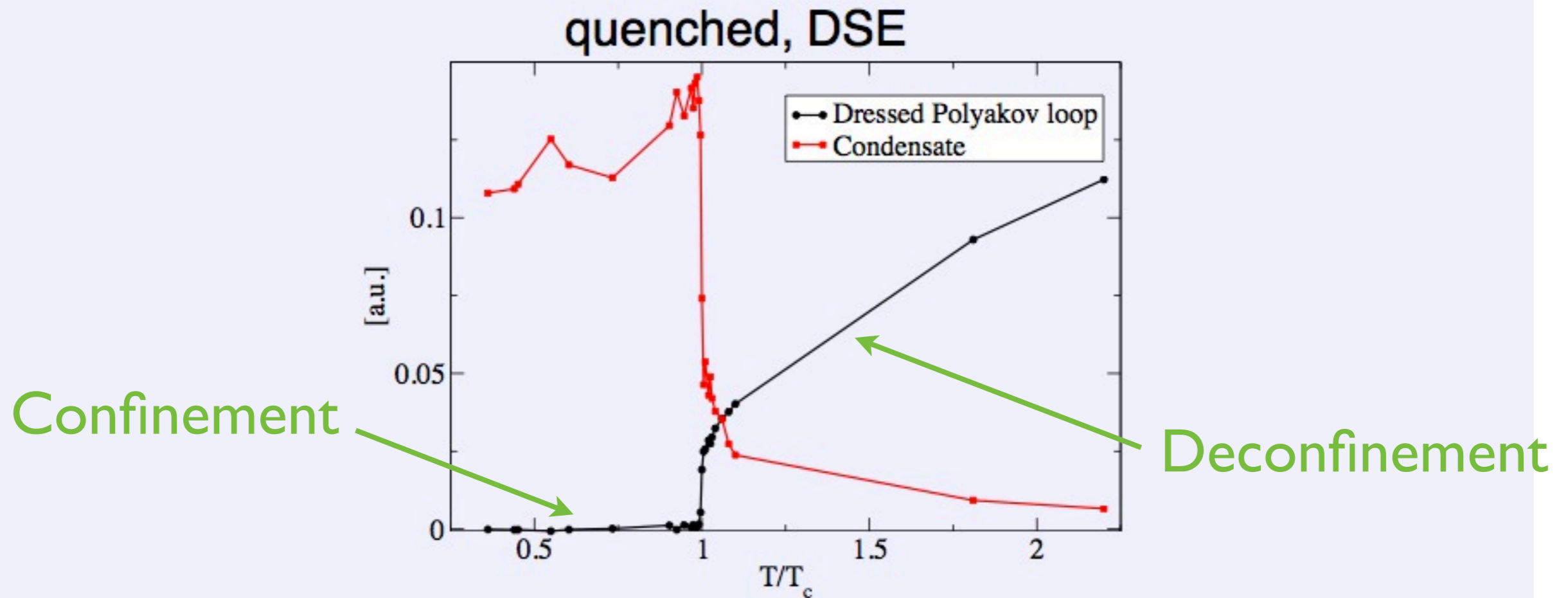
Luecker, C.F., arXiv:1111.0180; C.F., Maas, Mueller, EPJC 68 (2010).

- SU(2): $T_c \approx 305$ MeV
SU(3): $T_c \approx 270$ MeV
- $T \leq T_c$: increasing condensate due to electric part of gluon

cf. Buividovich, Lushevskaya, Polikarpov, PRD 78 (2008) 074505.

cf. Braun, Gies, Pawłowski, PLB 684 (2010) 262-267.

Transition temperatures, quenched



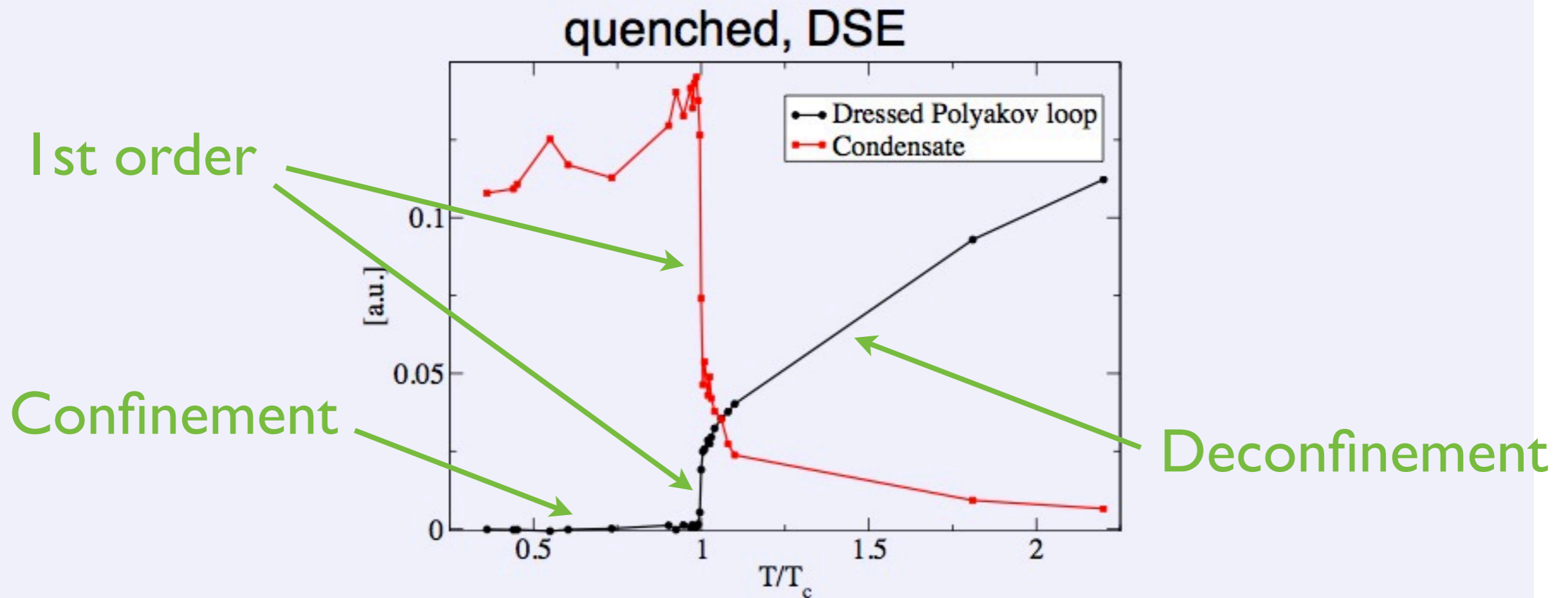
Luecker, C.F., arXiv:1111.0180; C.F., Maas, Mueller, EPJC 68 (2010).

