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Otalidala Model

Weak boson fusion

Top-associated

Higgs potential

riiggo potoritio

Statistics

### Phenomenology 2: Higgs Searches

Tilman Plehn

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RAL School, Oxford, 9/2007

# Outline

Standard-Model Higgs Sector

Weak boson fusion

Top-Higgs production

Higgs couplings

Higgs potential and self coupling

Spin and CP

Modern statistics

Standard Model Weak boson fusion

### Standard-Model Higgs sector: 1

#### Theory of W, Z bosons

- start with SU(2) gauge theory [like QED with massless W, Z]
- include measured masses  $\mathcal{L} \sim -m_{W,Z} A_{\mu} A^{\mu}$
- ⇒ not gauge invariant, not renormalizable, so not pretty, but try...

#### Unitarity and Higgs scalar

- test theory in WW → WW scattering
  - $ightarrow \mathcal{A} \propto G_F E^2$  like Fermi's theory, not unitary above 1.2 TeV [barely LHC energy]
  - → postulate additional scalar Higgs boson to conserve unitarity
  - $\rightarrow$  fixed coupling  $g_{WWH} \propto m_W$
- add fermions and test  $WW \rightarrow f\bar{f}$ 
  - $\rightarrow$  fixed coupling  $g_{ffH} \propto m_f/m_W$
- test new theory in WW → WWH
- $\rightarrow$  fixed coupling  $g_{HHH} \propto m_H^2/m_W$
- final test: WW → HHH
  - $\rightarrow$  fixed coupling  $g_{HHHH} \propto m_H^2/m_W^2$
- ⇒ Higgs couplings non-negotiable

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### Standard–Model Higgs sector: 2

#### Higgs potential

- remember Lagrangian invariant under  $SU(2) \times U(1)$
- break symmetry through vacuum: SU(2) doublet with vev
- minimize Higgs potential  $\Phi = (0, (v + H)/2)$  [v = 246 GeV known from W, Z masses]
- ⇒ first attempt: renormalizable Higgs potential [does all we want]

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{Higgs}} = |D_{\mu}\Phi|^2 - V$$

$$V = \lambda \left( |\Phi|^2 - \frac{v^2}{2} \right)^2 = -\mu^2 |\Phi|^2 + \lambda |\Phi|^4 + \mathrm{const}$$

not the whole story with new scale Λ [Standard Model as effective theory]

$$V = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda_n}{\Lambda^{2n}} \left( |\Phi|^2 - \frac{v^2}{2} \right)^{2+n}$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \Rightarrow \mbox{ gauge-invariant dimension-6 Higgs operators } \mathcal{L}'_{Higgs} = \sum f_i/\Lambda^2 \ \mathcal{O}_i \\ \\ \mathcal{O}_{kin} & = & \frac{1}{2} \partial_{\mu} (\Phi^{\dagger} \Phi) \partial^{\mu} (\Phi^{\dagger} \Phi) \\ \\ \mathcal{O}_{pot} & = & -\frac{1}{3} (\Phi^{\dagger} \Phi)^3 \end{array}$ 

⇒ Higgs self couplings reflecting Higgs potential

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#### Standard Model

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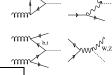
### Higgs production and decay: 1

#### Design Higgs searches for LHC

- (a) unitarity limit:  $m_H <$  1 TeV (b) electroweak precision tests:  $m_H \lesssim$  250 GeV
- production and decay of light Higgs



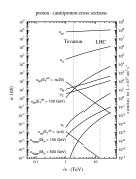




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### Backgrounds



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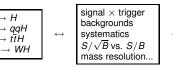
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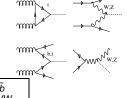
Statistics

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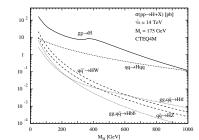
#### Design Higgs searches for LHC

- (a) unitarity limit:  $m_H < 1$  TeV (b) electroweak precision tests:  $m_H \lesssim 250$  GeV
- production and decay of light Higgs





 $\begin{array}{ll} Production \ rates & \hbox{$[[luminosity 30-300 \ fb^{-1}]$} \end{array}$ 



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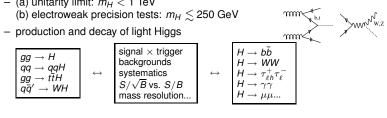
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Weak boson fusion

