

LHC — More than  
just Discoveries

Tilman Plehn

WBF and SUSY

SUSY parameters

Markov chains

SUSY maps

# LHC — More than just Discoveries

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## Outline

Weak Boson Fusion and Supersymmetry

Supersymmetric parameter space

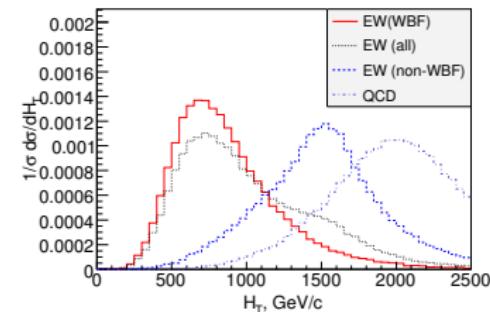
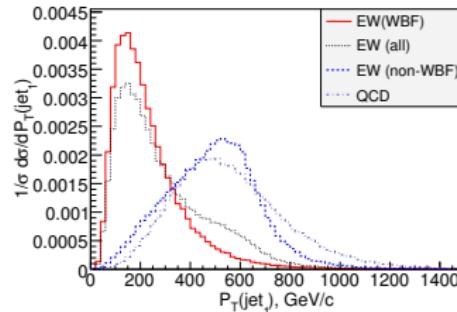
Markov chains

SUSY parameter maps

# Weak Boson Fusion and Supersymmetry

## Supersymmetry — or else...

- Majorana gluino identifiable once seen
  - Majorana neutralinos? Majorana LSP?
  - signature: like-sign charginos [Alwall, TP, Rainwater]
  - stable for simplicity — chargino kinematics not necessary [SM backgrounds]
- ⇒ (1) visible over backgrounds? [SUSY-QCD backgrounds only]  
(2) distinct WBF signal? [LHC precision physics attempt]
- ⇒ long shot, but interesting and not swamped by SUSY-QCD



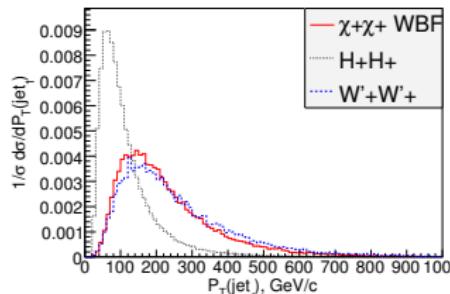
# Alternative Hypotheses

## Like-sign scalars without Majorana neutralinos

- assume stable charged Higgs (type-II two-Higgs doublet model)
- $H^+H^-$  same as simple heavy  $H^0$  [TP, Rainwater, Zeppenfeld; Hankele, Klamke, Figy]
- WBF signal: two key distributions  $\Delta\phi_{jj}, p_{T,j}$
- scalars with flat  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$ , similar to fermions
- Goldstone modes in  $W$  coupling to final-state fermions:

$$P_T(x, p_T) \sim \frac{1 + (1 - x)^2}{2x} \frac{p_T^2}{(p_T^2 + (1 - x)m_W^2)^2} \longrightarrow \frac{1 + (1 - x)^2}{2x} \frac{1}{p_T^2}$$
$$P_L(x, p_T) \sim \frac{(1 - x)^2}{x} \frac{m_W^2}{(p_T^2 + (1 - x)m_W^2)^2} \longrightarrow \frac{(1 - x)^2}{x} \frac{m_W^2}{p_T^4}$$

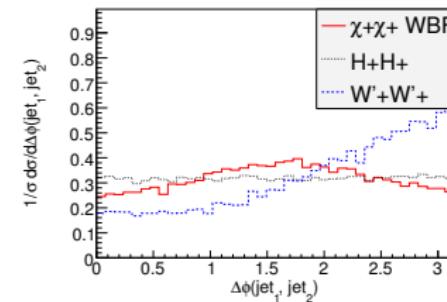
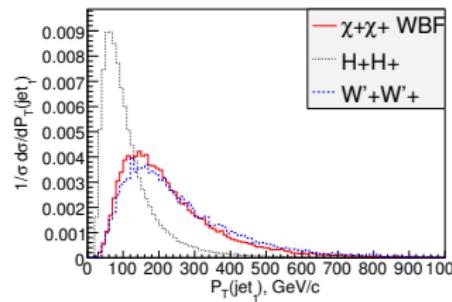
⇒ scalars identified by softer  $p_{T,j}$