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Transition temperatures, quenched



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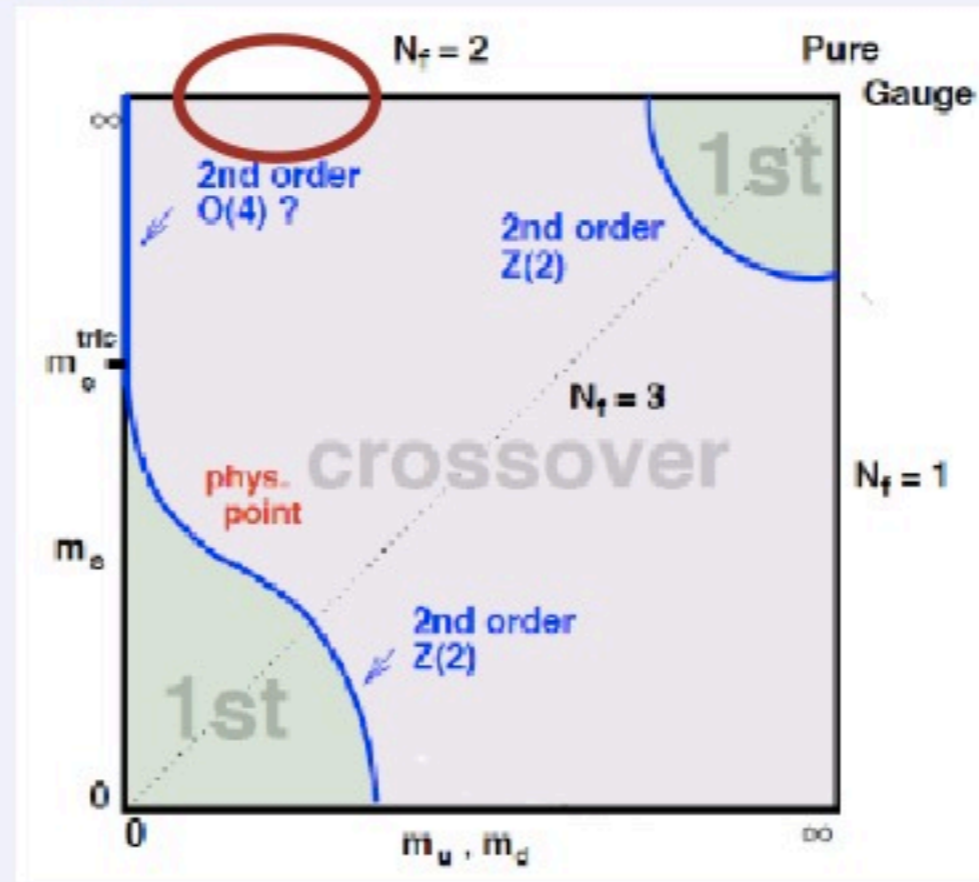
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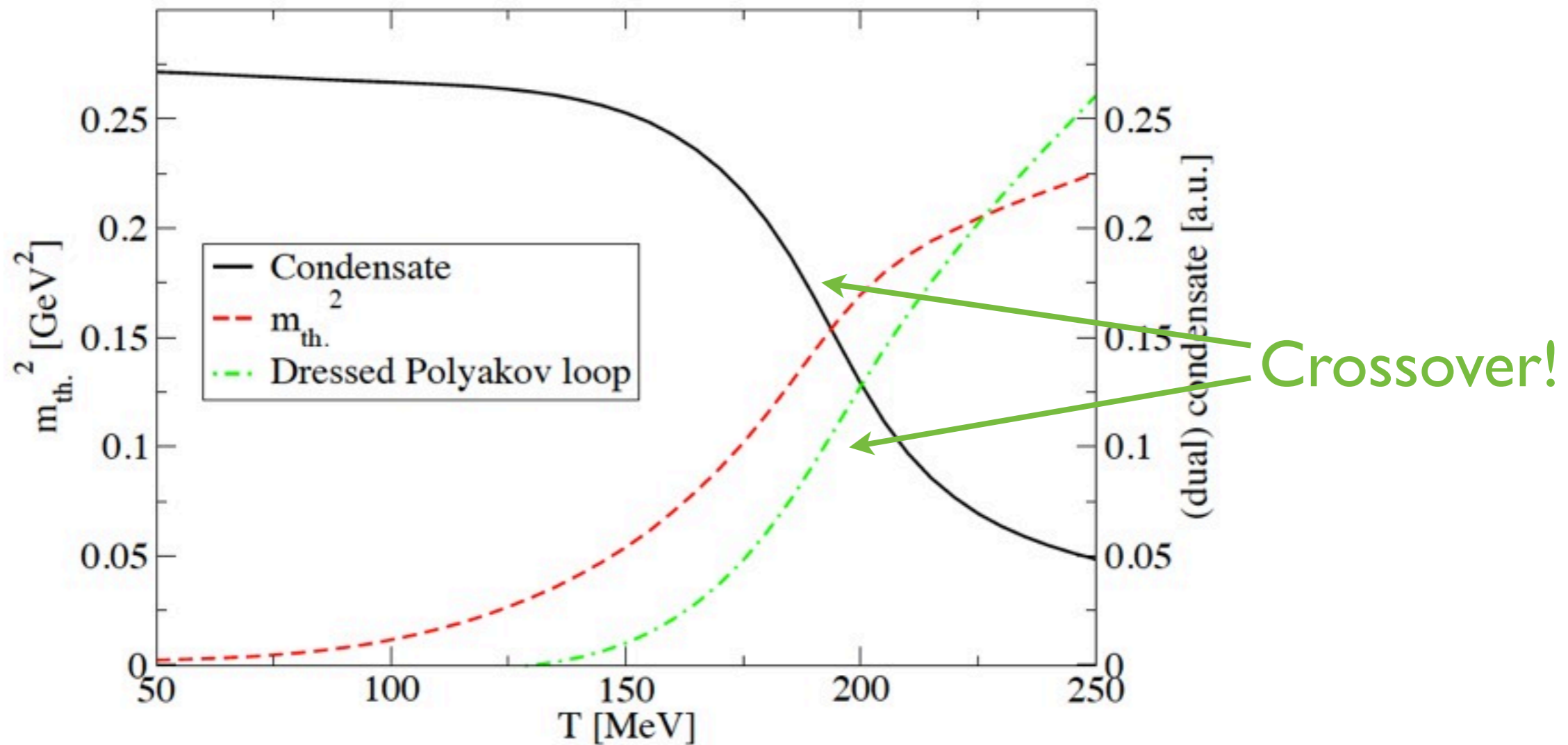
QCD phase transitions: $N_f=2$