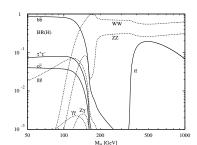
### Higgs production and decay: 1

#### Design Higgs searches for LHC

- (a) unitarity limit:  $m_H < 1$  TeV



### Branching fractions [up to 10<sup>6</sup> events]



### Higgs production and decay: 2

#### Gluon fusion

- heavy quark loop: aaH coupling
- effective operator  $\mathcal{L} \sim g_{aaH}\,H\,G^{\mu
  u}G_{\mu
  u}/\Lambda$
- without any approximation [just compute top loop]

$$\frac{g_{ggH}}{\Lambda} \sim \frac{y_t^2 \alpha_s}{4\pi M_H^3} \left[1 + (1-\tau)f(\tau)\right]$$

with 
$$\tau = \frac{4m_t^2}{M_H^2}$$
 and  $f(\tau) = \begin{cases} \left[\sin^{-1}\sqrt{1/\tau}\right]^2 & \tau > 1\\ -\frac{1}{4}\left[\log\frac{1+\sqrt{1-\tau}}{1-\sqrt{1-\tau}} - i\pi\right]^2 & \tau < 1 \end{cases}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  all we need to compute  $gg \rightarrow H$  at Tevaton/LHC

#### Effective couplings

- compute heavy-top limit:  $g_{aaH}/\Lambda \sim y_t^2 \alpha_s/m_t^3 = \alpha_s/m_t$
- attach more gluons: gggH, ggggH [QCD gauge invariance]
- attach more Higgs bosons [low-energy theorems]

link leading 
$$g_{ggH^n}$$
 to gluon self energy:  $F T_{\mu
u}$ 

$$F_{(n+1)H} = m_t^2 \partial (F_{nH}/m_t)/\partial m_t$$
 or  $F_{ggH} = -F_{ggHHH} = F_{ggHHH} = \frac{2}{3} + \mathcal{O}(m_H^2/m_t^2)$ 

### Higgs production and decay: 3

#### Some numbers behind it

- gluon-fusion production and  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\mu$  no-brainer ['golden channel' above 140 GeV, mass resolution excellent]
- H → WW only slightly harder, but no mass peak

[above 150 GeV, angular correlation, off-shell still not clear]

- 6 million light Higgses in gluon fusion:  $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ [mass resolution  $\Delta m_{\mu}/m_{\mu} \sim \Gamma/\sqrt{S} < 0.5\%$ ]
- backgrounds smaller in WW fusion: qq → qqH → qqWW [works off-shell down to  $m_H < 120 \text{ GeV}$ ]
- light Higgs:  $qq \rightarrow qqH \rightarrow qq\tau\tau$  [my favorite; will discuss later]
- more challenging channels:  $qq \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$  [also later]

$$aa \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow t\bar{t}WW$$
 [likely to work]

$$gg 
ightarrow t ar{t} H 
ightarrow t ar{t} au au$$
 [yet unclear]

$$qar q' o WH o Wbar b$$
 [killer QCD backgrounds]

$$qq o qqH o qqbar{b}$$
 [no ATLAS trigger]

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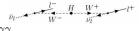
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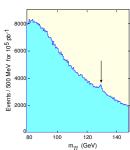
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 $H_{SM} \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ 

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### Higgs production and decay: 3

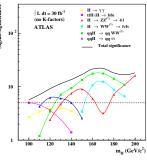
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Weak boson fusion

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### Weak boson fusion: 1

Signal:  $pp \rightarrow qqH, \ H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}4\nu$ 

- $\tau \rightarrow \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell} \nu_{\tau}$  not reconstructable
- $\,\tau$  from Higgs decay strongly boosted

[lepton  $(\vec{k})$  and  $\tau$   $(\vec{p})$  approximately collinear: momentum fraction x]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 solve eqs:  $\vec{k}_{T,1}/x_1 + \vec{k}_{T,2}/x_2 = \vec{p}_{T,1} + \vec{p}_{T,2} = \vec{k}_{T,1} + \vec{k}_{T,2} + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
 solve for  $x_1, x_2$  and obtain  $m_{\tau\tau}^{\rm coll} \sim 2(k_1 \cdot k_2)/(x_1 x_2)$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  mass measurement  $\Delta m_H/m_H \sim$  15 GeV/ $\sqrt{S} \sim$  5 GeV

two hard, isolated leptons missing transverse momentum two forward tagging jets 90 GeV<  $m_{\tau\tau}^{\rm coll}$  <160 GeV