# Alternative Hypotheses

## Like-sign vectors without Majorana neutralinos

- problem: define consistent hypothesis to kill
  - start with copy of SM, heavy  $W'$ ,  $Z'$ ,  $H'$ ,  $f'$
  - good news:  $H'$  necessary for unitarity, but irrelevant at LHC
  - transverse-type  $p_{T,j}$  distribution like charginos
- ⇒ vectors identified by Dirac structure's  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$



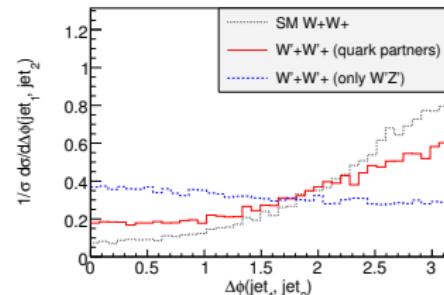
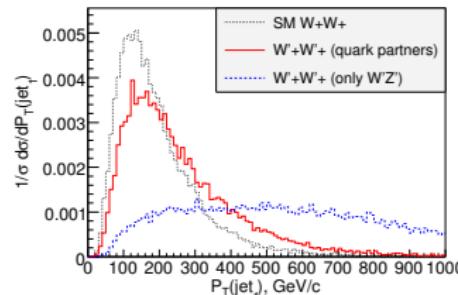
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## Role of heavy fermions

- not part of the naive set of WBF diagrams
- gauge connected for Standard Model  $WW$  production
- huge effect on transverse momentum and other scaling distributions



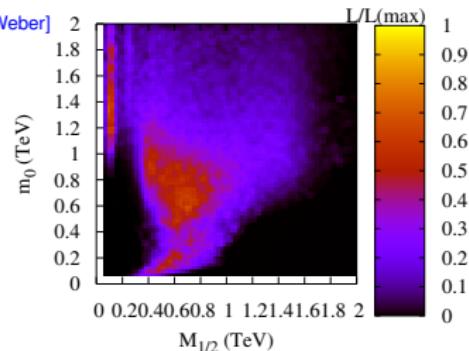
# Supersymmetric parameter space

Skipping masses and edges for today...

- parameters: weak-scale Lagrangean
- measurements: masses or edges,  
branching fractions, rates,... [SM and BSM backgrounds, QCD environment]
- errors: general correlation, statistics & systematics & theory
- problem in grid: huge phase space, no local minimum?  
problem in fit: domain walls, no global minimum?  
problem in interpretation: marginalization, secondary minima?

Ben's and Chris' weather forecasts [Allanach, Lester, Weber]

- assume it's SUGRA
- extract  $m_0, m_{1/2}, A_0, \tan \beta, \text{sign}(\mu), y_t, \dots$
- include all indirect constraints
- Bayesian probability map as of today



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Sfitter: TeV-scale MSSM

- originally purely best-fit search
  - technically painful
    - (1) grid for closed subset
    - (2) fit of other parameters
    - (3) complete fit
- ⇒ **measurements conclusive!**  
 ⇒ **secondary minima?**