Quark mass dependence:



- $N_f = 2$, physical up/down quark masses
- Transition controlled by chiral dynamics

$N_f=2$: Transition temperatures at $\mu=0$

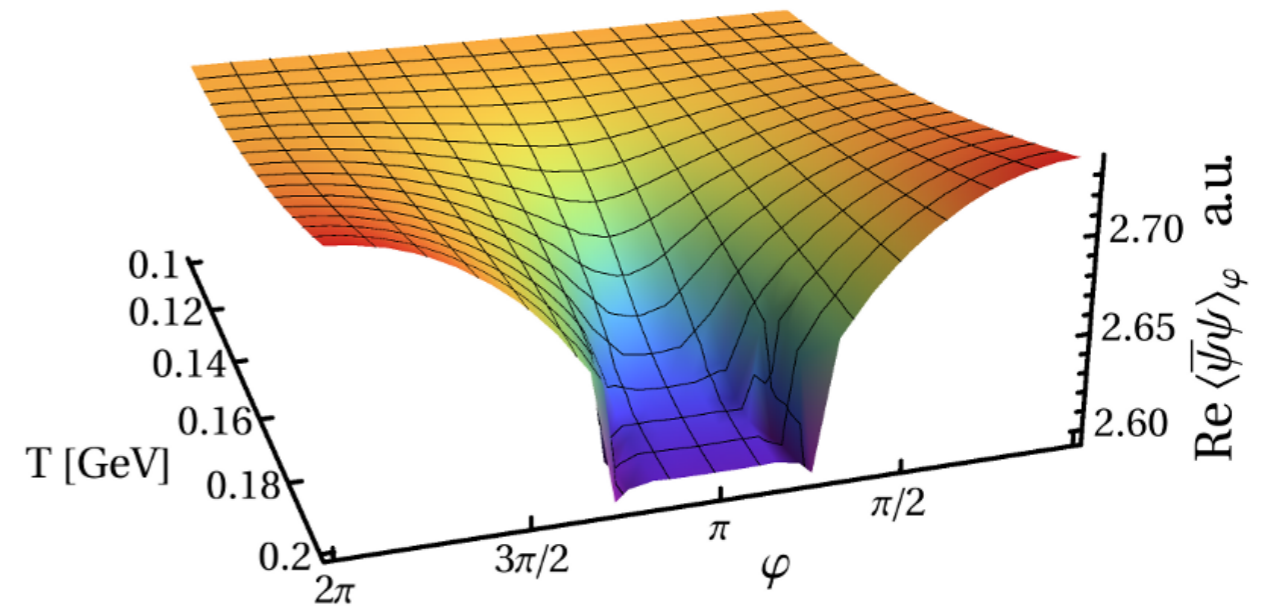
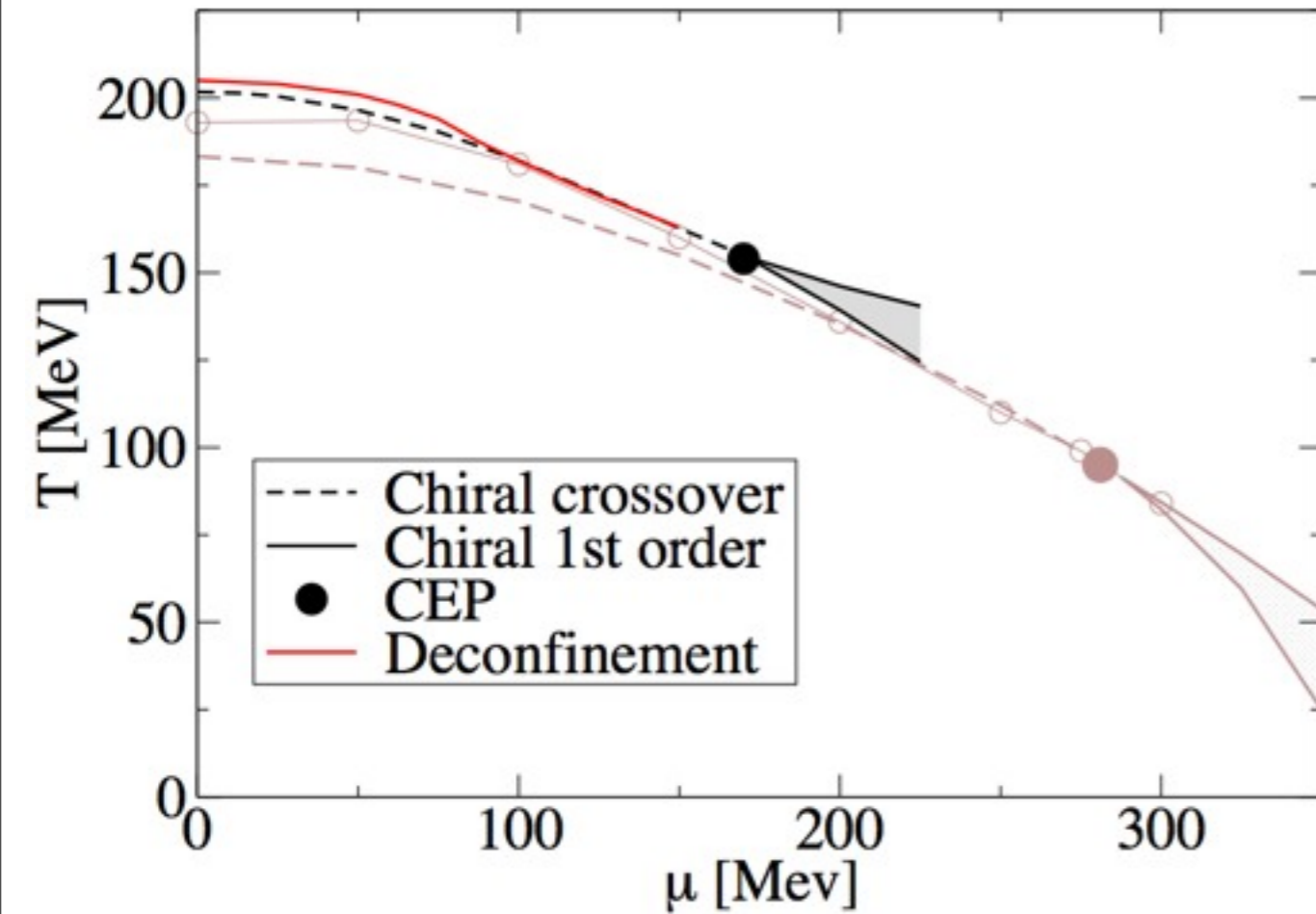


CF, Luecker, Mueller, PLB 702 (2011) 438-441
CF, Luecker, PLB 718 (2013) 1036.

- $T_\chi \approx 203$ MeV
- $T_{conf} \approx 205$ MeV
- similar results in FRG-approach