### Weak boson fusion: 1

Signal:  $pp \rightarrow qqH$ ,  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e^{\pm}u^{\mp}4\nu$ 

- $-\tau \rightarrow \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell} \nu_{\tau}$  not reconstructable
- $-\tau$  from Higgs decay strongly boosted

[lepton  $(\vec{k})$  and  $\tau$   $(\vec{p})$  approximately collinear: momentum fraction x]

- $\Rightarrow$  solve eqs:  $\vec{k}_{T,1}/x_1 + \vec{k}_{T,2}/x_2 = \vec{p}_{T,1} + \vec{p}_{T,2} = \vec{k}_{T,1} + \vec{k}_{T,2} + \vec{p}_{T}^{\text{miss}}$
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- $\Rightarrow$  mass measurement  $\Delta m_H/m_H \sim 15 \text{ GeV}/\sqrt{S} \sim 5 \text{ GeV}$

#### After acceptance cuts

2.2 fb signal 
$$pp \rightarrow H_{SM} + jj$$
 [ $m_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$ ]

1230 fb 
$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} + jets$$
 [tagging jet either  $t \rightarrow bW$  or additional jet]

1050 fb 
$$pp \rightarrow b\bar{b} + jj$$
 [with  $b \rightarrow \ell \nu c$ ]

4.9 fb 
$$pp \rightarrow W^+W^- + jj \text{ (QCD)} \text{ [with } W \rightarrow \ell \nu \text{]}$$

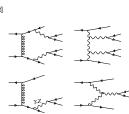
3.3 fb 
$$pp \to W^+W^- + jj$$
 (EW)

57 fb 
$$pp \rightarrow \tau\tau + ii$$
 (QCD)

2.3 fb 
$$pp \rightarrow \tau \tau + jj$$
 (EW)

2.3 fb 
$$pp \rightarrow \tau\tau + jj$$
 (EW)  
 $pp \rightarrow H_{SM} + jj \rightarrow W^+W^- + jj$ 

two hard, isolated leptons missing transverse momentum two forward tagging jets 90 GeV  $< m_{\tau\tau}^{\rm coll} < 160$  GeV



Statistic

#### Weak boson fusion: 1

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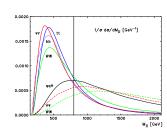
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- $\Rightarrow$  solve eqs:  $\vec{k}_{T,1}/x_1 + \vec{k}_{T,2}/x_2 = \vec{p}_{T,1} + \vec{p}_{T,2} = \vec{k}_{T,1} + \vec{k}_{T,2} + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}$
- $\Rightarrow$  solve for  $x_1, x_2$  and obtain  $m_{\tau\tau}^{\rm coll} \sim 2(k_1 \cdot k_2)/(x_1 x_2)$
- $\Rightarrow$  mass measurement  $\Delta m_H/m_H \sim 15~\text{GeV}/\sqrt{S} \sim 5~\text{GeV}$

### Background suppression cuts

- veto central  $ho_{T_b} > 20~{
  m GeV}~_{[tar{t}+{
  m jets}~{
  m down}~{
  m to}~72~{
  m fb}]}$
- $p_T^{
  m miss} >$  30 GeV [soft  $bar{b}$ jj gone]
- $-~m_{jj} > 800~{
  m GeV}~$  [anti-QCD: gluons with low  $m_{jj}$ ]
- non-τ rejection [anti-W]
- $\Rightarrow$  S/B up to 1/1 for  $m_H = 120 \pm 10$  GeV

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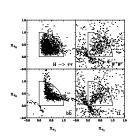
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### Weak boson fusion: 2

#### Anti-QCD: central mini-jet veto

- additional jet emission cross section large (e.g.  $t\bar{t}, t\bar{t}j, t\bar{t}jj$ )

$$\sigma_2 \lesssim \sigma_3 \equiv \int_{
ho_T^{
m min}}^{\infty} d\sigma_3 \qquad ext{for} \quad 
ho_T^{
m min} \sim ext{10 GeV (WBF)} \ 
ho_T^{
m min} \sim ext{40 GeV (QCD)}$$