	LHC	ILC	LHC+ILC	SPS1a
$\tan\beta$	$10.22 \pm 9.1$	$10.26 \pm 0.3$	$10.06 \pm 0.2$	10
$M_1$	$102.45 \pm 5.3$	$102.32 \pm 0.1$	$102.23 \pm 0.1$	102.2
$M_3$	$578.67 \pm 15$	<b>fix 500</b>	$588.05 \pm 11$	589.4
$M_{\tilde{\tau}_L}$	<b>fix 500</b>	$197.68 \pm 1.2$	$199.25 \pm 1.1$	197.8
$M_{\tilde{\tau}_R}$	$129.03 \pm 6.9$	$135.66 \pm 0.3$	$133.35 \pm 0.6$	135.5
$M_{\tilde{\mu}_L}$	$198.7 \pm 5.1$	$198.7 \pm 0.5$	$198.7 \pm 0.5$	198.7
$M_{\tilde{q}_3 L}$	$498.3 \pm 110$	$497.6 \pm 4.4$	$521.9 \pm 39$	501.3
$M_{\tilde{t}_L}$	<b>fix 500</b>	$420 \pm 2.1$	$411.73 \pm 12$	420.2
$M_{\tilde{b}_R}$	$522.26 \pm 113$	<b>fix 500</b>	$504.35 \pm 61$	525.6
$A_T$	<b>fix 0</b>	$-202.4 \pm 89.5$	$352.1 \pm 171$	-253.5
$A_t$	$-507.8 \pm 91$	$-501.95 \pm 2.7$	$-505.24 \pm 3.3$	-504.9
$A_b$	$-784.7 \pm 35603$	<b>fix 0</b>	$-977 \pm 12467$	-799.4

# Markov chains

## New physics parameter spaces [Sfitter: Lafaye, TP, Rauch, Zerwas]

- always start at exclusive likelihood map  $p(d|m)$  over  $m$
  - problem: blind directions in  $m$  [flavor physics is different]
- (1) Bayes' theorem:  $p(m|d) = p(d|m) p(m)/p(d)$  [measure theorist's prejudice  $p(m)$ ]
- (2) profile likelihood: best-fit point in blind direction [no integration, no pdf]
- ⇒ Sfitter: (1) compute map  $p(m|d)$  of parameter space  
(2) rank local maxima  
(3) do your favorite Bayesian/frequentist dance...

## Weighted Markov chains

- map (chain) based on probability of a state  
expensive energy function on sample
  - BSM physics: map  $p(m|d)$  of parameter points  
evaluate same probability from (binned) density
- ⇒ weighted Markov chains [inspired by weighted Monte Carlo]
- 
- already for mSUGRA: MCMC resolution not sufficient
- ⇒ additional likelihood hill-climber to rank maxima

# Markov chains

## New physics parameter spaces [Sfitter: Lafaye, TP, Rauch, Zerwas]

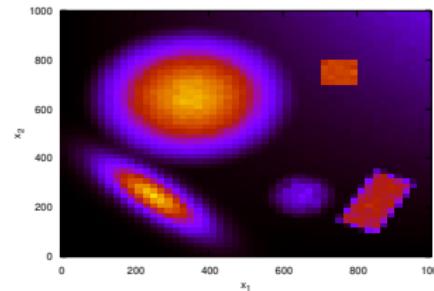
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 (2) rank local maxima  
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## Sfitter toy model

- test function  $V(\vec{x})$  in 5 dimensions [general high-dimensional extraction tool]
- Sfitter output #1: fully exclusive likelihood map [hard to plot]  
 Sfitter output #2: ranked list of local maxima

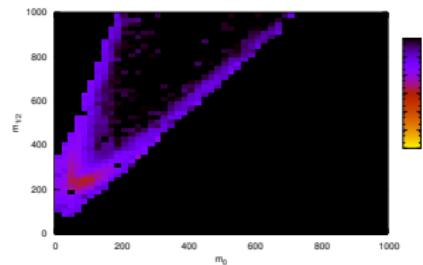


$V=74.9$	( 655	253	347	348	349 )
$V=59.9$	( 850	224	650	649	654 )
$V=58.2$	( 849	225	587	650	650 )
$V=25.1$	( 750	749	450	450	450 )
$V=16.0$	( 245	253	552	542	544 )
$V=12.1$	( 350	650	650	650	650 )
...					