Braun, Haas, Marhauser, Pawłowski, PRL 106 (2011) 022002

$N_f=2$: QCD phase diagram

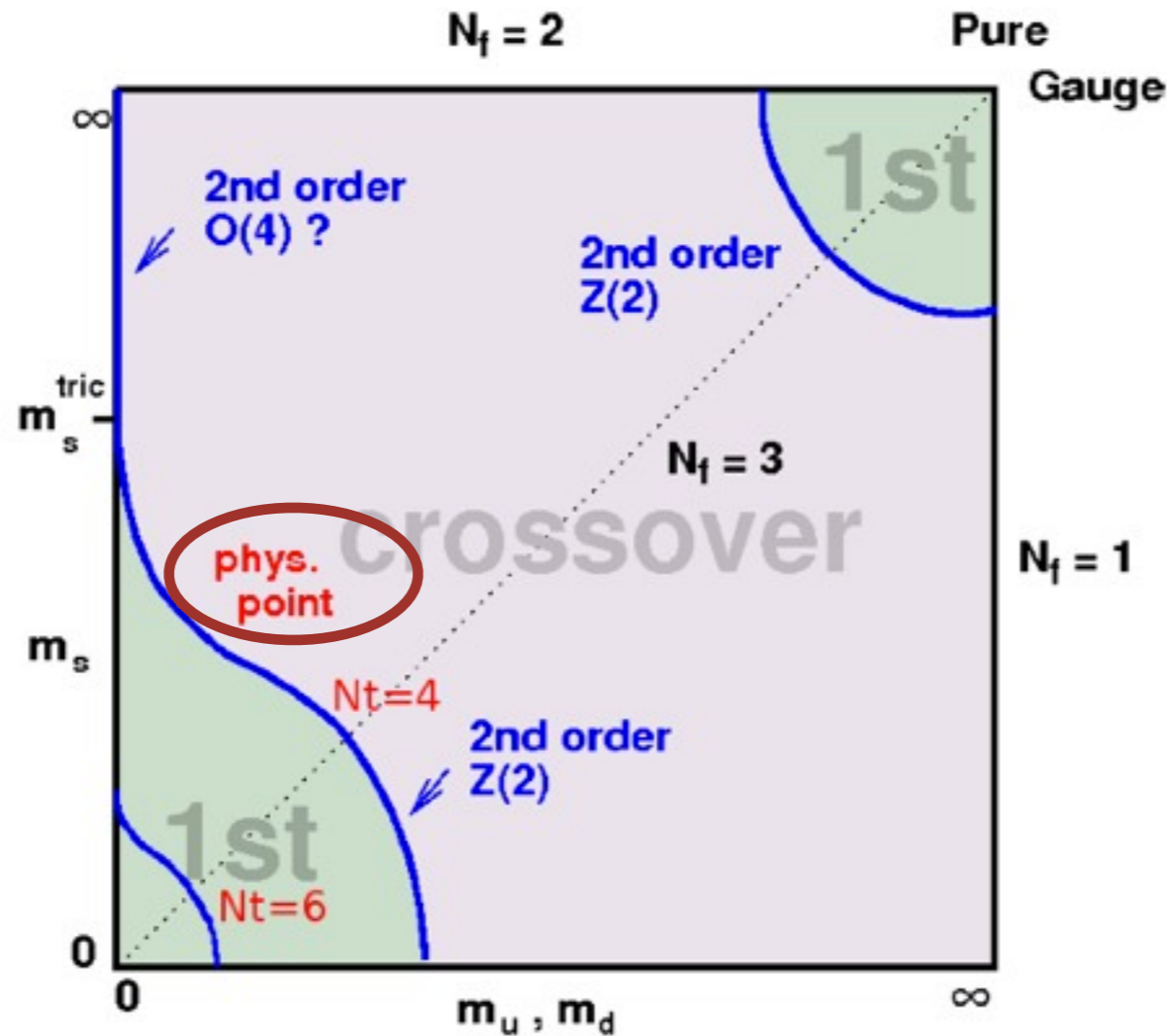


CF, Luecker, Mueller, PLB 702 (2011) 438-441
CF, Luecker, PLB 718 (2013) 1036

- chiral CEP
- crucial: backreaction of quark onto gluon
- qualitative agreement with RG-improved PQM model

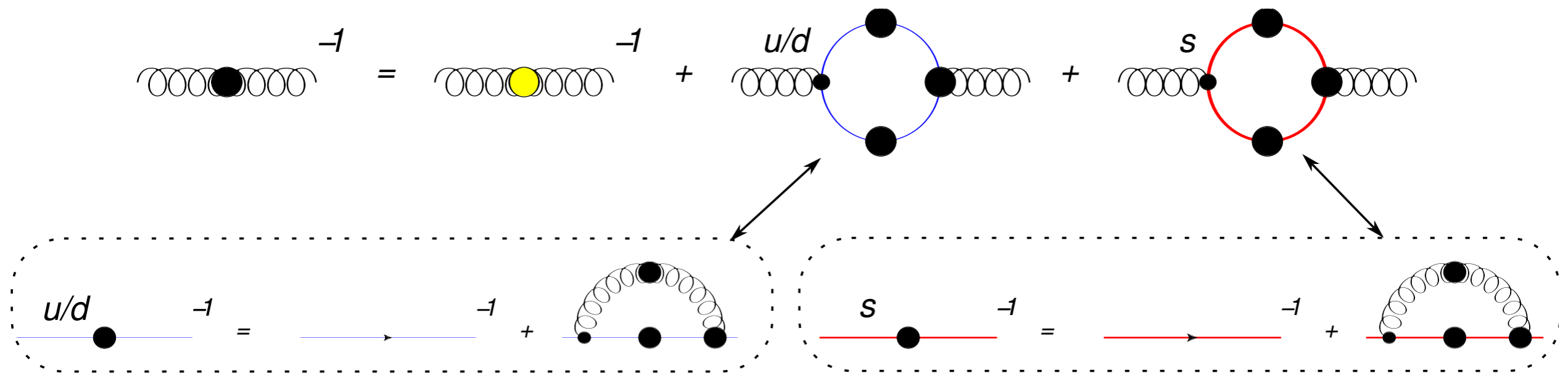
Herbst, Pawłowski, Schaefer, PLB 696 (2011)