- veto  $p_{T_i} >$  20 GeV and  $\eta_i^{\min} < \eta_j < \eta_i^{\max}$  to suppress QCD
- probability like Sudakov: additional jet with  $p_{\text{jet}}$  [initial state radiation,  $p_T^{\text{min}} = 20 \text{ GeV}$ ]

$$p_{\text{jet}} = \frac{\sigma_3^{\text{reg}}}{\sigma_2^{\text{reg}}} = \frac{\sigma_{n+1}^{\text{reg}}}{\sigma_n^{\text{reg}}} \qquad f(n; p_{\text{jet}}) = \frac{p_{\text{jet}}^n e^{-p_{\text{jet}}}}{n!} \qquad f(n \neq 0; p_{\text{jet}}) = 1 - e^{-p_{\text{jet}}}$$

veto probabilities 0.88 (signal) and 0.85...0.24 (backgrounds)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 S/B=2.8/1 for  $m_H=120\pm10~{\rm GeV}$ 

#### Both au au channels with safe margins [Standard Model with 60fb $^{-1}$ ]

M <sub>H</sub> [GeV]	100	110	120	130	140	150
$\epsilon \cdot \sigma_{sig}$ (fb)	0.62	0.58	0.50	0.37	0.23	0.11
S	37.4	35.0	30.0	22.3	13.7	6.5
В	67.5	27.0	10.8	6.7	5.7	5.3
S/B	0.6	1.3	2.8	3.3	2.4	1.2
$\sigma_{Gauss}$ (dual leptonic)	4.2	5.7	6.9	6.2	4.4	2.3
$\sigma_{Gauss}$ (lepton-hadron)		5.7	7.4	6.3	4.7	2.6

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## Weak boson fusion: 2

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$$\sigma_2 \lesssim \sigma_3 \equiv \int_{
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ho_T^{
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$$\Rightarrow$$
 S/B=2.8/1 for  $m_H=120\pm10$  GeV

#### General features of WBF production

- cross section  $10 \cdots 3$  pb for  $m_H < 200$  GeV

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $(H \to \gamma \gamma)$ @50 fb<sup>-1</sup> for  $m_H = 110 \cdots 145$  GeV [ $\gamma \gamma$  mass resolution]  $(H \to \tau \tau)$ @60 fb<sup>-1</sup> for  $m_H = 100 \cdots 140$  GeV [lepton-hadron and dual lepton]  $(H \to WW)$ @5 fb<sup>-1</sup> for  $m_H = 140 \cdots 200$  GeV even invisible higgs decay observable!

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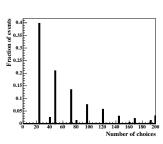
### Top-Higgs production

### Decay $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ for a light Higgs?

- what about the 90% of Higgses decaying to  $b\bar{b}$ ?
- gluon-fusion: killed by QCD background
- WBF fusion: no trigger, killed by QCD backgrounds
- WH production: killed by low rate and NLO background
- $-\sigma(t\bar{t}H)\sim 100 \text{ fb}$

### $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ for a light Higgs [Atlas study, CMS-TDR even worse]

- trigger: one  $t \to bW^+ \to b\ell^+\nu$
- reconstruction and rate: one  $t \rightarrow bW^+ \rightarrow bjj$
- continuum background  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ ,  $t\bar{t}jj$  [weighted by b-tag]
- reconstruct  $m_H$  in  $pp \rightarrow 4b_{tag}$  2 $j \ell \nu$
- ⇒ higher lumi means poorer b-tag, no-win
- ⇒ likely to be 'challenging'



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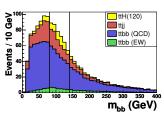
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- gluon-fusion: killed by QCD background
- WBF fusion: no trigger, killed by QCD backgrounds
- WH production: killed by low rate and NLO background
- $-\sigma(t\bar{t}H)\sim$  100 fb

### $t\bar{t}H,H o bar{b}$ for a light Higgs [Atlas study, CMS-TDR even worse]

- trigger: one  $t \to bW^+ \to b\ell^+\nu$
- − reconstruction and rate: one  $t \rightarrow bW^+ \rightarrow bjj$
- continuum background  $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ ,  $t\bar{t}jj$  [weighted by b-tag]
- reconstruct  $m_H$  in  $pp \rightarrow 4b_{tag}$  2j  $\ell\nu$
- ⇒ higher lumi means poorer b-tag, no-win
- ⇒ likely to be 'challenging'