# SUSY parameter maps

## mSUGRA-SPS1a map with LHC edges

- kinematic edges with free  $y_b, y_t$ , flat theory errors included
- Sfitter output #1: fully inclusive likelihood map  
Sfitter output #2: ranked list of local maxima



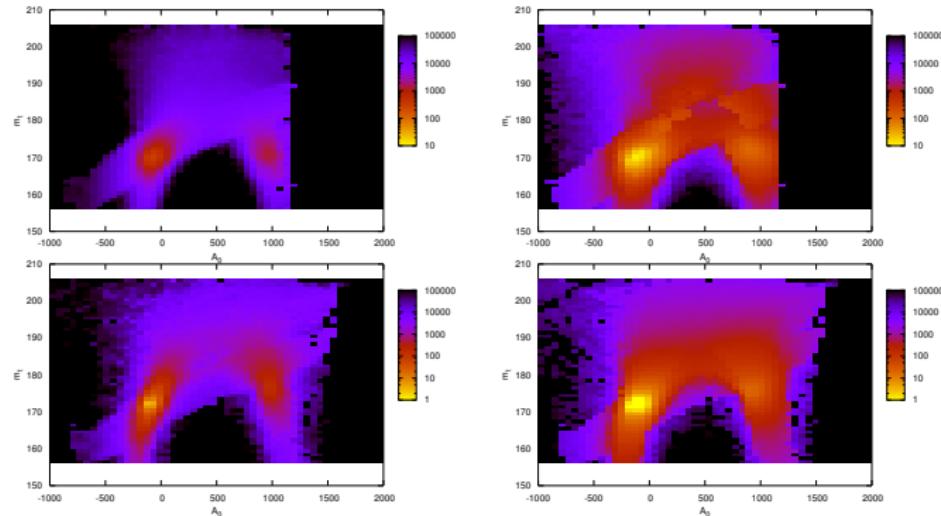
$\chi^2$	$m_0$	$m_{1/2}$	$\tan \beta$	$A_0$	$\mu$	$m_t$
0.3e-04	100.0	250.0	10.0	-99.9	+	171.4
27.42	99.7	251.6	11.7	848.9	+	181.6
54.12	107.2	243.4	13.3	-97.4	-	171.1
70.99	108.5	246.9	13.9	26.4	-	173.6
88.53	107.7	245.9	12.9	802.7	-	182.7
...						

# SUSY parameter maps

## mSUGRA-SPS1a map with LHC edges

- kinematic edges with free  $y_b, y_t$ , flat theory errors included
- strong correlation e.g. of  $A_0$  and  $y_t$  after properly including all (theory) errors
- points around maximum in  $m_0$ - $m_{1/2}$  plane

[left: Bayesian pdf; right: p-likelihood; top:  $\mu < 0$ ; bottom:  $\mu > 0$ ]

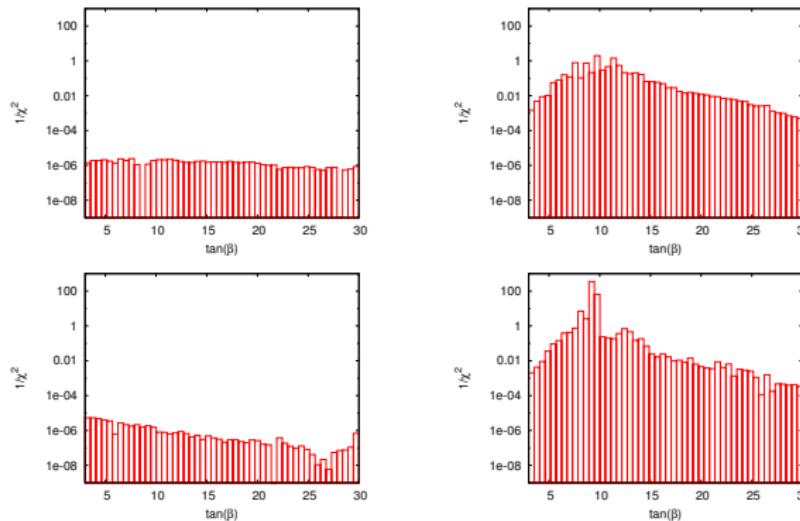


# SUSY parameter maps

## mSUGRA-SPS1a map with LHC edges

- kinematic edges with free  $y_b, y_t$ , flat theory errors included
- statistics does not make a difference to you, look at  $\tan \beta$

[top:  $\tan \beta$ ; bottom:  $B$ ; left: Bayesian pdf; right: p-likelihood]