QCD phase transitions: $N_f=2+1$



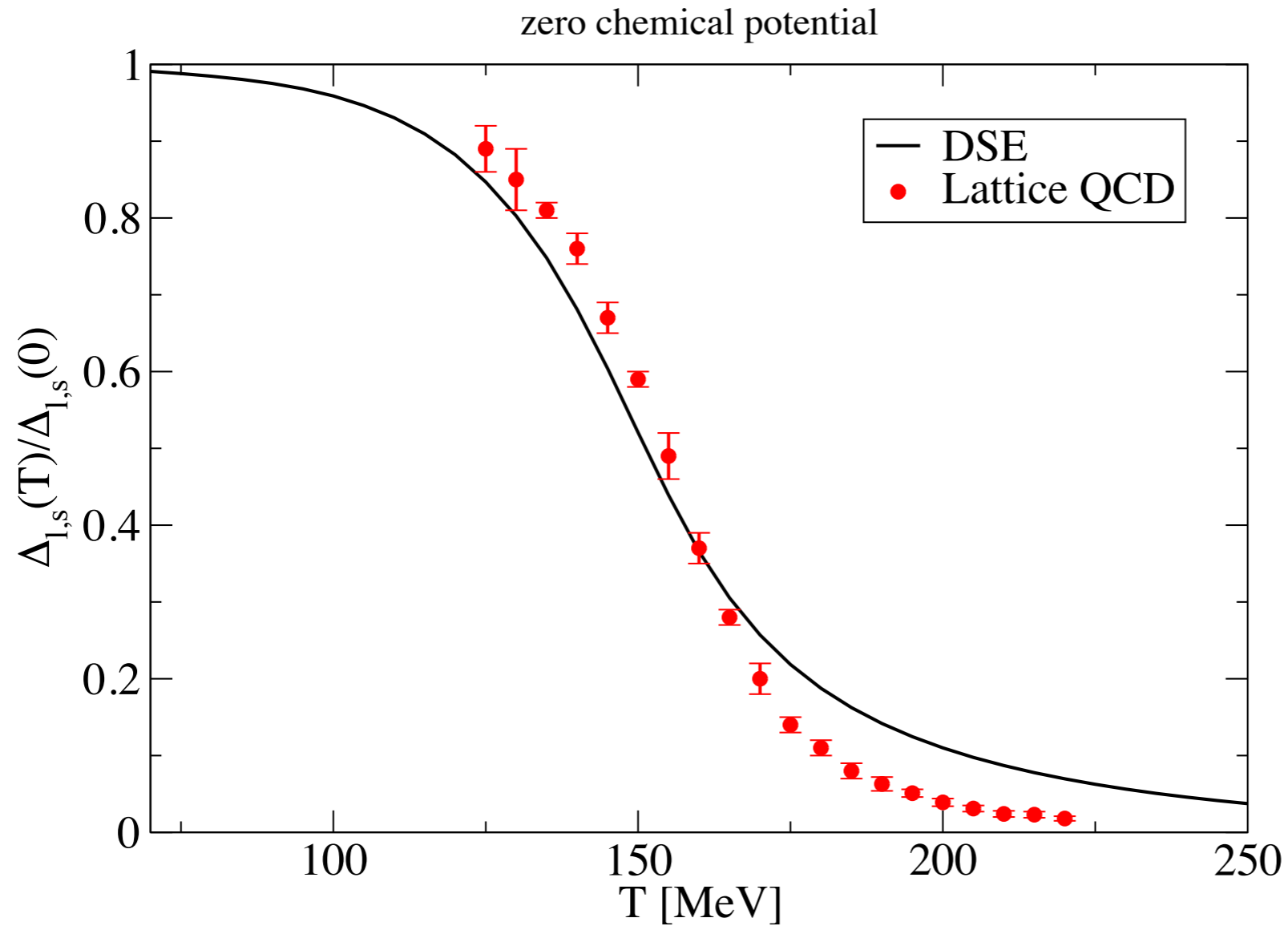
- Physical up/down and strange quark masses
- Transition controlled by chiral dynamics
- at $\mu=0$: compare to available lattice results