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Weak boson fusion

#### Top-associated

Higgs potential

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CP properties

Statistic

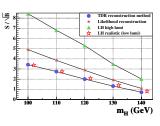
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Standard Model

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### Higgs couplings

#### Coupling extraction at the LHC

- motivation: e.g. little Higgs axions vs. radion vs. Higgs?
- measurements:  $gg: H \rightarrow ZZ, WW, \gamma\gamma$

 $VV: H \rightarrow ZZ, WW, \gamma\gamma, \tau\tau$  $t\bar{t}H: H \rightarrow WW, b\bar{b}...$ 

 $ttH: H \rightarrow WW, bb...$ 

- ightarrow light Higgs: 8 good  $\sigma \cdot BR$  plus  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
- extract: couplings to  $W, Z, t, b, \tau, g, \gamma$ , invisible
  - $\rightarrow$  most complete: 8 parameters [plus Higgs mass]
- trick: cancel uncertainties

 $(WBF: H \rightarrow WW)/(WBF: H \rightarrow \tau\tau)$  $(WBF: H \rightarrow WW)/(gg: H \rightarrow WW)...$ 

- goals: Higgs vs. scalars? SM vs MSSM? doublet vs. general Higgs?
- $\Rightarrow$  unwanted assumption:  $g_{WWH} \leftrightarrow g_{ZZH}$  via SU(2) unwanted assumption:  $g_{bbH} \leftrightarrow g_{\tau\tau H}$  via down-type Yukawa

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Higgs couplings

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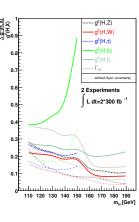
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  - → most complete: 8 parameters [plus Higgs mass]

#### Include total width

- on-shell degeneracy:  $\sigma BR \propto (g_p^2/\sqrt{\Gamma_H}) (g_d^2/\sqrt{\Gamma_H})$ [from (WBF:  $WW/\tau\tau$ ) measure  $q_{WWH}/q_{\pi\pi H}$ ]
- additional constraint:  $\sum \Gamma_i(g^2) < \Gamma_H \Rightarrow \Gamma_H|_{min}$
- $WW \rightarrow WW$  unitarity:  $g_{WWH} \leq g_{WWH}^{SM} \Rightarrow \Gamma_H|_{max}$
- ⇒ couplings and width extraction great but hard



Higgs couplings

Higgs potential

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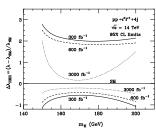
### Higgs potential and self coupling

#### Higgs self coupling

- scalar with Yukawa couplings to fermions, so what?
- renormalizable SM potential:  $\mu^2=-\lambda v^2$  with  $\lambda=m_H^2/(2v^2)$  and self couplings  $\lambda_{3H}/\lambda_{4H}=v$
- MSSM:  $\lambda_{3h}/\lambda_{4h} = v \sin(\beta + \alpha)/\cos 2\alpha$
- D6 operator:  $\mu^2/v^2=-\lambda_0+3\lambda_1v^2/(4\Lambda^2)$  and  $\lambda=\lambda_0-3\lambda_1v^2/(2\Lambda^2)$ .

### Higgs pair production

- $HH \rightarrow 4W$ : serious detector simulation needed, not hopeless [use observable  $m_{Vis}$  to determine  $\lambda_{HHH}$ , need NLO  $\sigma(t\bar{t})$ ]
- $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$ : miracle required
- $HH \rightarrow 4b$ : several major miracles mandatory
- $HH o bar{b}\mu\mu$ : small miracle would be helpful [might come out of  $\mu\mu$  mass resolution]
- $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ : some enhancement needed
- ⇒ serious challenge to detectors and machine



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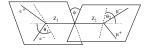
Statistics

### Spin and CP

#### Higgs Spin

- spin-1/2 not coupling to WW,gg; no production
- spin-1 not coupling to  $\gamma\gamma$  on mass shell [Landau–Yang theorem for spin-1 bosons]
- threshold behavior in  $H \rightarrow ZZ$  for  $m_H \sim 155 \text{ GeV}$
- $\Rightarrow$  spin-0 fairly obvious

### Scalar or pseudoscalar?



- pseudoscalar couplings  $g_{HVV}/\Lambda \sim \epsilon^{\mu 
  u 
  ho \sigma} p_{
  ho} p_{\sigma}' \Lambda$
- decay–plane angle