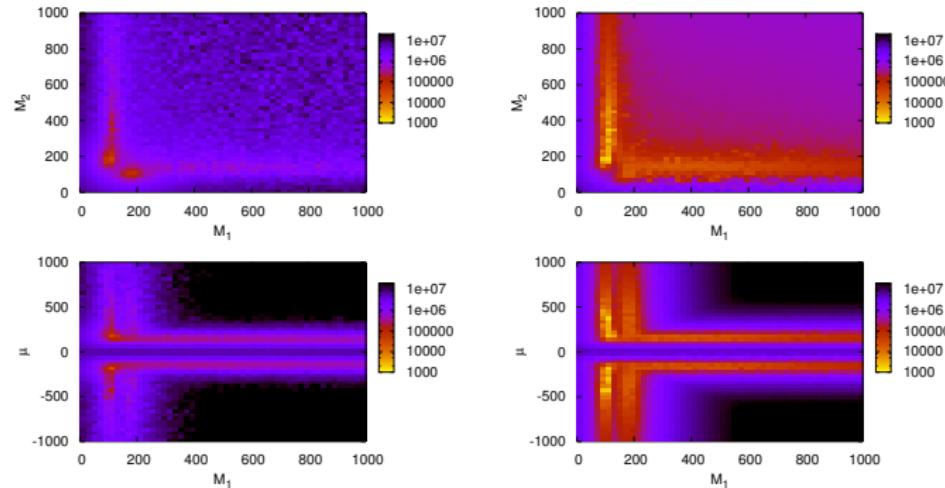
⇒ we can do mSUGRA properly, more observables via brand-new SLHA2

# SUSY parameter maps

## MSSM: the real thing

- nothing but going from 6D to 15D space  
practically: killing grids, Minuit, laptop analyses, ‘Master Code’,...
- Sfitter outputs #1 and #2 still the same [weighted Markov chain plus hill climber]
- p-likelihood or Bayesian probability maps for correlated space

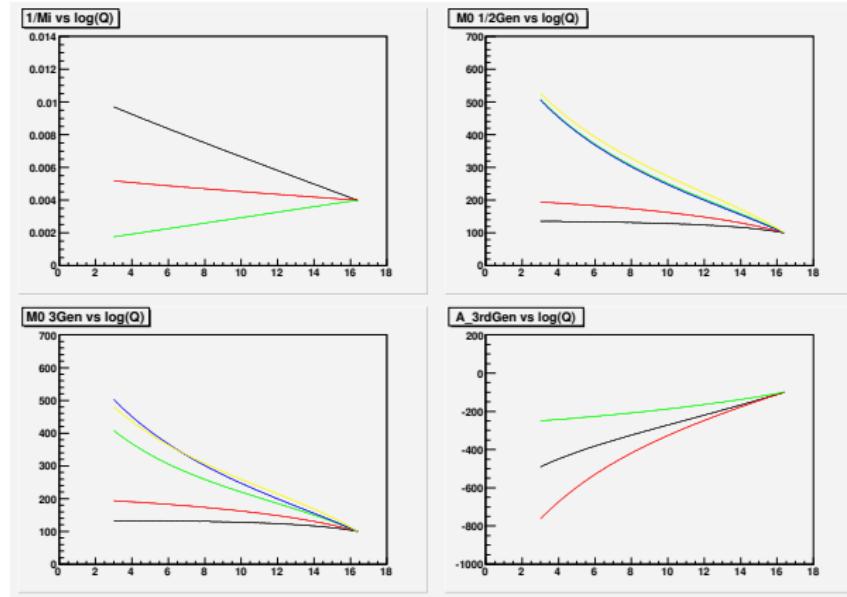
[left: Bayesian pdf; right: p-likelihood]



# SUSY parameter maps

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practically: killing grids, Minuit, laptop analyses, ‘Master Code’,...
- Sfitter outputs #1 and #2 still the same [weighted Markov chain plus hill climber]
- bottom-up running of RGE [Sfitter + Kneur]



⇒ testing models instead of believing in them

## LHC will do a great job...

- ...but you have to get things right
- LHC will find signals for TeV-scale new physics
- LHC will study exclusive signals
- LHC will provide us with mass and many other measurements
  
- we have to get the QCD part right
- we have to get the errors part right
- we have to get the statistics part right
- we have to talk to (the right) experimentalists

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**SUSY maps**