DSEs with $N_f=2+1$



- solve coupled system of three equations

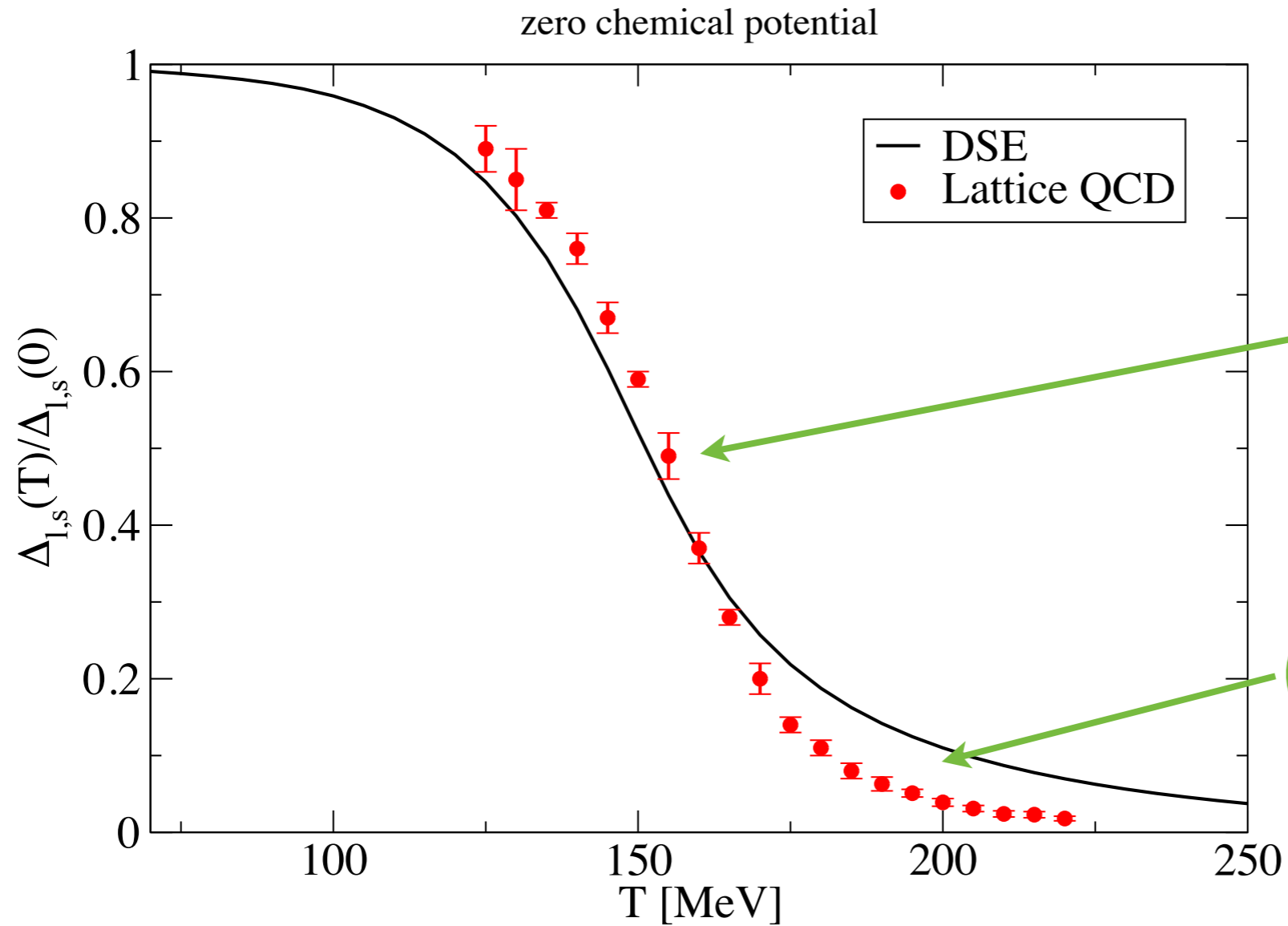
$N_f=2+1$, zero chemical potential



Lattice: Borsanyi *et al.* [Wuppertal-Budapest Collaboration], JHEP 1009(2010) 073