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\phi} \propto 1 + a\cos\phi + b\cos(2\phi)$$
  $a_{-1} = 0$   $b_{-1} = \frac{1}{4}$   $a_{+1}(m_H) > \frac{1}{4}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  easy with  $H \rightarrow ZZ$ 

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CP properties

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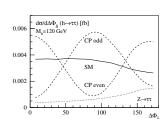
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  $b_{-1} =$ 

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#### Coupling structures

- same azimuthal angle between jets in WBF
- distinguish:  $g_{\mu\nu}$ , CP-even  $T_{\mu\nu}$ , CP-odd
- ⇒ independent of decay



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Higgs potential

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CP properties

Statistics

#### Modern statistics

#### Statistics: Neyman-Pearson lemma

- assume correct hypothsis m<sub>1</sub>: Higgs signal assume wrong hypothsis m<sub>2</sub>: SM background
- $-\ \ likelihood\ ratio\ p(d|m_1)/p(d|m_2)\ most\ powerful\ estimator$  [lowest probability to mistake right for fluctuation of wrong ( type-II error)]
- probability of event  $p(d|m) \sim |\mathcal{M}|^2$
- combined likelihood ratios of events → PS integral over likelihood ratio
- ⇒ Compute maximum statistical significance

#### Matrix element method

- compute likelihood of top events estimating  $|\mathcal{M}|^2$
- maximize probability  $p(d|SM, m_t)$  as function of  $m_t$ ...

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#### Maximum significance for LHC signals

- example: Poisson statistics  $[p(n|s+b) = e^{-(s+b)} (s+b)^n/n!]$ 

$$q = \log \frac{p(n|s+b)}{p(n|b)} = -s + n \log \left(1 + \frac{s}{b}\right) \longrightarrow -\sum_{j} s_{j} + \sum_{j} n_{j} \log \left(1 + \frac{s_{j}}{b_{j}}\right)$$

– phase space integration of  $s,b o p(s,b) \sim |\mathcal{M}_{s,b}|^2$  [LEP-Higgs inspired]

$$q(\vec{r}) = -\sigma_{s}\mathcal{L} + \log\left(1 + \frac{|\mathcal{M}_{s}(\vec{r})|^{2}}{|\mathcal{M}_{b}(\vec{r})|^{2}}\right)$$

- probability distribution function via Fourier transform:  $\rho_{s,b}(q)$
- $\rightarrow$  compute  $CL_b(q) = \int_q^{\infty} dq' \rho_b(q')$  [5 $\sigma$  is  $CL_b = 2.85 \cdot 10^{-7}$ ]

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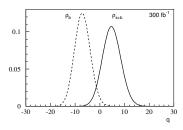
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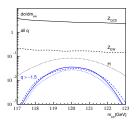
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Statistics

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#### Semi-realistic results

- irreducible & unsmeared

$$\sigma_{
m tot} = \int dPS \; M_{PS} \; d\sigma_{PS} = \int d\vec{r} \; M(\vec{r}) \; d\sigma(\vec{r})$$

- smearing  $\Delta m_{\mu\mu}^{
m width} \ll \Delta m_{\mu\mu}^{
m meas}$ 

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \int d\vec{r}_{\perp} dr_{m}^{*} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dr_{m} M(\vec{r}) d\sigma(\vec{r}) W(r_{m}, r_{m}^{*})$$

- acceptance cuts to reduce phase space...
- $\Rightarrow$  WBF  $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ : 3.5 $\sigma$  in 300 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- ⇒ Tool works, waiting for applications

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Higgs potential

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Statistics

#### Outlook

#### Standard-Model Higgs at the LHC

- we will find it in more than one channel for all  $m_H$
- we will measure many properties more or less well:

set of couplings and width

self coupling (only  $\lambda_{HHH}$ )

CP properties and WWH coupling structure

invisible decays

Higgs to muons (2nd generation Yukawa)

former stealth models...

- hardly anything still correct in Higgs chapter of Atlas TDR
- ⇒ for WBF we need to understand central jet veto [or give up and measure it]
- ⇒ for some measurements we need NLO backgrounds
- $\Rightarrow$  it is a disgrace that we will miss  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
- ⇒ higher-dimensional operators mandatory [little done yet]

#### Phenomenology 2: Higgs Searches Tilman Plehn Standard Model Weak boson fusion

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Higgs potential
CP properties

Statistics