DSE: CF, Luecker, PLB 718 (2013) 1036

● semi-quantitative agreement

$N_f=2+1$, zero chemical potential



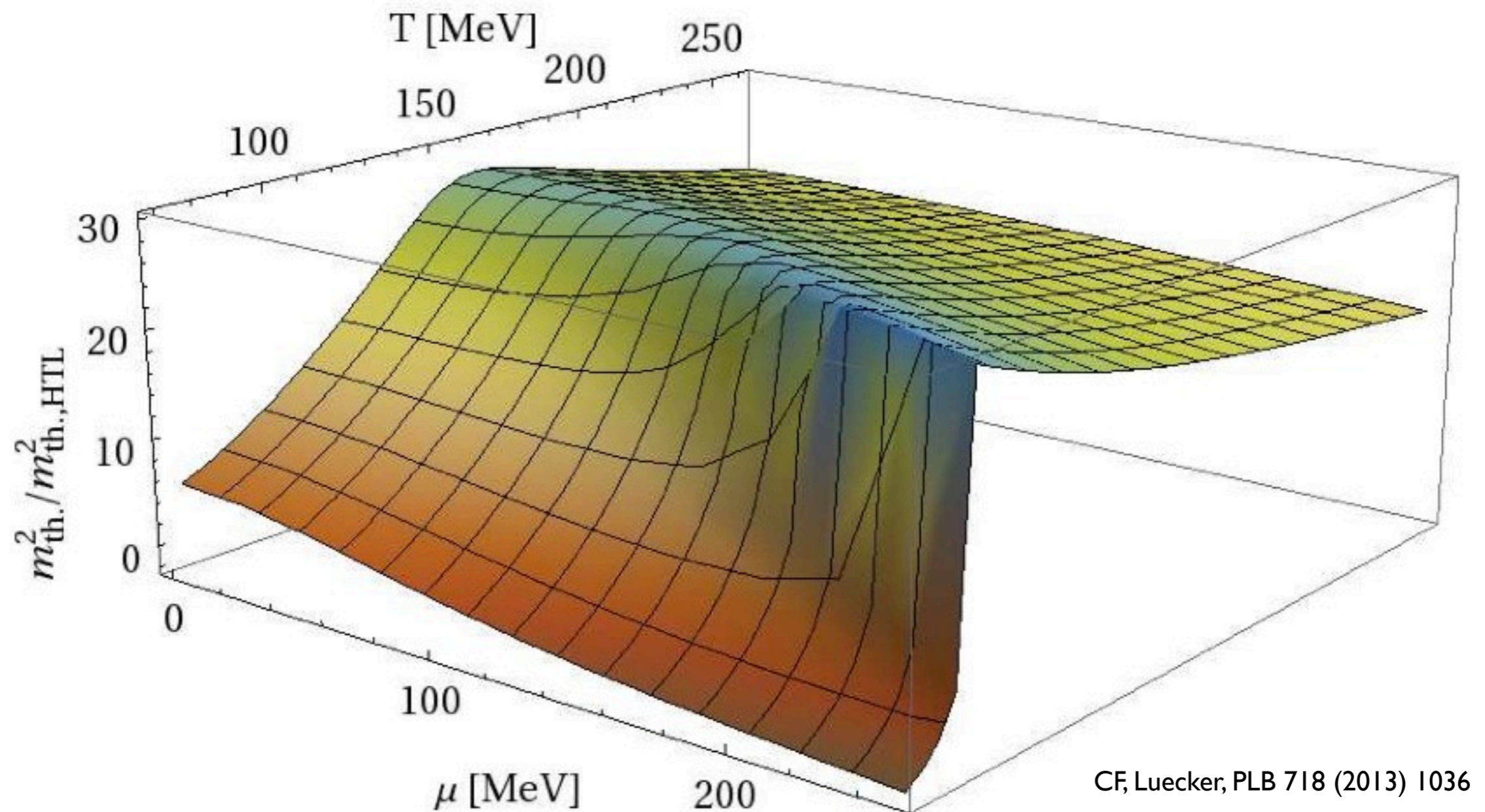
Crossover

Scheme ?
Pseudo-Goldstones ?

Lattice: Borsanyi *et al.* [Wuppertal-Budapest Collaboration], JHEP 1009(2010) 073
DSE: CF, Luecker, PLB 718 (2013) 1036

● semi-quantitative agreement

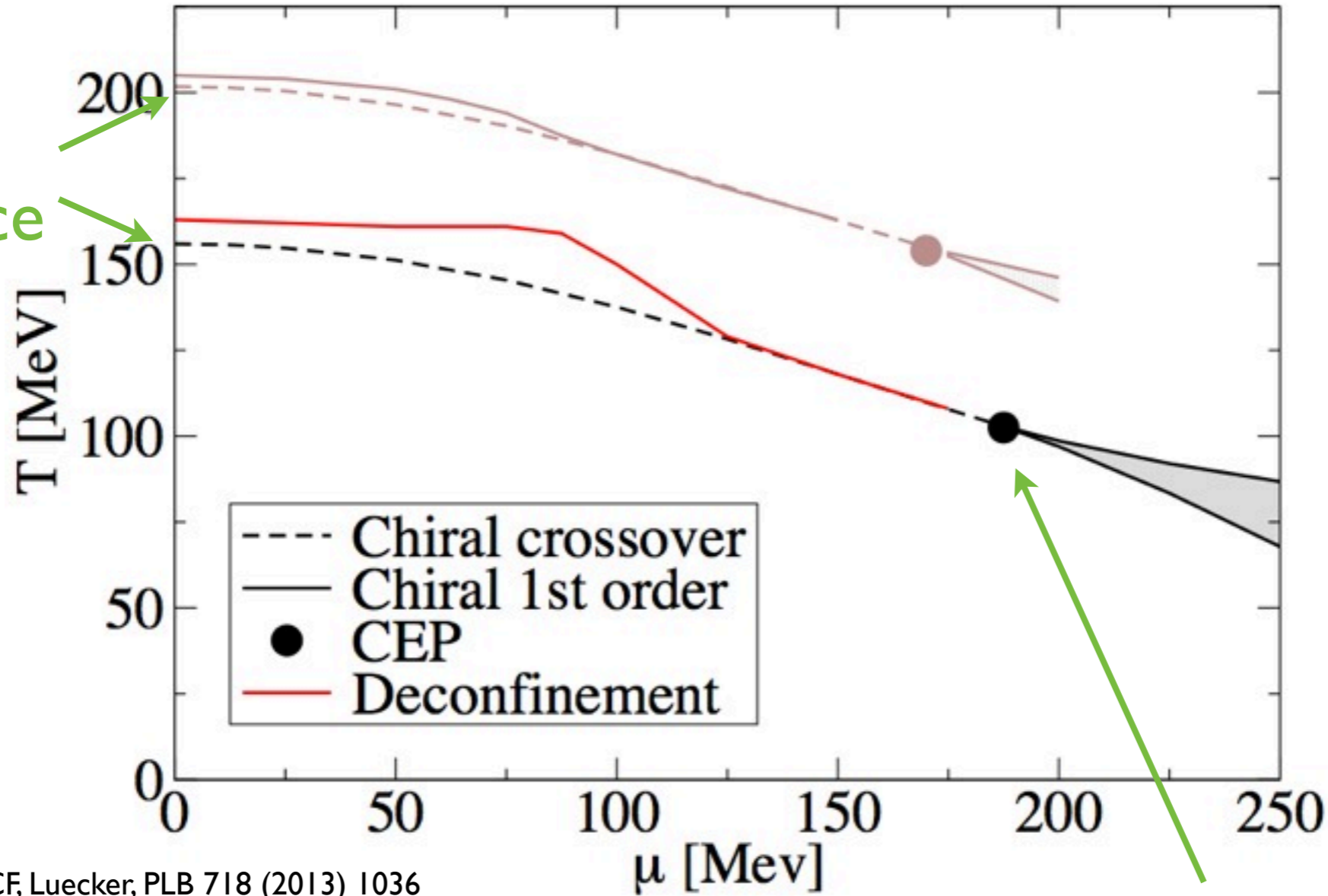
$N_f=2+1$: thermal electric gluon mass



- large temperatures: behavior as expected from HTL
- first order transition at large chemical potential

$N_f=2+1$: phase diagram

T_c agree with lattice



CEP at large μ

- no quarkyonic region
- baryon effects missing...
- curvature too large... ?!

$N_c=2$, PQM: Strodthoff, Schaefer and Smekal, PRD 85 (2012) 074007

N_f	CEP	κ
2 (HTL)	(280,90)	0.23
2	(171,154)	0.37
2+1	(190,100)	0.28

- Gluon spectral functions at $T=0$: positivity violation
- Temperature dependent gluon propagator
 - characteristic behavior of electric gluon
 - 'melting' of magnetic gluon with temperature
- Deconfinement T_c from dressed Polyakov-loop via DSEs
- QCD with finite chemical potential (beyond mean field)
 - backreaction of quarks onto gluons important
 - $N_f=2+1$: CEP at $\mu_c/T_c > 1$